



Unlocking the potential of Māori land: A kaupapa Māori approach to using and developing integrated knowledge, models and tools

MPI Link seminar, Wellington, Thursday 4th May, 2017

Garth Harmsworth

(Te Arawa, Ngāti Tūwharetoa, Ngāti Raukawa)

Landcare Research, Private Bag 11-052

Palmerston North,

HarmsworthG@LandcareResearch.co.nz

*“Ko ngā mana ko ngā mauri o te whenua kei i raro
iho i ngā tikanga a o tatou tupuna”*

The prestige and life force of the land is enhanced
beneath the mantle of our ancestral traditions

“Whatungarongaro te tangata, toitū te whenua”
People come and go, but the land endures



Treaty of Waitangi

Article the second: Queen of England confirms and guarantees to the Chiefs and Tribes of New Zealand and to the respective families and individuals thereof

“the full exclusive and undisturbed possession of their Lands and Estates, Forests, Fisheries, and other properties which they may collectively or individually possess so long as it is their wish and desire to retain the same in their possession”

The notion of how central land and soil was, and still is to Māori, described superbly by Asher and Naulls:
“To the early Māori, land was everything. Bound up with it was survival, politics, myth, and religion. It was not part of life, but life itself”.

Asher G; Naulls D, 1987: Maori Land. New Zealand Planning Council, Wellington.

Whenua – land

In July 1993, *Te Ture Whenua Māori Act* came into effect (now under reform/review 2016-2017). *Te Ture Whenua Māori Bill* gives Māori land owners, trustees and whānau greater decision-making powers and better support for the management of whenua Māori.

The original Act has three principle kaupapa:

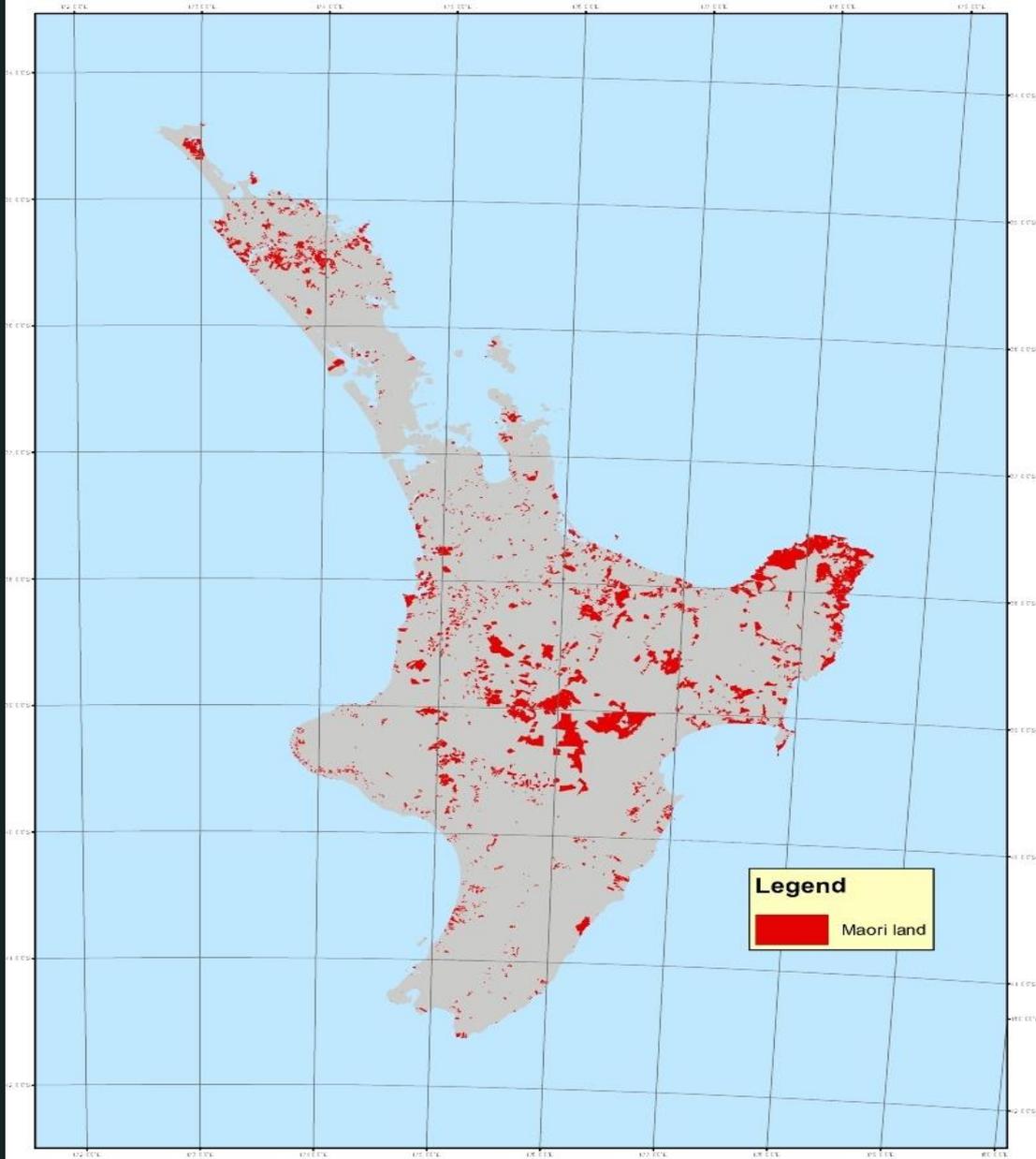
- Recognises that land is taonga tuku iho and of special importance to Māori;
- Promotes protection against alienation, retention of land in the hands of owners, their whanau and hapū;
- Facilitates the occupation, development, and utilisation of that land for the benefit of its owners and descendants.

The Act allows multiple ownership and beneficiaries of title can exercise more control over their land.

Patterns of Māori Land Ownership from 1840 to 1998 (Durie 1998, TPK GIS, LCR GIS)

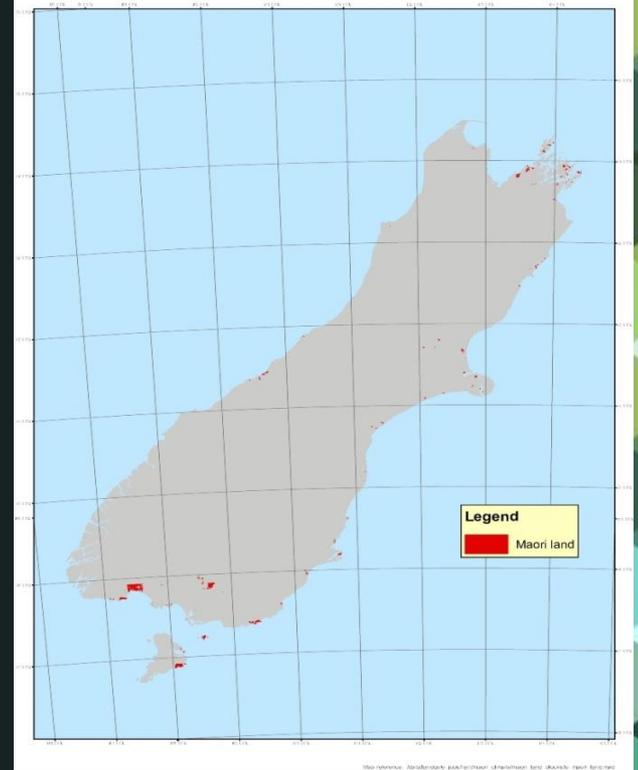
Year	Acres	Hectares
1840	66 400 000	~27 000 000
1852	34 000 000	15 300 000
1860	21 400 000	9 630 000
1891	11 079 486	4 985 000
1911	7 137 205	3 211 000
1920	4 787 686	2 154 000
1939	4 028 903	1 813 000
1975	3 000 000	1 350 000
1986	2 626 091	1 181 740
1998	3 743 689	1 515 071
2011	3 743 689	1 515 071

North Island: Maori Land Court Blocks



Map reference: \data\landcourt\maori_land_blocks\maori_land.mxd

South Island: Maori Land Court Blocks



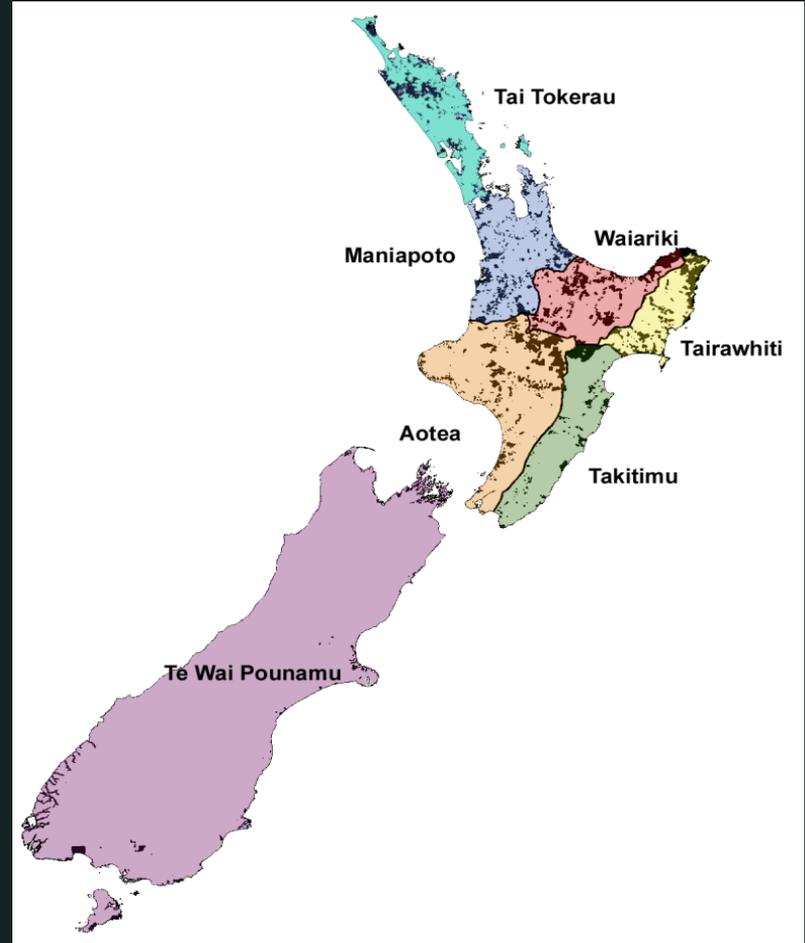
Map reference: \data\landcourt\maori_land_blocks\maori_land.mxd

Table 1 Governance structures for Māori Land (under Te Ture Whenua Act) for New Zealand (TPK 1996; Durie 1998; Landcare Research 2001)

Governance Structure	Number of Land Blocks	% Total Area
Ahu Whenua Trusts (old 438 trusts)	6303	52
Whānau Trusts	108	6
Kaitiaki Trusts	8	0.01
Whenua Topu Trusts	10	2
Putea Trusts	1	0
Incorporations	259	14
Trust Boards	106	6
No Clear Structure	16 405	15
Other	1129	2
Not Described	1307	4
Total	25 636	100

Māori Land Court Districts

- ~27, 000 Māori land block titles
- ~6 % of Total land in NZ (~1.5 million ha – TPK, Māori Land Court)
- ~50% under-utilised/under-developed
- Maori economy – (BERL) @\$37.0 – ~42 billion
- ~10% total NZ agricultural outputs ~\$1 billion and growing



Māori land – issues

- Land fragmented, many small blocks
- Multiple ownership – Issues of governance on many blocks (difficulties in planning, making decisions)
- Many absentee owners
- Many land blocks have no management
- Type and quality of land (mostly low quality and steep)
- Much land considered underdeveloped, undeveloped, or under-utilised
- Difficulties in gaining access to high quality information on Māori land
- Information often highly technical (e.g. GIS, land evaluation, soil reports) hard to understand

Drivers – the need for relevant and improved data/information/knowledge is being driven by many emerging needs and trends (incl.)

- The New Zealand and the Māori economy is growing. Māori development aspirations and needs have emerged with strong linkages to relevant sector groups, including industry and government.
- Māori have a significant asset base primarily in land based industries and agribusiness and are increasingly exploring private and crown partnerships to generate commercial and social returns.
- The Crown – Māori economic growth partnership *He Kai Kei Aku Ringa* (2012) has central goals to lift Māori land performance and productivity, and strengthen links between innovation and Māori enterprises and collectives

But there are many more drivers for data/information/knowledge:

- Māori aspirations – cultural advancement, outcomes, scenarios for the future – *often multiple domains/goals/aspirations – multiple goals (cultural, social, environmental, economic)*
- Māori land development, improved utilisation, productivity of Maori land, land use suitability, options, opportunities
- Māori issues, complexity of questions (e.g. across land, resources, water, climate change, biodiversity, social, environmental, people, cultural goals, economic)
- Natural Resource management, Decision-Making, kaitiakitanga, co-governance (iwi/hapū)
- Treaty settlements/post-Treaty settlement entities, new forms of governance
- Kaupapa Māori research, VM, innovation, creativity, mātauranga Māori, science

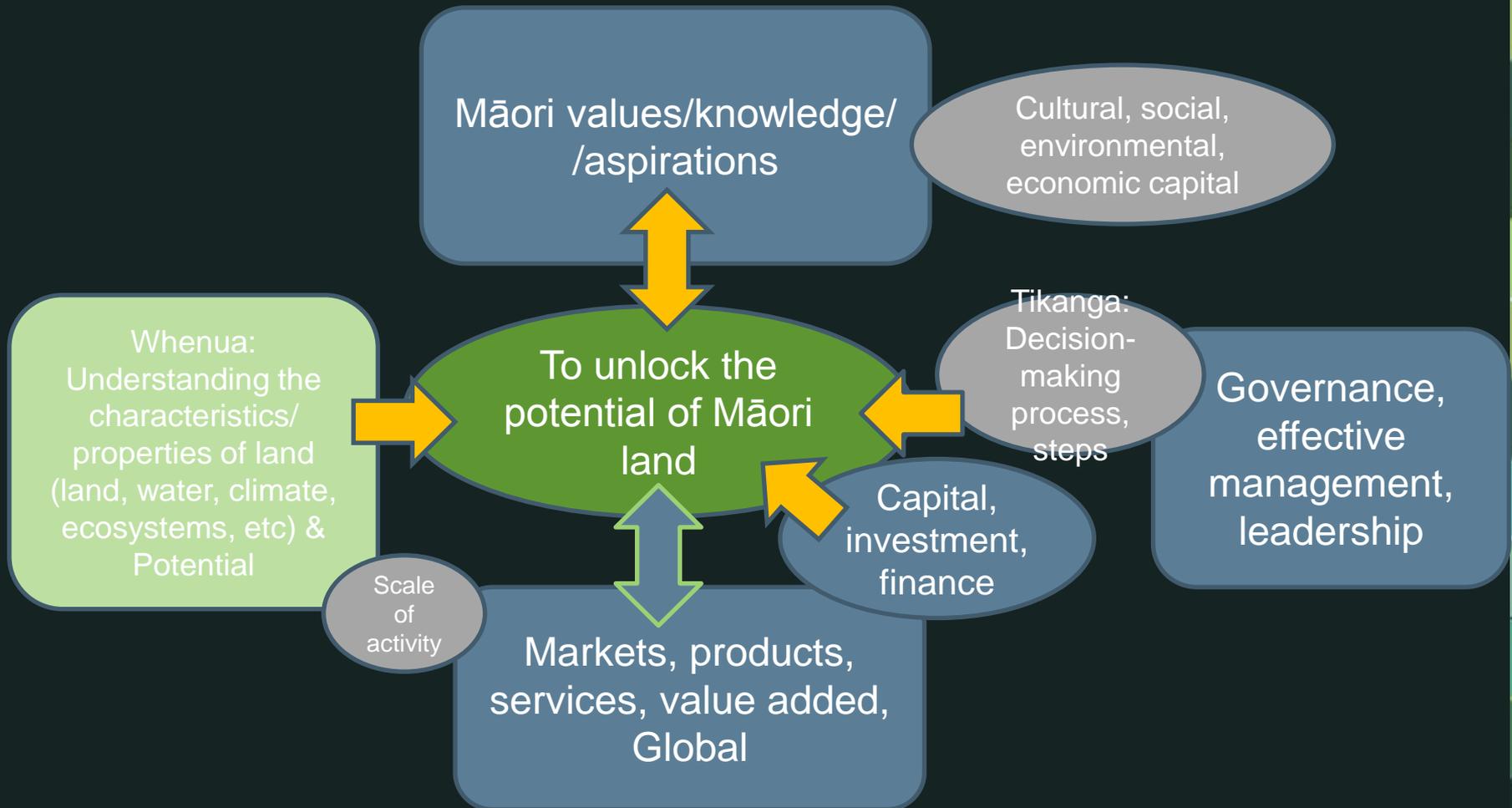
Māori values/aspirations for advancement and cultural identity

Unlocking the potential of Māori land requires and understanding of key components of Māori knowledge/values, assets/taonga, Māori governance and decision-making

Complex: Need for **integrated knowledge, models and tools**

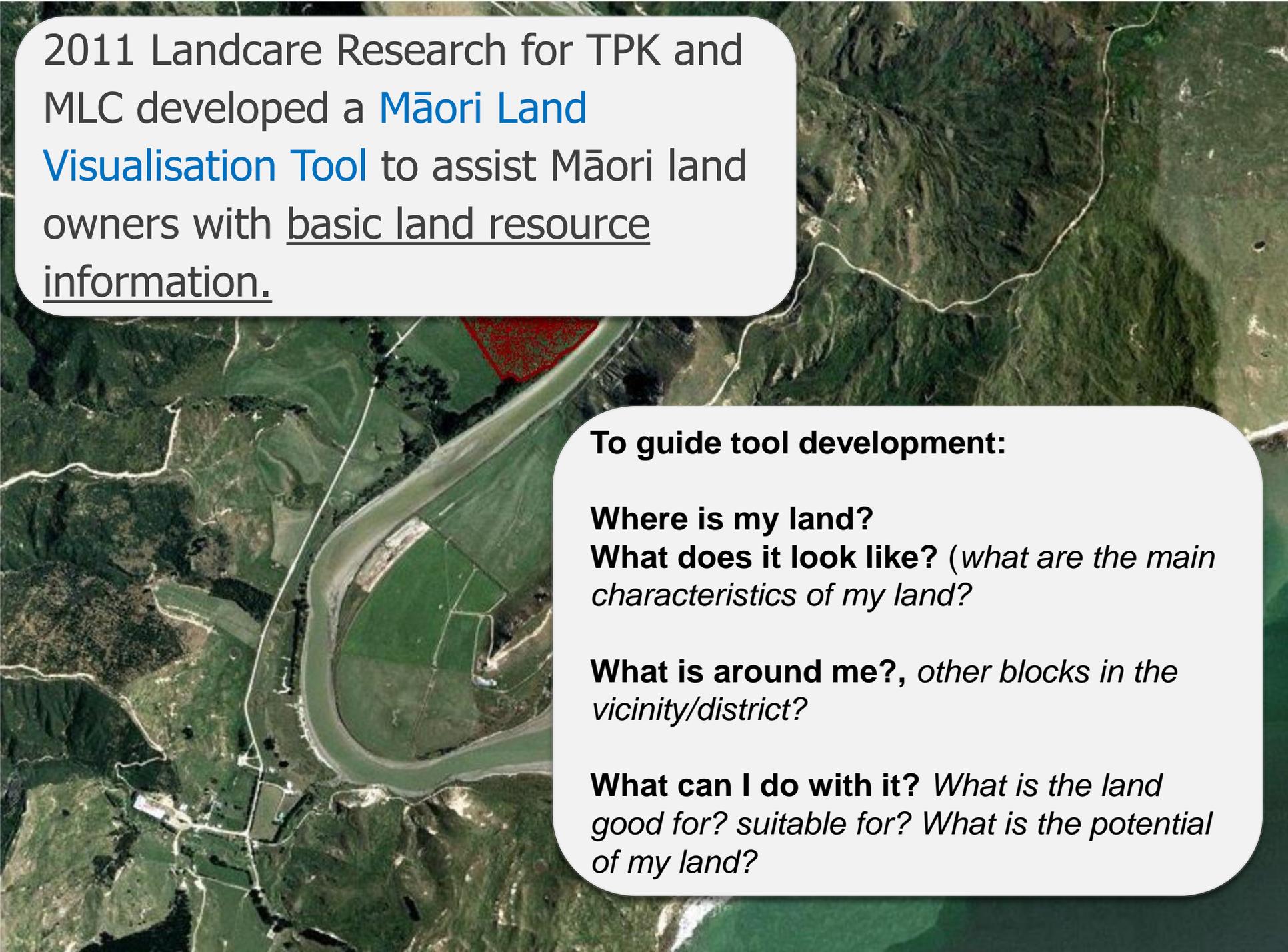
e.g., decision-support tools and models

So what's needed? (to make decisions and unlock potential)?



Stress the importance of understanding the full characteristics and properties of whenua/Māori land, and the constraints we work in, before embarking on decisions and opportunities



An aerial photograph of a river valley. A river flows through the center, surrounded by green fields and forested hills. A specific area of land is highlighted in red, indicating the focus of the research.

2011 Landcare Research for TPK and MLC developed a **Māori Land Visualisation Tool** to assist Māori land owners with basic land resource information.

To guide tool development:

Where is my land?

What does it look like? (*what are the main characteristics of my land?*)

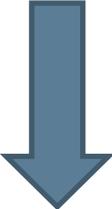
What is around me?, *other blocks in the vicinity/district?*

What can I do with it? *What is the land good for? suitable for? What is the potential of my land?*

Māori Land Visualisation Tool (MLVT)

<https://whenuaviz.landcareresearch.co.nz/>

Table 2 Increasing limitations to use and decreasing versatility of use from LUC class 1 to LUC class 8

Increasing limitations to use	LUC Class	Arable cropping suitability†	Pastoral grazing suitability	Production forestry suitability *	General suitability	Decreasing versatility of use
	1	High	High	High	Multiple use land	
	2					
	3					
	4					
	4	Low ↓	Low ↓	Low ↓	Pastoral or forestry land	
	5	Unsuitable				
	6					
	7					
8	Unsuitable	Unsuitable	Protection or Conservation land			

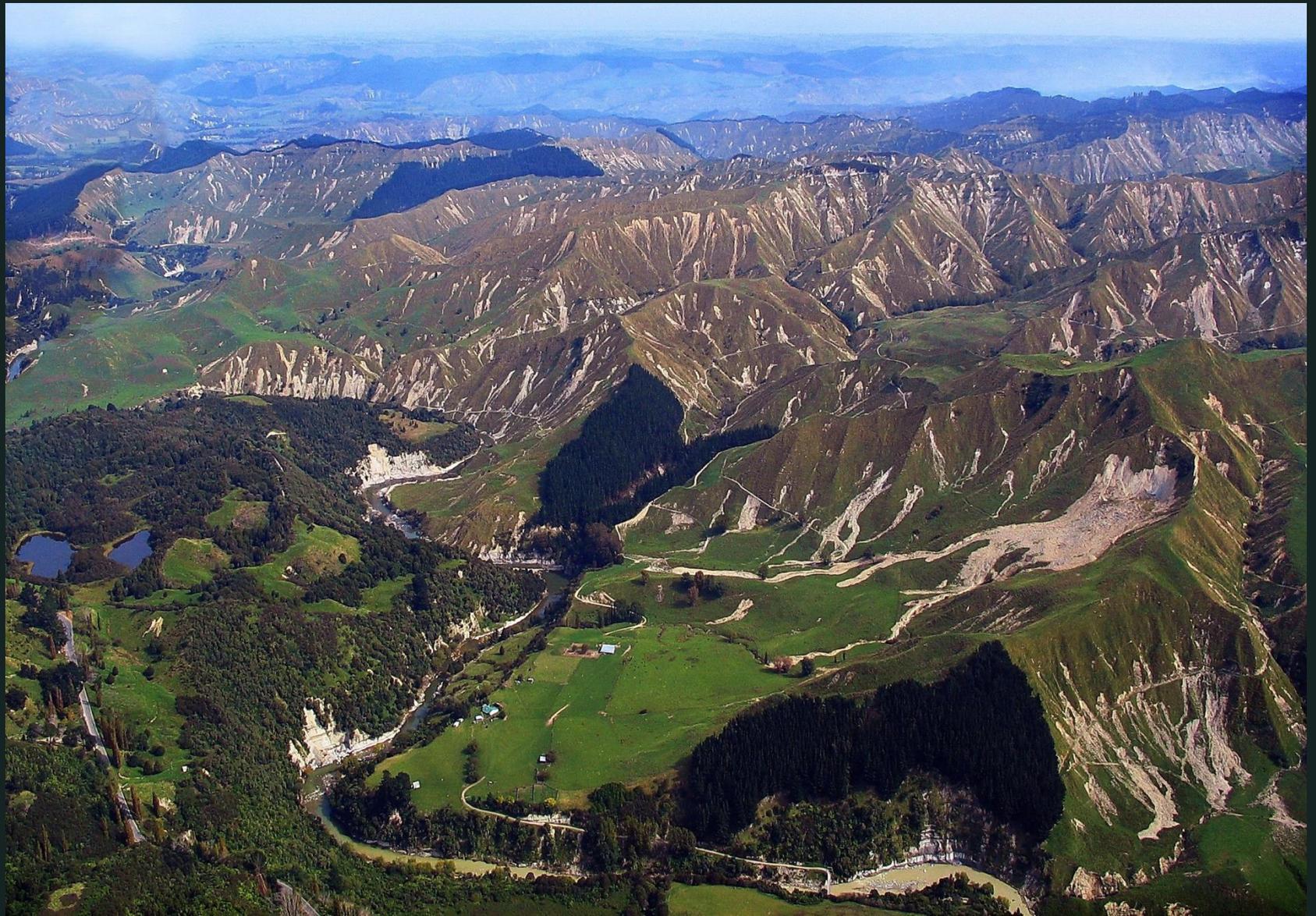














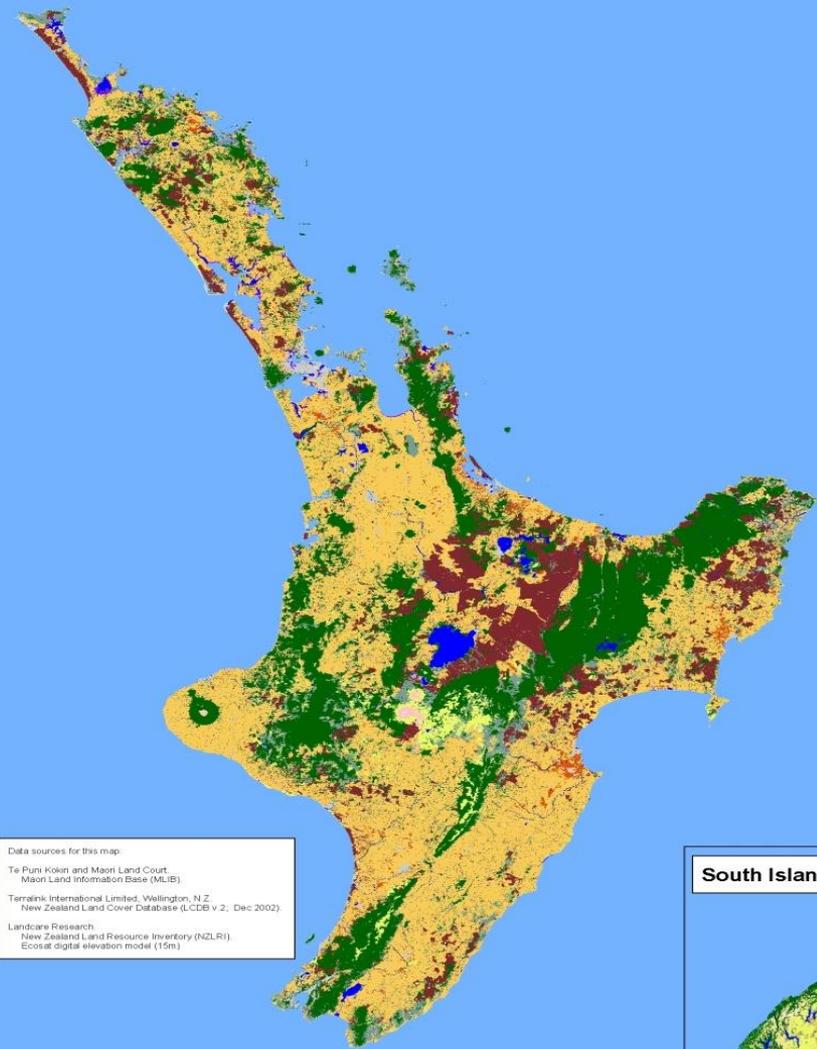


Land Use Capability (LUC) for Māori land (MLIB) compared with New Zealand LUC statistics (MLIB 2002–TPK & NZLRI–Landcare Research New Zealand)

Garth Harmsworth
Landcare Research NZ Ltd GIS 2011

LUC Class	% of Total NZ	Māori Land area (ha)	% of Māori Land	Description of Land Use Capability
1	0.7%	7514.76	0.50%	Most versatile multiple-use land – virtually no limitations to arable use
2	4.55%	43 733.59	2.89%	Good land with slight limitations to arable use
3	9.22%	85 534.33	5.65%	Moderate limitations to arable use restricting crops able to be grown
4	10.5%	153 972.29	10.16%	Severe limitations to arable use. More suitable to pastoral and forestry
5	0.8%	6883.47	0.45%	Unsuitable for cropping – pastoral or forestry
6	28.1%	507 706.36	33.51%	Non-arable land. Moderate limitations and hazards when under a perennial vegetation cover.
7	21.4%	469 830.47	31.01%	With few exceptions can only support extensive grazing or erosion control forestry
8	21.8%	230 142.75	15.19%	Very severe limitations or hazards for any agricultural use
Other	3.0%	9752.96	0.64%	Non-arable land. Moderate limitations and hazards when under a perennial vegetation cover.
TOTAL	100.00% (26 930 100 ha)	1 515 071.00	100.00%	

North Island



Data sources for this map:
Te Puni Kōwhiri and Maori Land Court
Maori Land Information Base (MLIB)
Terralink International Limited, Wellington, N.Z.
New Zealand Land Cover Database (LCDB v 2; Dec 2002)
Landcare Research
New Zealand Land Resource Inventory (NZLRI)
EcoSat digital elevation model (15m)



South Island



Landcover class (LCDBv2) comparisons for Māori land and New Zealand land

Garth Harmsworth Landcare Research 2011

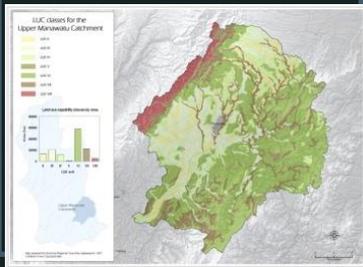
Landcover	New Zealand (LCDBv2)		Māori land (MLIB & LCDBv2)	
Landcover class	Area(ha)	Area(%)	Area(ha)	Area(%)
Indigenous Forest	7 109 546.4	26.4	586 332.5	38.7
Scrub	1 804 316.7	6.7	212 109.9	14.0
Planted exotic forest	1 965 897.3	7.3	206 049.6	13.6
Pastoral (grassland)	10 583 529.3	39.3	401 493.8	26.5
Horticultural	430 881.6	1.6	12 120.6	0.8
Inland water and wetlands	807 903.0	3.0	31 816.5	2.1
Other (e.g., mines, tussock, bareground)	4 228 025.7	15.7	65 148.1	4.3
Total	26 930 100	100	1 515 071.00	100

Land & resource evaluation module

Māori landowners

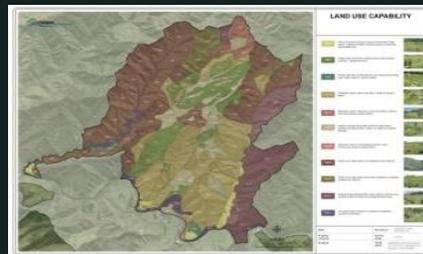
A. Base information

- Base maps and reference maps
- Aerial photographs, satellite imagery
- Legal boundaries,
- Infrastructure (houses, roads, settlements)



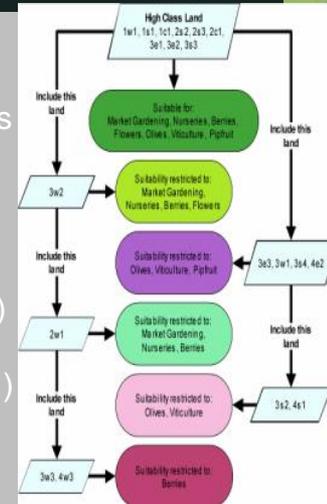
B. Physical Resource Information

- Land resources
- LUC, rock, soil, vegetation, climate
- Land use /existing vegetative cover
- Local knowledge
- Historical land use
- Sites of cultural significance.



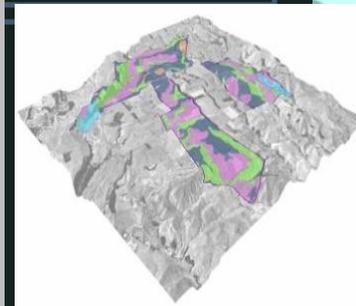
C. Opportunities - decision making

- Landowner aspirations
- Land use options,
- Natural resources (soils, climate, location, geothermal, quarry, springs, water)
- Values, cultural and social (Decision trees)
- Recreational use (fishing, hunting, lifestyle, amenity)
- Economics, markets



D. Modelling scenarios

- Feasibility studies
- Economics
- Futures modelling
- Scenarios
- Environmental impacts
- Cultural values



Building a knowledge base for Māori land blocks

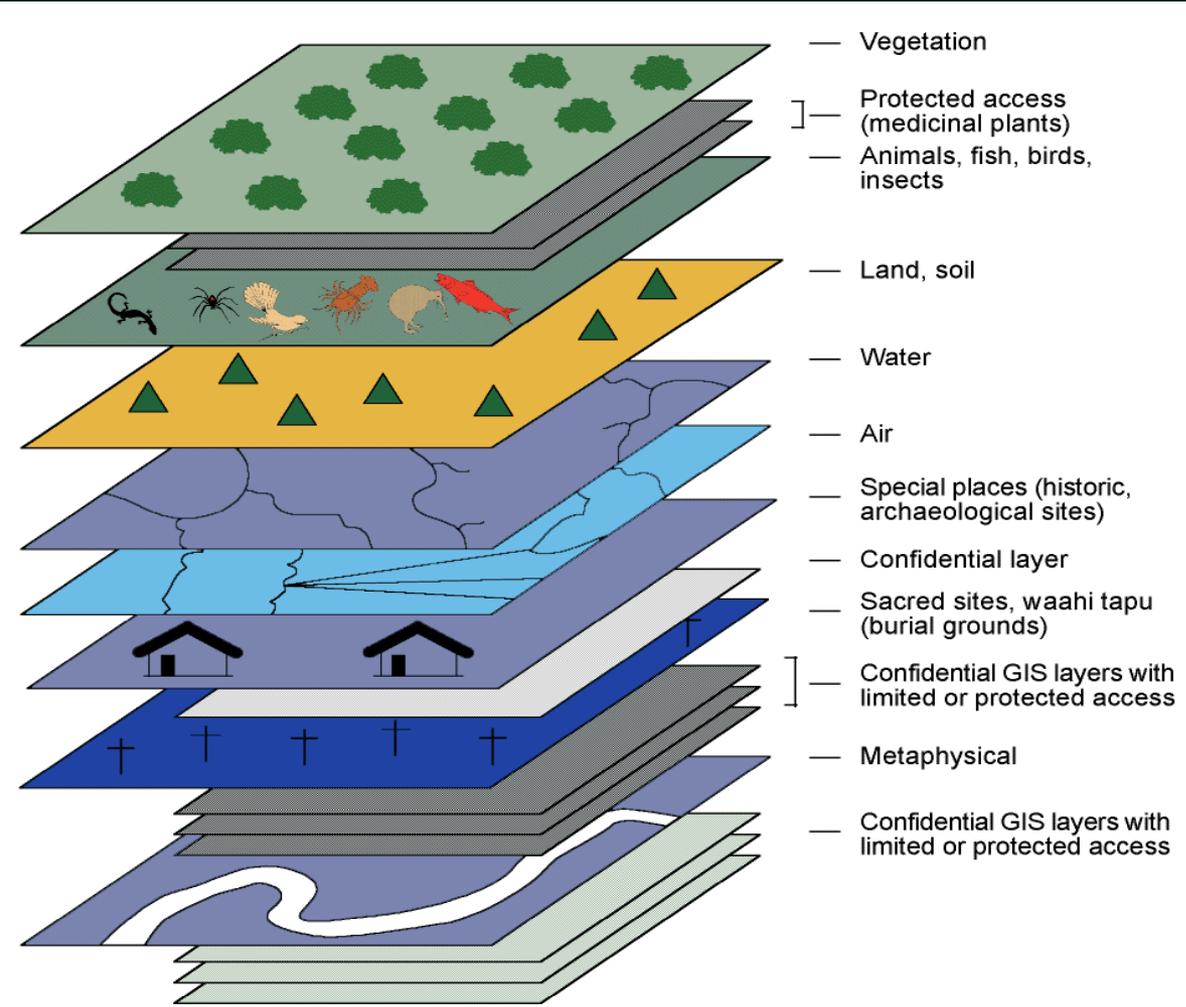


Figure 1: GIS layers and confidential sub-layers

National datasets

Land Resource Information System (LRIS)

<http://lris.scinfo.org.nz>



The New Zealand Land Resource Inventory (NZLRI)

<http://www.landcareresearch.co.nz/databases/nzlri.asp>

The National Soils Database

<http://www.landcareresearch.co.nz/databases/nsd.asp>

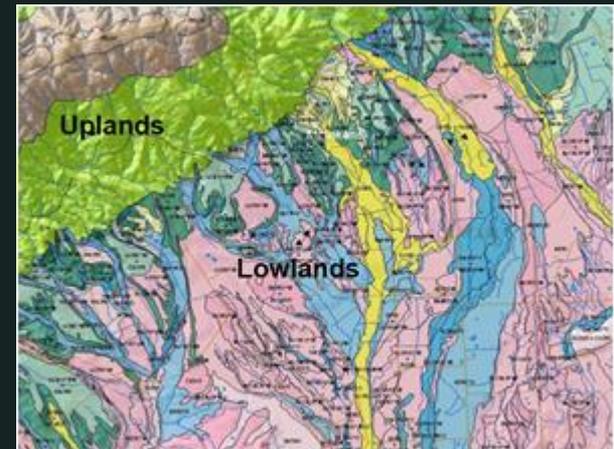
S-map – a seamless digital soil information system for New Zealand nominally at 1:50 000 scale.

<http://smap.landcareresearch.co.nz/home>

The Land Cover Database (LCDB)

<http://www.mfe.govt.nz/issues/land/land-cover-database/>
<http://www.mfe.govt.nz/issues/land/land-cover-database/>

<http://koordinates.com/>

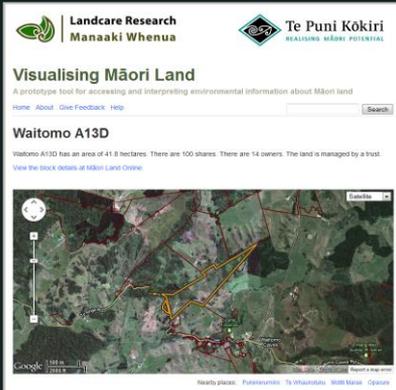


A screenshot of the LRIS portal website. The page has a green and white color scheme. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search for data & maps" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar are navigation tabs for "Home", "Layers", and "Groups". The main content area is titled "CATEGORIES" and lists various data categories with their respective counts: Biota (53), Ecology (50), Ecological parameter (2), Ecosystem type (48), Climatology / Meteorology / Atmosphere (8), Climate (8), Climatic factor (8), Elevation (5), Environment (62), Environmental policy (3), Environmental management (3), Land (7), Geomorphic process (3), Landform (2), Landscape (2), Lithosphere (36), and Pedosphere (35). Below the categories is a section titled "FEATURED MAP LAYERS" which displays three map thumbnails. The first is "Christchurch 15m DEM" with a scale of 15,000m. The second is "Christchurch 15m DEM - Height Corrected" with a scale of 15,000m. The third is "NZLRI Vegetation" with a scale of 15,000m. Each thumbnail has a "+ Add" button. At the bottom of the page, there is a link that says "Browse all map layers >>".

LAND & SOILS RESOURCES

Maori Land Visualisation Tool (MLVT)

<http://whenuaviz.landcareresearch.co.nz>

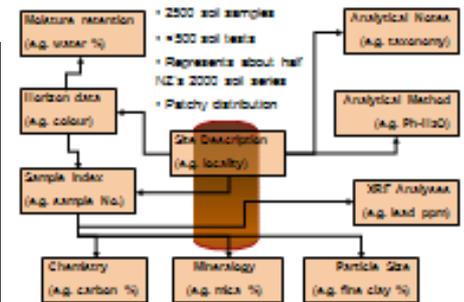


Provide on-line tools and technologies

- Desktop examination of existing information:
- Soil and land resource mapping:
- Farm scale land resource evaluations:
- Specialised soil mapping and analyses:
- Land use scenario modelling:

The National Soils Database

<http://www.landcareresearch.co.nz/databases/nsd.asp>

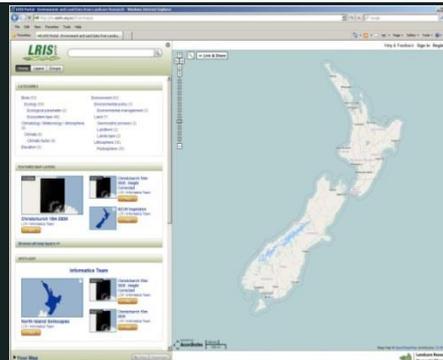


<http://smap.landcareresearch.co.nz/home>



Land Resource Information System (LRIS)

<http://iris.scinfo.org.nz>



The Land Cover Database (LCDB)

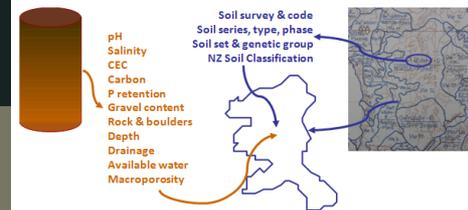
<http://www.mfe.govt.nz>



NZ Fundamental Soil Layer

Hybrid of the NZLRI and NZNSD that combines:

- The best spatial delineation of soils, with
- The most comprehensive analytical database of soils



Landcare Research
Manaaki Whenua



Tools

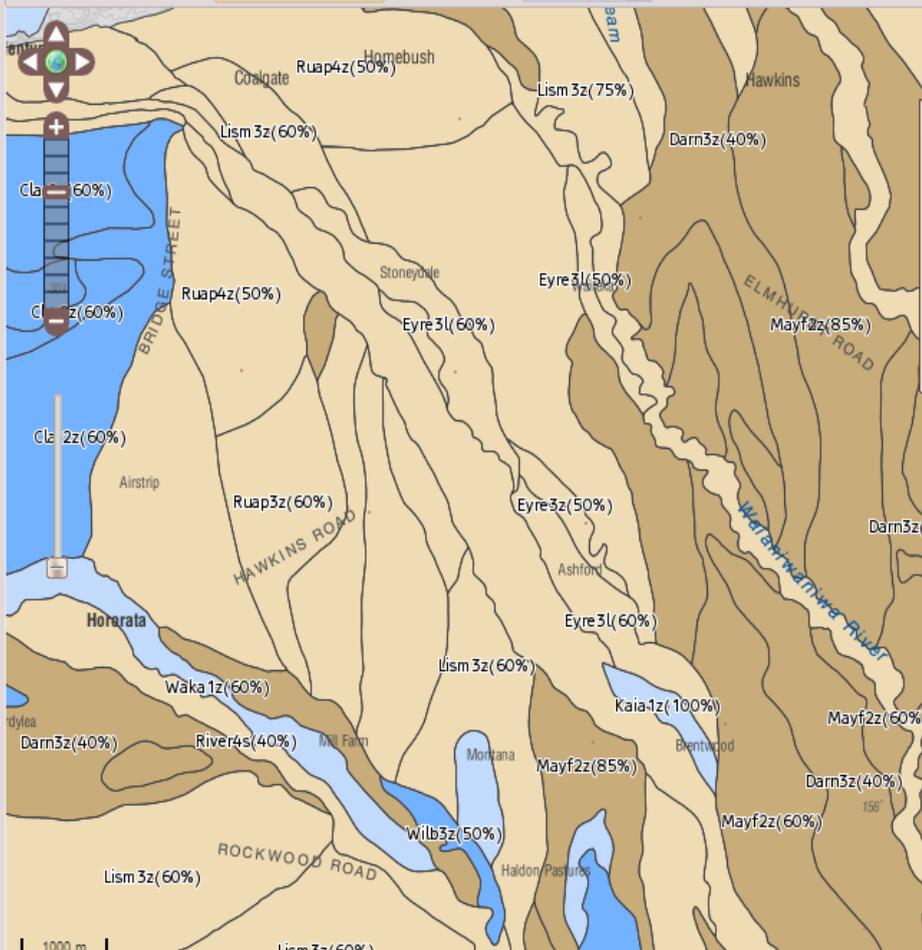
Location Search

Search by place (e.g. *Te Anau*), address or by entering a NZTM or a latitude-longitude coordinate (e.g. 1890671, 5819114).

Layers

- Labels, hydrology and roads
 - Cartographic Text
 - Transport
 - Water Group
- Soils
 - S-map Polygons & Labels
 - Soil Drainage
 - Very Poorly Drained
 - Poorly Drained
 - Imperfectly drained
 - Moderately well drained
 - Well drained
 - Depth To Hard Soil / Gravel / Rock
 - Soil Moisture - Profile Available With
 - Very Low
 - Low
 - Moderate to Low
 - Moderate
 - Moderate to High
 - High
 - Very High
- Basemap
 - Simple Coastal Outline
 - Monochrome Terrain Map
 - Landcover Terrain Map

Navigate Zoom Box Feature Information 1 : 50,000 Start Again Print Help



S-Map soil summary table

NZTM coordinates: 1525216, 5181170

Soil name (factsheet)	%	Key soil properties	Confidence
Mayfield(Sib 2)	85	moderately deep, moderately well drained, silty lo	Medium
Darnley(Sib 1)	15	shallow, moderately well drained, silty loam	Medium

Click on a soil name above to get a PDF factsheet.

SOIL REPORT
Hawke's Bay Regional Council

Report generated: 30-Mar-2012 from <http://www.landcareresearch.co.nz>

This information best describes the typical average properties of the specified soil to a depth of 1 metre, and should not be the primary source of data when making land use decisions on individual farms and paddocks.

Dassevirkve (Dassev, 32.1) Family: Dassevirkvef

Key physical properties

Texture	Clay Loam
Plasticity clay range	20-30%
Depth class (kg/ha)	Deep (> 1 m)
Practical rooting depth	Unlimited
Rooting barrier	No significant barrier within 1 m
Typical cross-section	Stratified
Depth to stony layer class	No significant stony layer within 1 m
Drainage class	Well drained
Acidity in root zone	Unlimited
Permeability profile	Stratified
Depth to slowly permeable horizon	No slowly permeable horizon
Permeability of slowest horizon	Moderate (< 12 mm/h)
Profile total available water	< 100mm: High (173 mm)
Profile readily available water	< 100mm: High (114 mm)
Profile available water	< 100mm: High (88 mm)
Profile readily available water	< 100mm: High (68 mm)
Dry bulk density, topsoil	0.75 (g/cm ³)
Dry bulk density, subsoil	0.69 (g/cm ³)
Depth to hard rock	No hard rock within 1 m
Depth to soft rock	No soft rock within 1 m
Structural vulnerability	Very low (0.2)

About this justification

This information best describes the typical average properties of the specified soil.

For further information on individual soils contact Landcare Research (see Contact Us).

Soil names are subject to change from time to time and users should refer to the most up-to-date information available.

The information on this website has been prepared by Landcare Research and is provided as a service to the public. It is not intended to be used as a basis for any legal or other action.

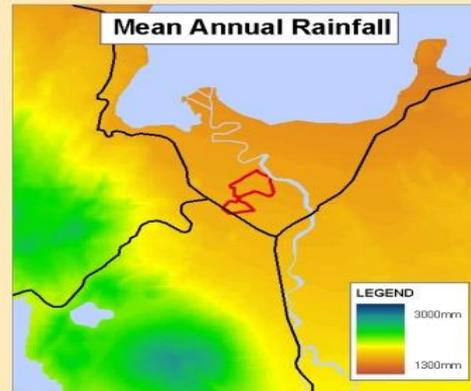
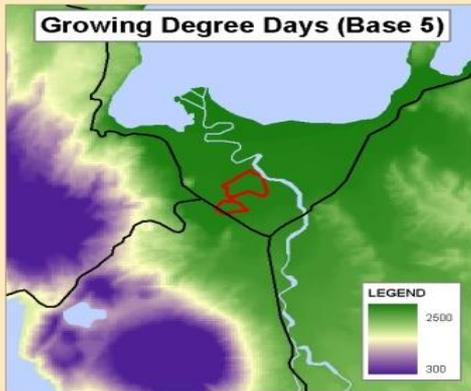
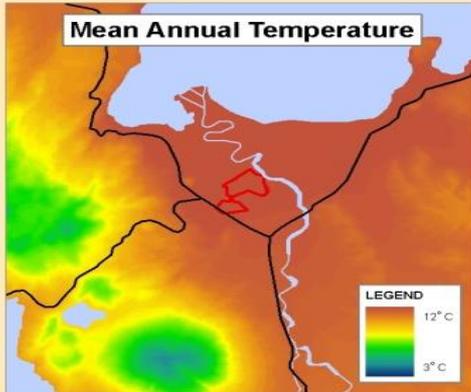
This information does not constitute an offer of any financial product or service. It is not intended to be used as a basis for any legal or other action.

Landcare Research does not accept any liability for any loss or damage, including without limitation negligence and other legal liability, arising from the use of this information, whether or not such loss or damage is foreseeable or preventable.

© Landcare Research (New Zealand) Limited 2011. Licensed under Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 New Zealand License (CC BY-NC-SA).

Climate data

CLIMATE



Turangi Climatological Station Records

Mean Annual Rainfall (mm)	1586
Lowest Monthly Mean Rainfall (mm)	87
Months of Rainfall <100 mm	1
Mean Annual Temperature (°C)	12
Average Daily Maximum Temperature (Feb) (°C)	23.3
Average Daily Minimum Temperature (Jul) (°C)	1.8
Ann. Average Daily Ground Minimum Temperature (°C)	4.5
July Ground Frost Days	15.1
Annual Ground Frosts	70.8
Annual Air Frosts	37.9

Data from - New Zealand Meteorological Service 1993: Summaries of climatological observations to 1980. *New Zealand Meteorological Service Miscellaneous Publication 117.*

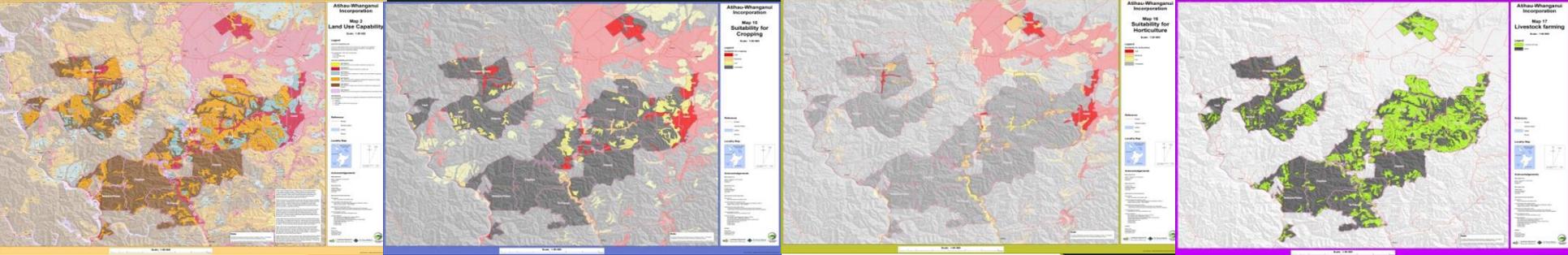
Study area identified as follows:



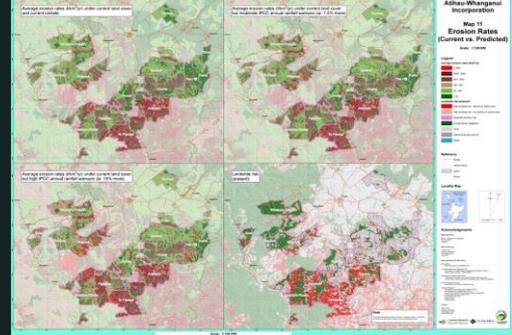
Map prepared by:
Hamish A Heke
Landscape Research
Palmerston North

1 June 2006

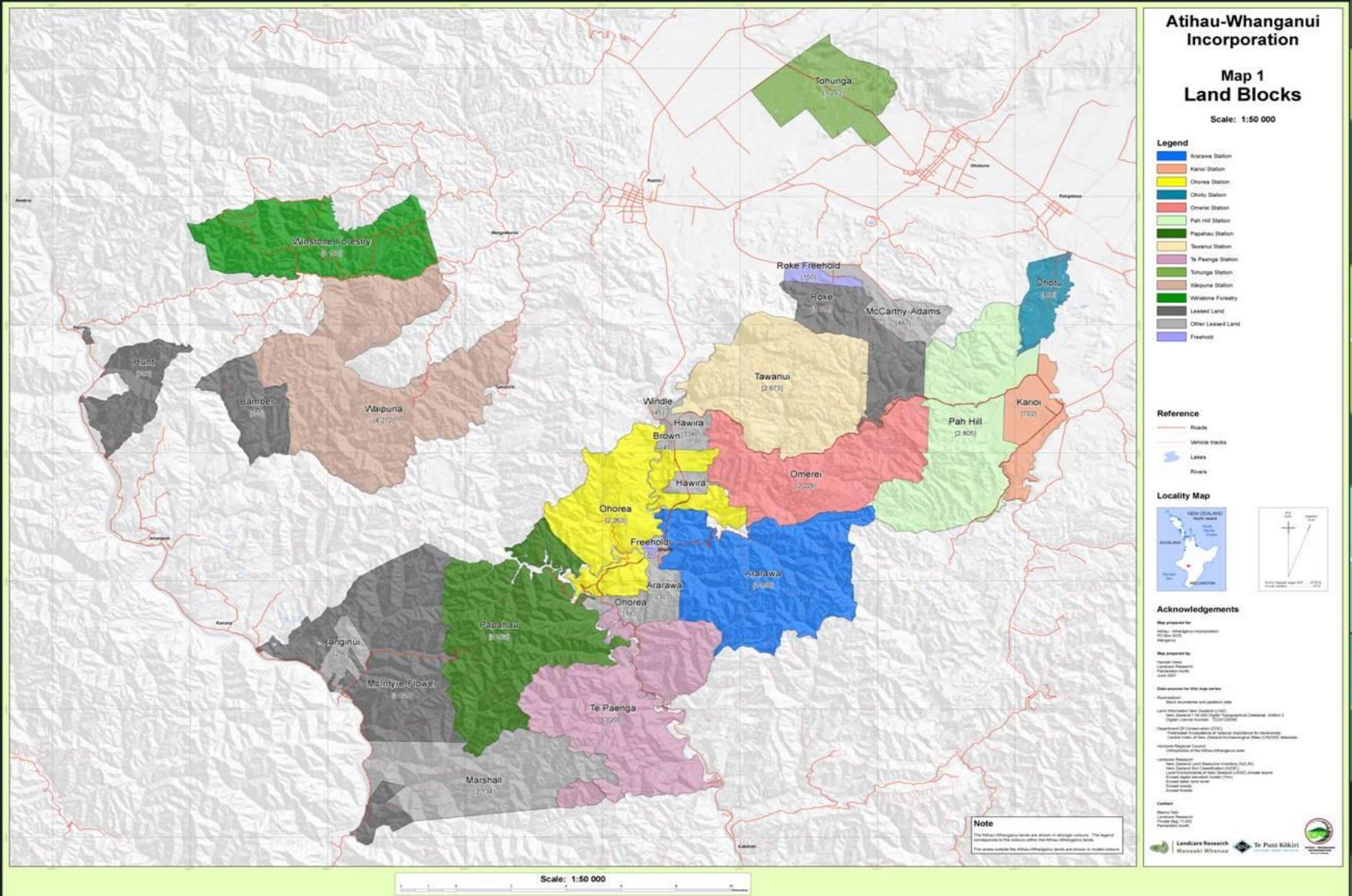




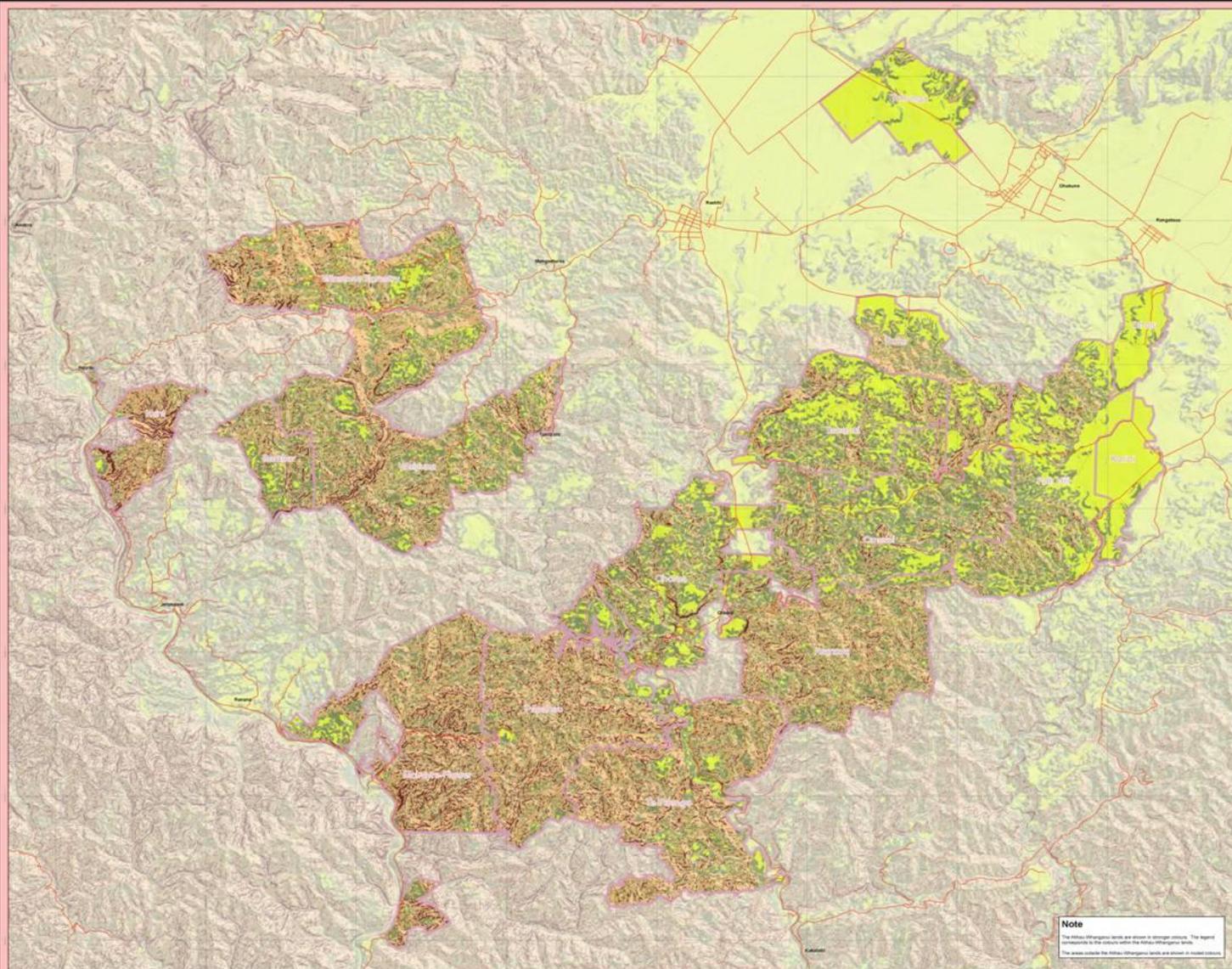
- # Examples
- Catchment and farm scale land resource assessments;
 - On-Farm advice, mapping and/or monitoring specific to your land blocks;
 - Expert interpretation of soil and land resource information;
 - Land use scenario modelling;
 - Provide access to on-line data and soils information.



Atihau-Whanganui Land-blocks



Land Characteristics



Aihau-Whanganui Incorporation

Map 8 Slope

Scale: 1:50 000

Legend

Slope description

- Flat to undulating (0 - 7)
- Rolling to strongly rolling (7 - 20)
- Moderately steep to steep (20 - 35)
- Very steep to precipitous (>35)

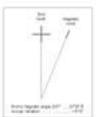
Slopes are derived from NZLRI slope classes below:

Slope group	Slope angle (degrees)	Slope description
A	0 - 3	Flat to gently undulating
B	3 - 7	Undulating
C	7 - 15	Rolling
D	15 - 20	Strongly Rolling
E	20 - 25	Moderately Steep
F	25 - 35	Steep
G	35 - 42	Very Steep
H	>42	Precipitous

Reference

- Roads
- Vehicle tracks
- Lakes
- Rivers

Locality Map



Acknowledgements

Map prepared for:
Aihau-Whanganui Incorporation
12/10/2010

Map prepared by:
Project name:
Landcare Research
Author:
Date available for this map series:

Recognition:
Data boundaries and position data:
Land Information New Zealand (LINZ)
New Zealand 1:50,000 Digital Topographical Database (Databank 2)
Digital Elevation Model (DEM) (LINZ)

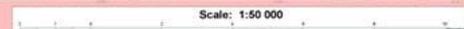
Department Of Conservation (DOC)
Fragrance Development of natural resources for landowners
Centre of Excellence for Environmental and Geospatial Science (CEEGS) (LINZ)

Historical Regional Council
Officeholder of the Aihau-Whanganui area

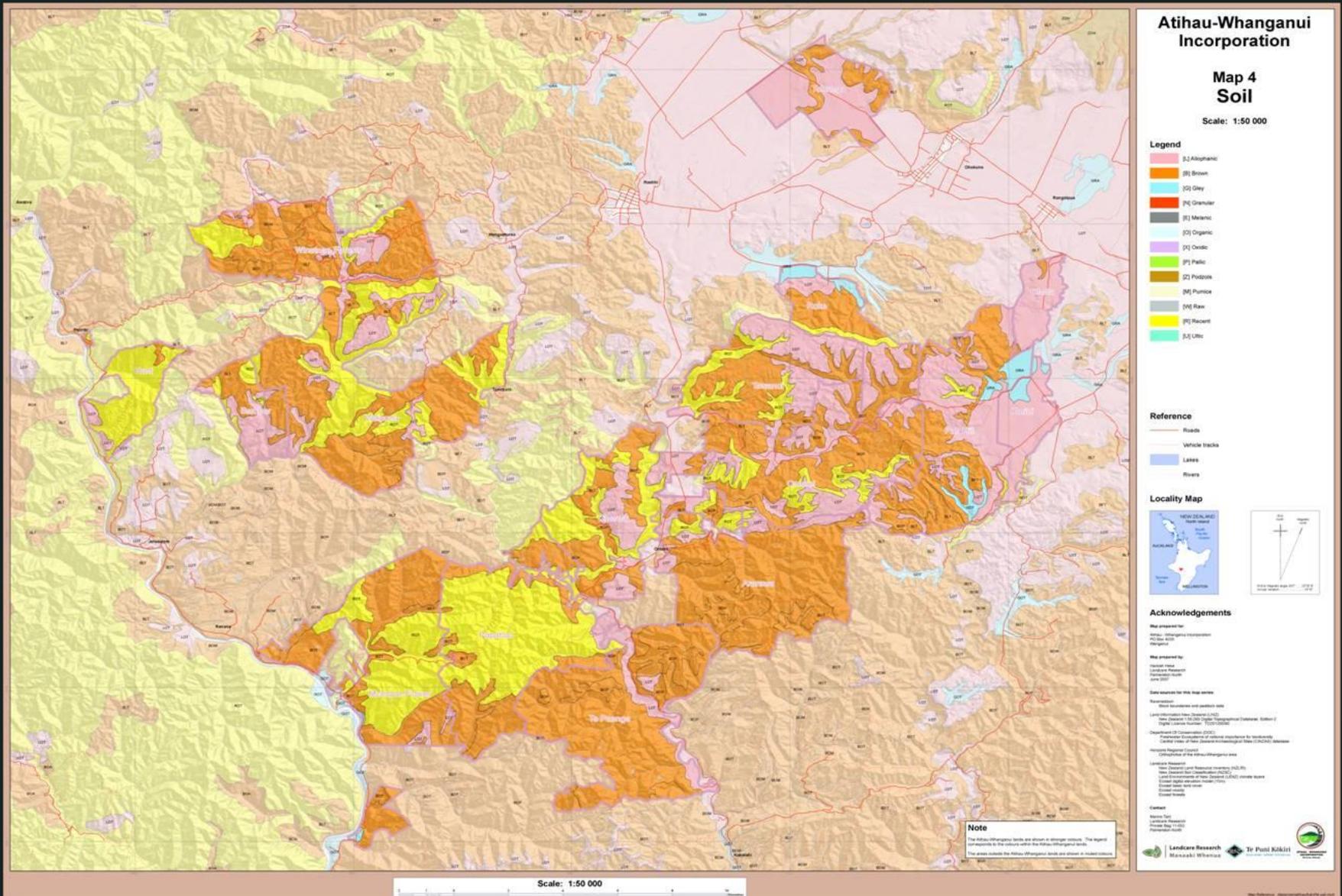
Landcare Research (LINZ)
New Zealand Land Resource Inventory (NZLRI)
New Zealand Soil Classification (NZSC)
New Zealand Soil Survey (NZSS)
Aerial digital orthorectified imagery (Aerial Ortho) (LINZ)
Digital Elevation Model (DEM) (LINZ)
Digital Elevation Model (DEM) (LINZ)
Digital Elevation Model (DEM) (LINZ)

Disclaimer:
Map 8: Slope
Scale: 1:50,000
Date: 12/10/2010

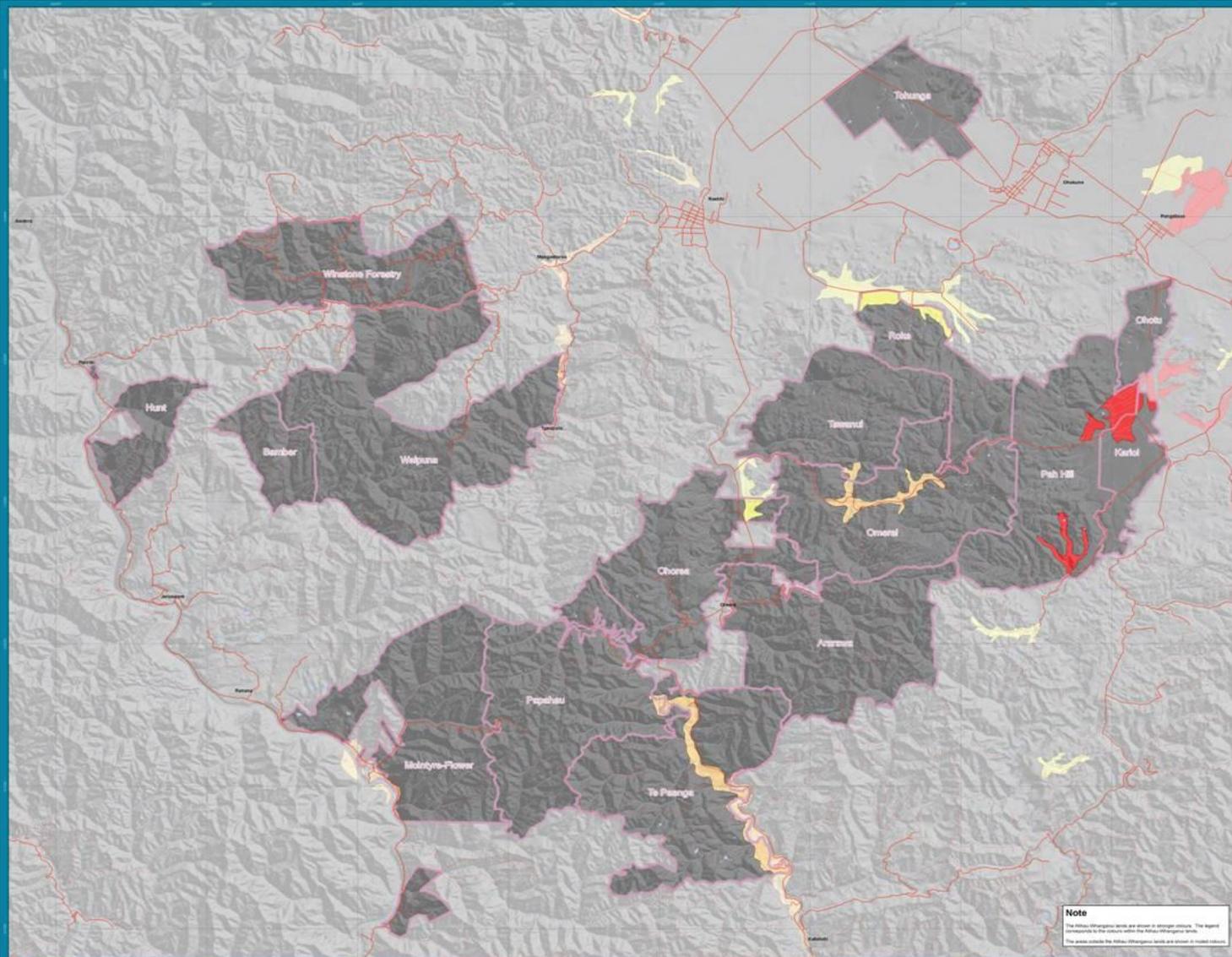
Note
The Aihau-Whanganui limits are shown in orange outline. The legend refers to the areas within the Aihau-Whanganui limits.
The areas outside the Aihau-Whanganui limits are shown in natural colours.



Land Characteristics



Risk Assessment



Atihau-Whanganui Incorporation

Map 14 Flood Risk

Scale: 1:50 000

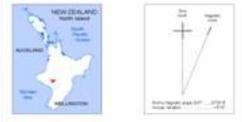
Legend

- Flood risk**
- High
 - Moderate to high
 - Slight to moderate
 - Not applicable

Reference

- Roads
- Vehicle tracks
- Lakes
- Rivers

Locality Map



Acknowledgements

Map prepared for:
Atihau-Whanganui Incorporation
100 The Hill
Whanganui

Map prepared by:
Landcare Research
100 The Hill
Whanganui
June 2017

Data sources for this map were:

Topography
 Bathymetry and position data
 Land Information New Zealand (LINZ)
 New Zealand 1:50,000 Topographic Database (Vector 2)
 Digital Elevation Model (DEM) (Vector)

Department of Conservation (DOC)
 Environmental Conservation of natural resources for biodiversity
 Current status of New Zealand's environmental sites (CONAS) database
 Contribution of the Atihau-Whanganui area

Landcare Research
 New Zealand Land Resource Inventory (NZLRI)
 New Zealand Soil Classification (NZSC)
 Landcare Research of New Zealand (NZLRI) database
 Current status of New Zealand's environmental sites (CONAS) database
 Current status of New Zealand's environmental sites (CONAS) database
 Current status of New Zealand's environmental sites (CONAS) database

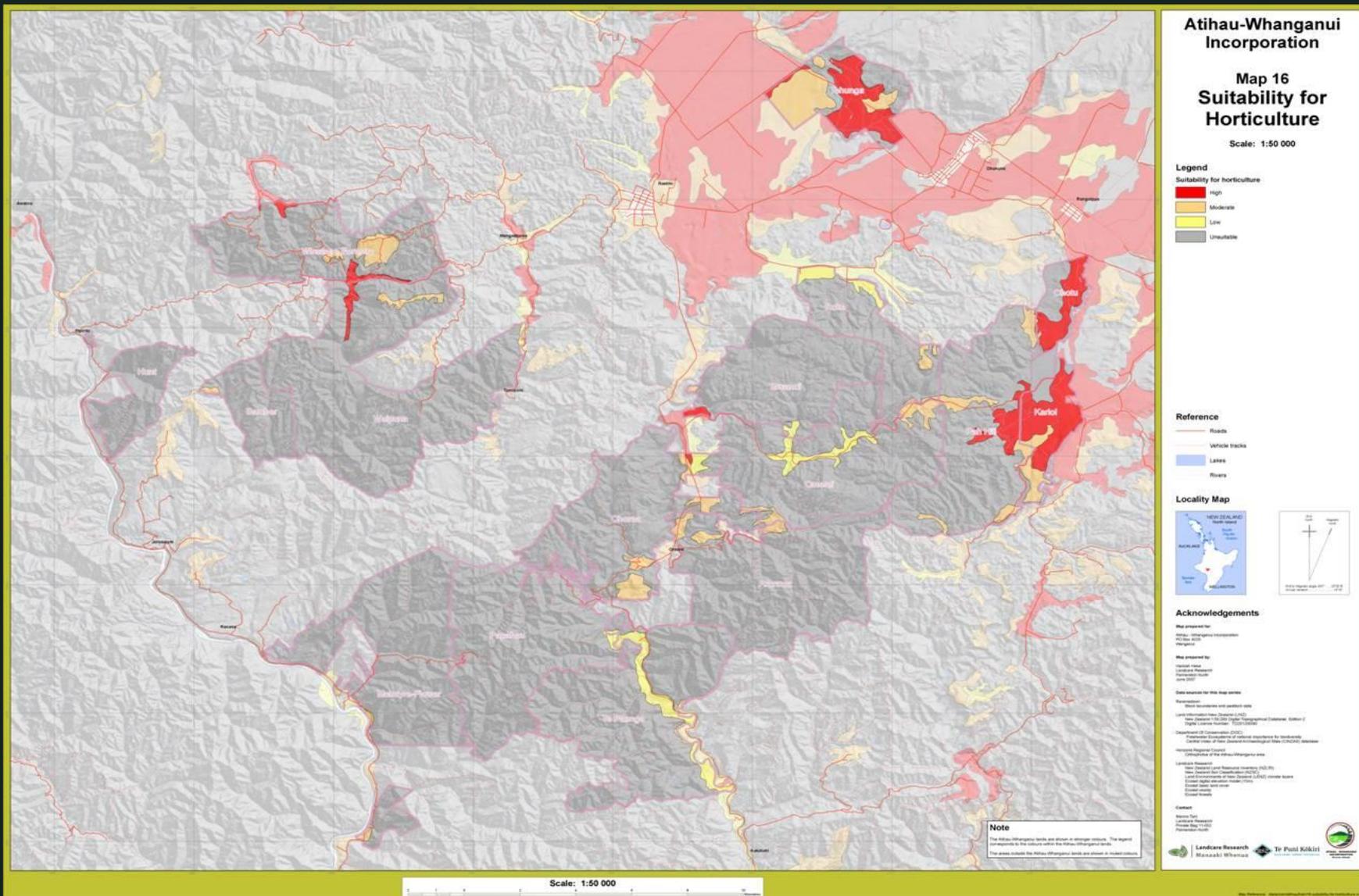
Cartoon
 Martin Tait
 Landcare Research
 Project Ref: 13-012

Note
 The Atihau-Whanganui levels are shown in orange outline. The legend is intended to be used with the Atihau-Whanganui levels.
 The areas outside the Atihau-Whanganui levels are shown in black outline.

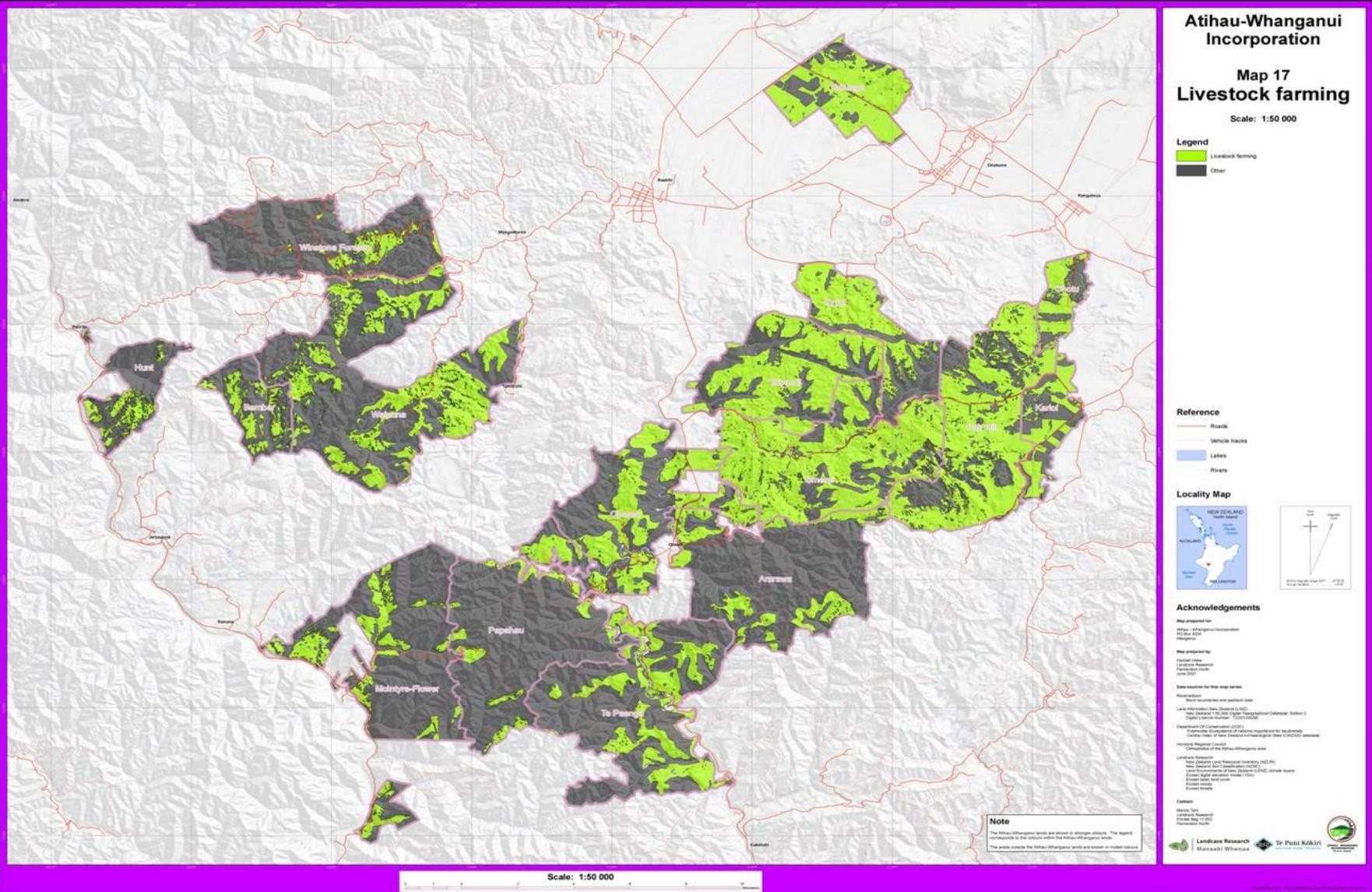
Scale: 1:50 000



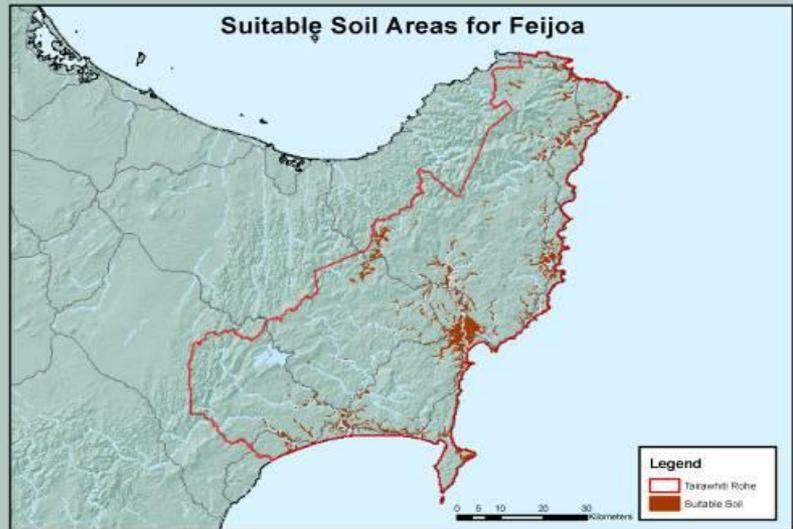
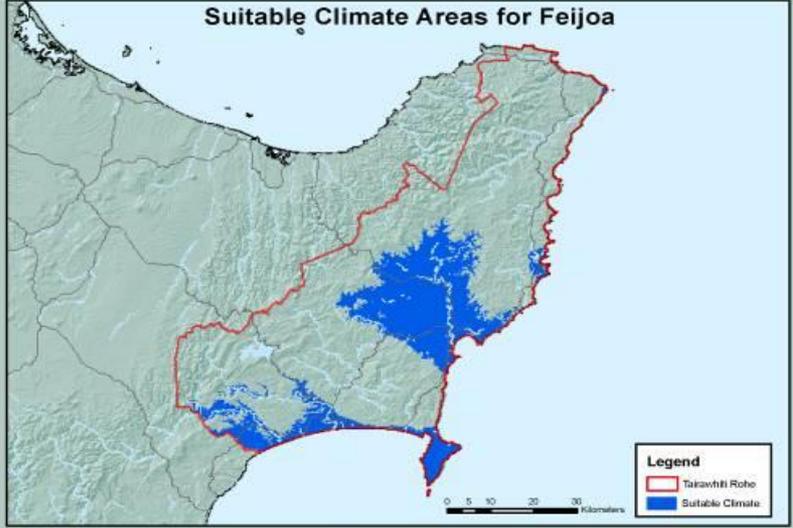
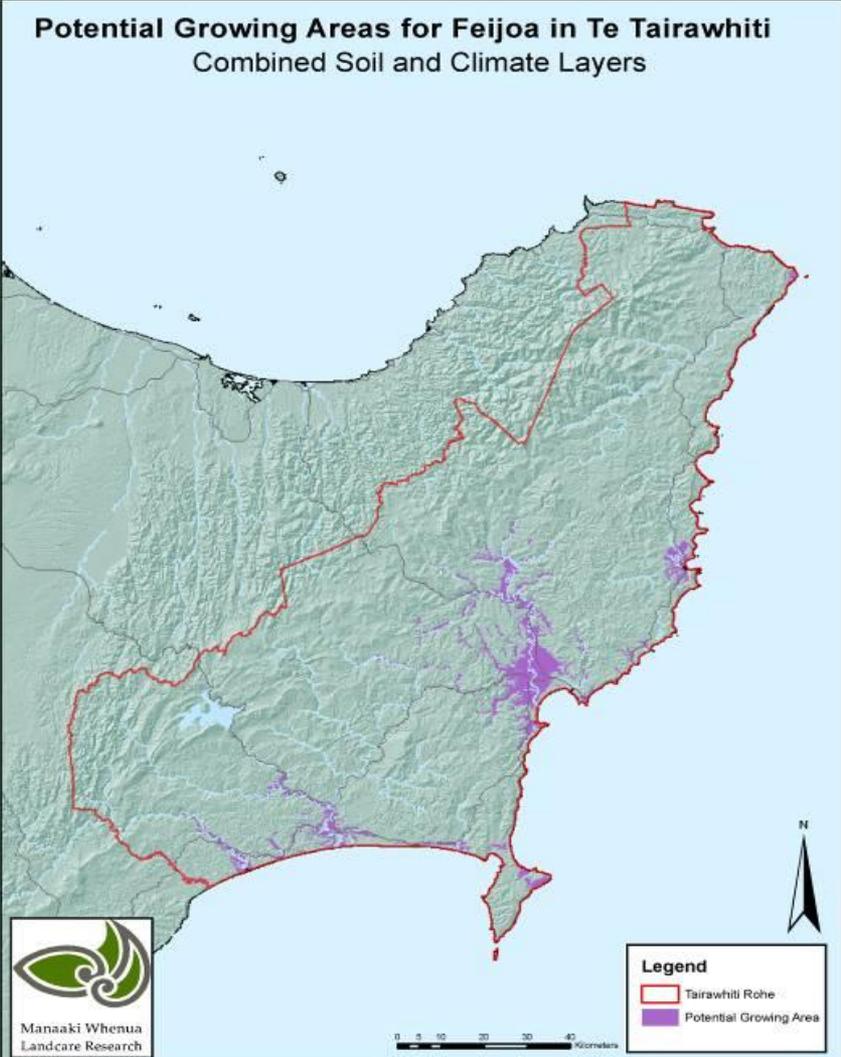
New Land Use Opportunities



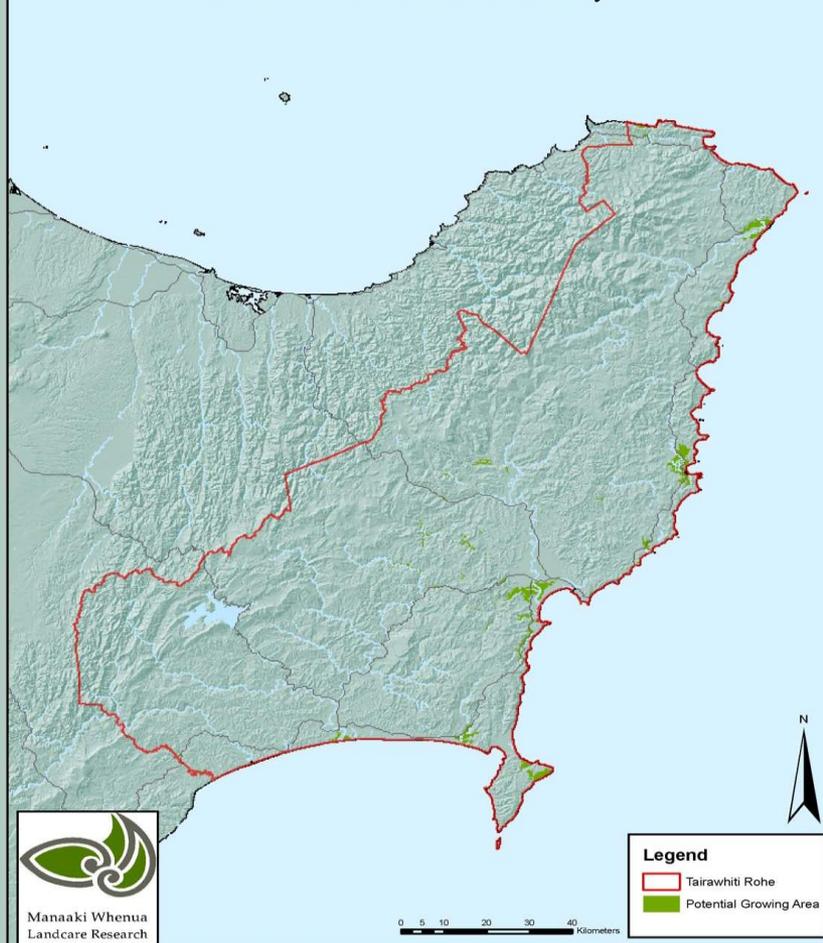
New Land Use Opportunities



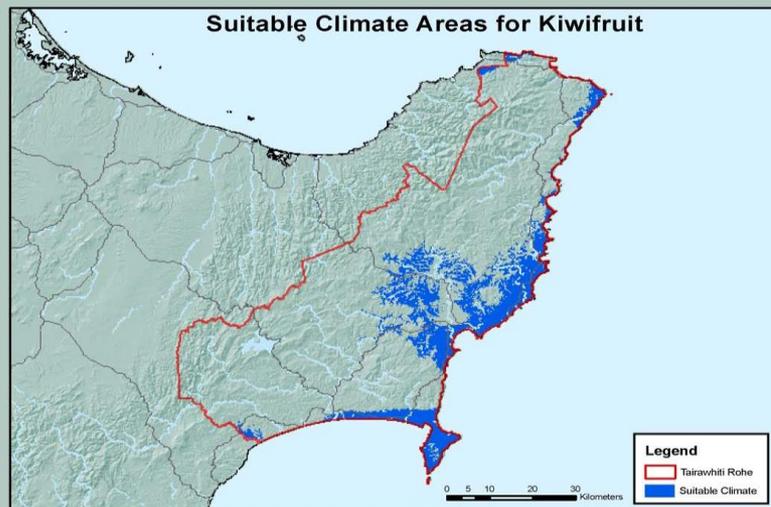
New Land Use Opportunities



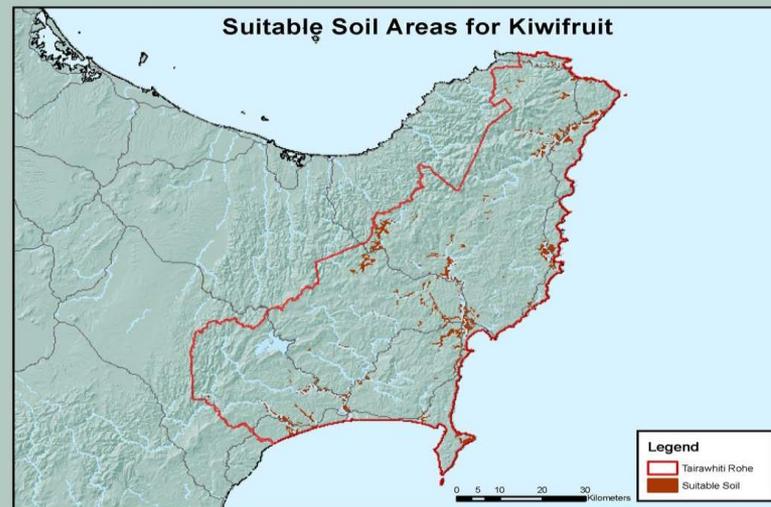
Potential Growing Areas for Kiwifruit in Te Tairawhiti Combined Soil and Climate Layers

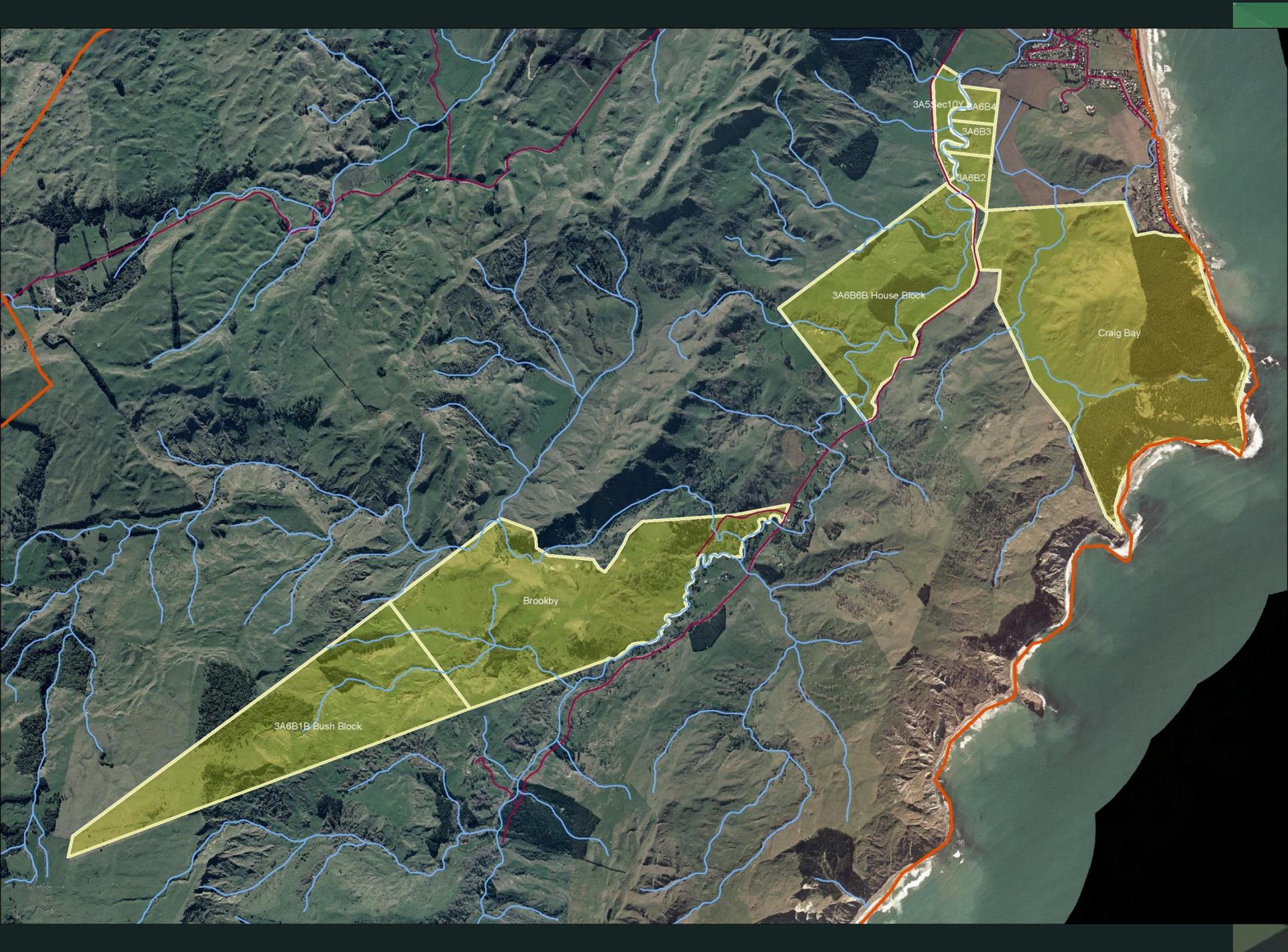


Suitable Climate Areas for Kiwifruit



Suitable Soil Areas for Kiwifruit





3A5 Sec 10Y 3A6B4

3A6B3

3A6B2

3A6B6B House Block

Craig Bay

Brookby

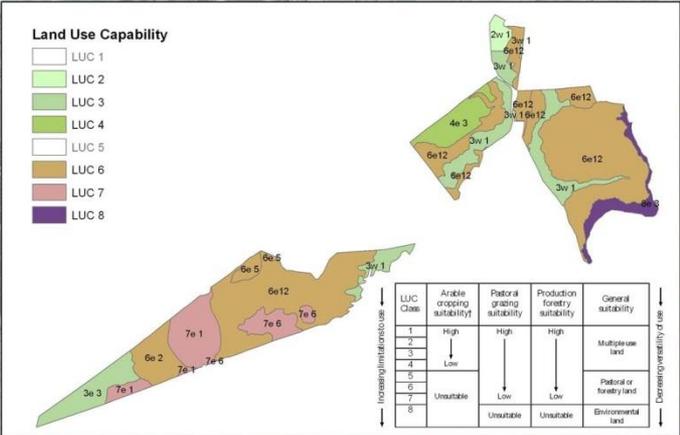
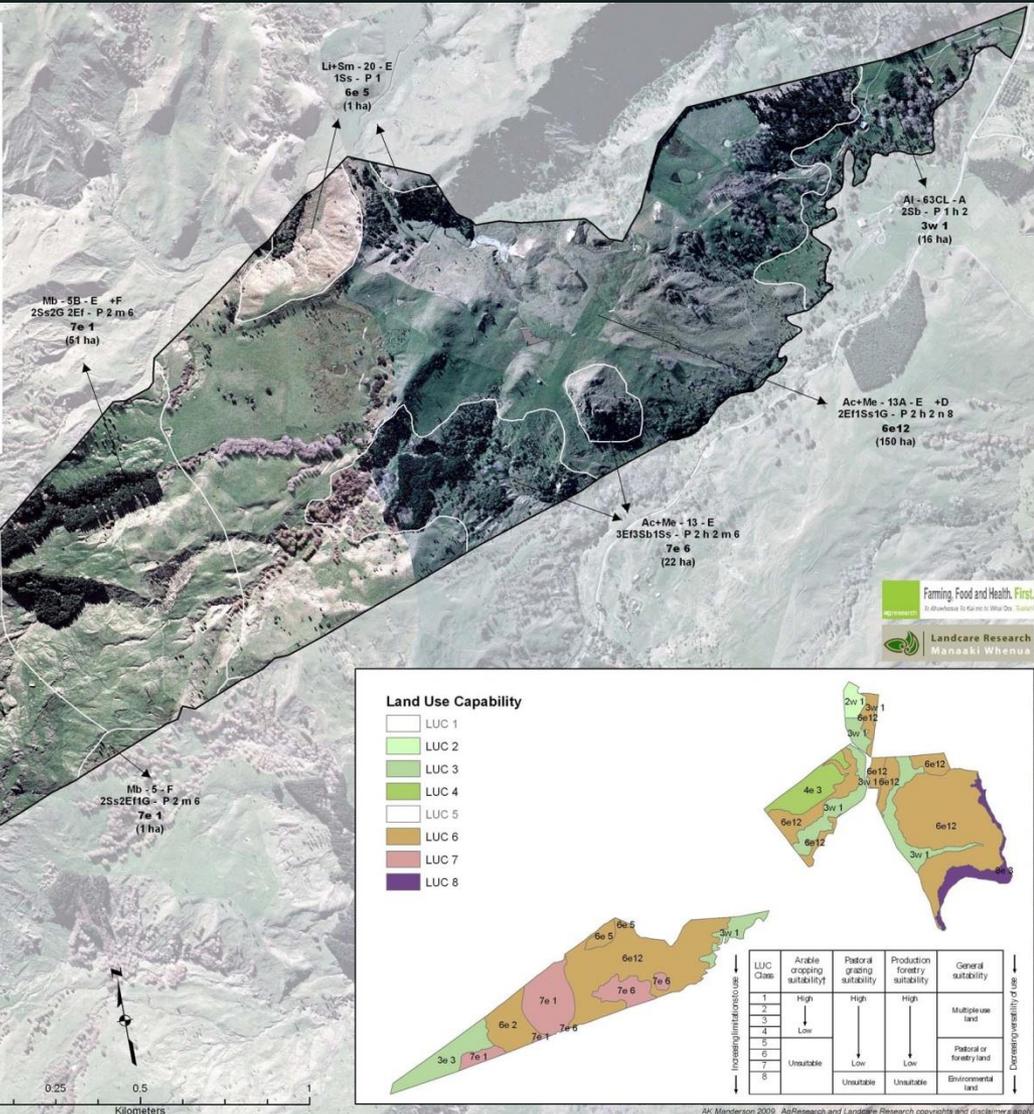
3A6B1B Bush Block

Land Resource Inventory (LRI) and Land Use Capability (LUC) Pouhokio (Brookby) and Bush block, Waimarama

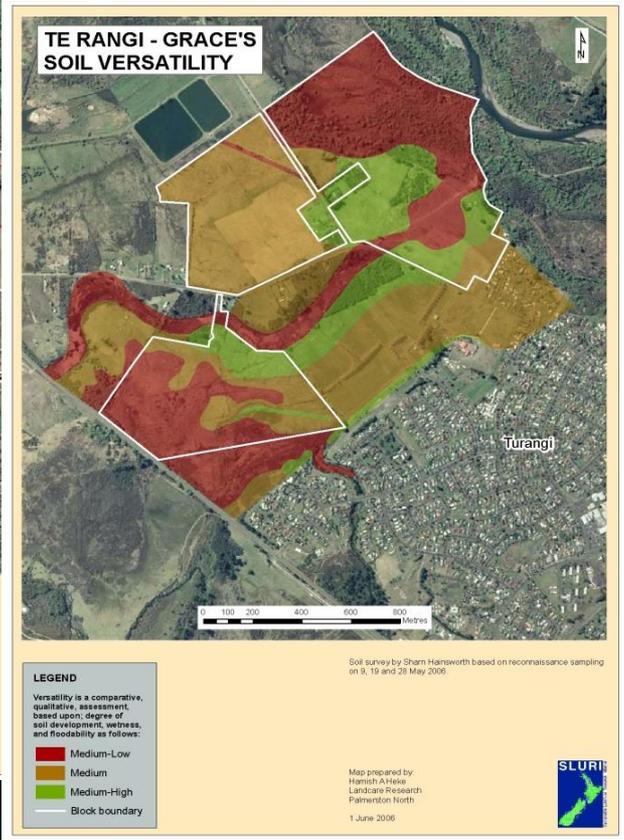
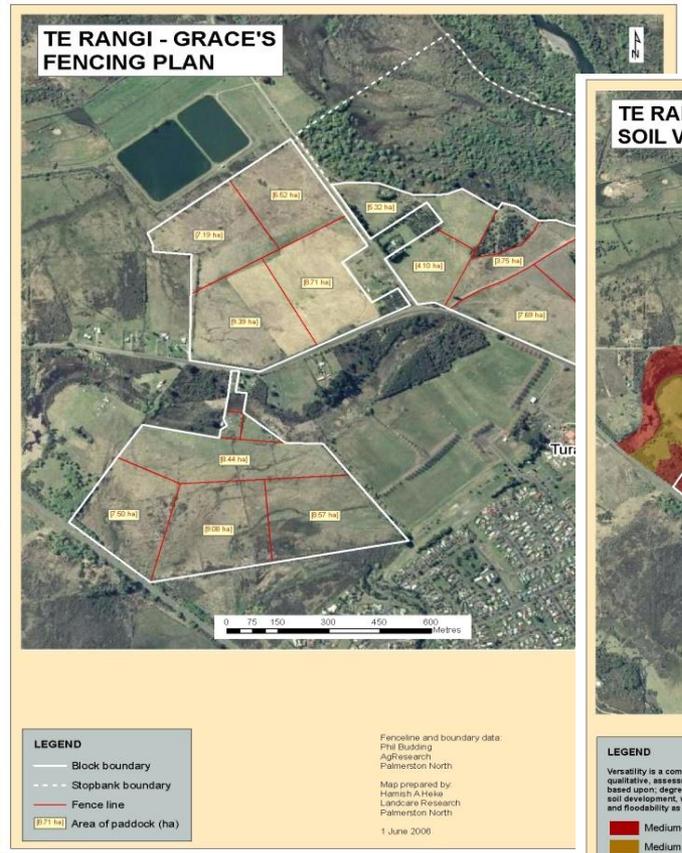
Inventory code = Rock type - Soil unit - Slope class
Erosion type & severity - Vegetation
LUC
(hectares)

- | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ROCKTYPE | SOILUNIT | SLOPECLASSES |
| Al = River alluvium | 27 = Maraetotara sandy loam | A = 0-3 degrees |
| Ac = Crushed argillite | 5 = Kidnappers silt loam | B = 4-7 degrees |
| Me = Mudstone (bentonitic) | 5b = Kidnappers variant | C = 8-15 degrees |
| Mb = Mudstone (banded) | 13a = Te Apihi variant | D = 16-20 degrees |
| Mj = Mudstone (fractured) | 20 = Waimarama sandy loam | E = 21-25 degrees |
| Sm = Sandstone (massive) | Bfrock = Bare rock | F = 26 - 35 degrees |
| Li = Limestone | | G = >35 degrees |
| EROSION TYPE | EROSION SEVERITY | VEGETATION (dated) |
| Sh = Sheet erosion | 0 = Negligible | P1 = High producing pasture |
| Sb = Streambank | 1 = Slight | P2 = Low producing pasture |
| Ss = Soil slip | 2 = Moderate | h2 = Rushes & sedges |
| G = Gully erosion | 3 = Severe | m6 = Mixed native scrub |
| E = Earthflow | 4 = Very severe | n6 = Conservation trees |
| | 5 = Extreme | n3a = Podocarp-hardwood forest |

LRI and LUC extracted from the New Zealand Land Resource Inventory (NZLRI) at 1:50,000 scale. Some unit boundaries adjusted to better match the photography. Accuracy of classifications and precision of unit boundaries may be variable when viewed at the farm scale.



AK Manderson 2006. AgResearch and Landcare Research copyright and disclaimer apply.

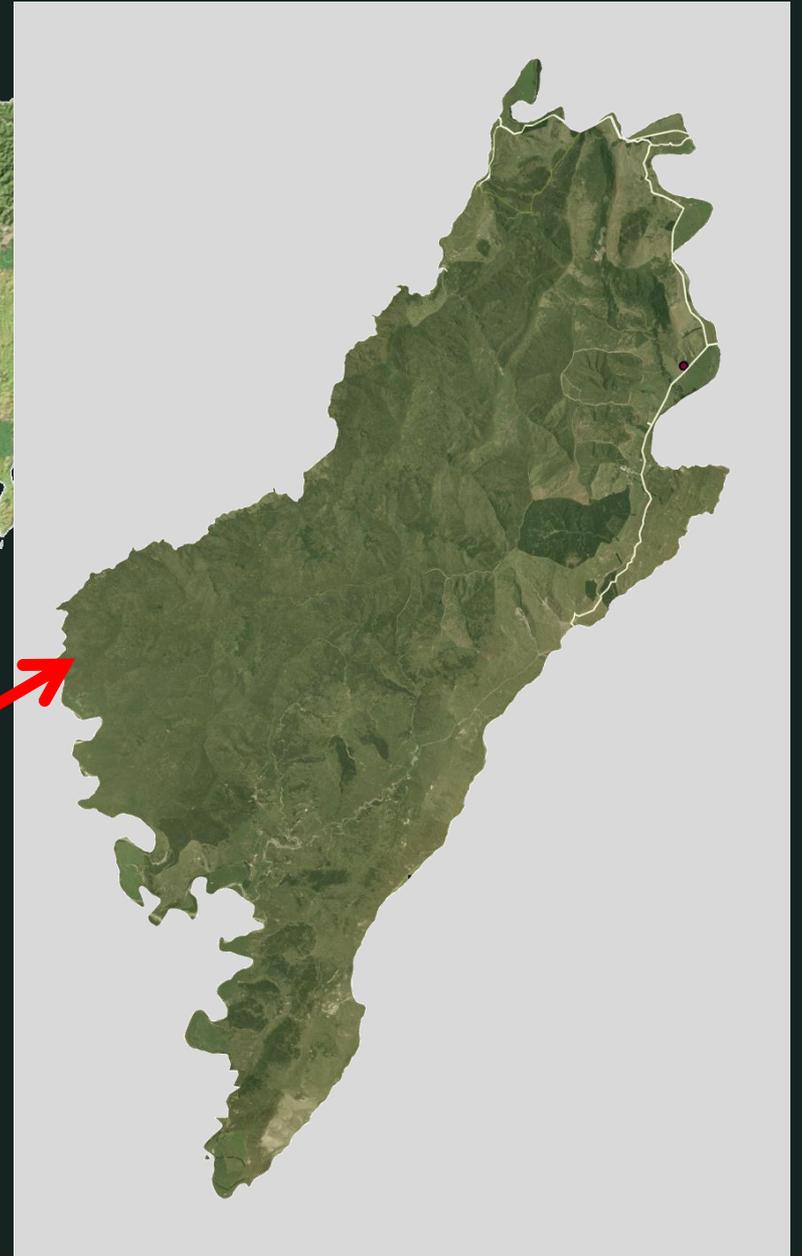


Land boundaries on GIS

Fence-lines and landform on GIS

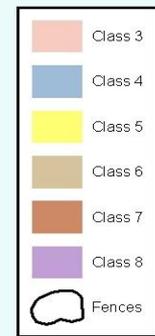
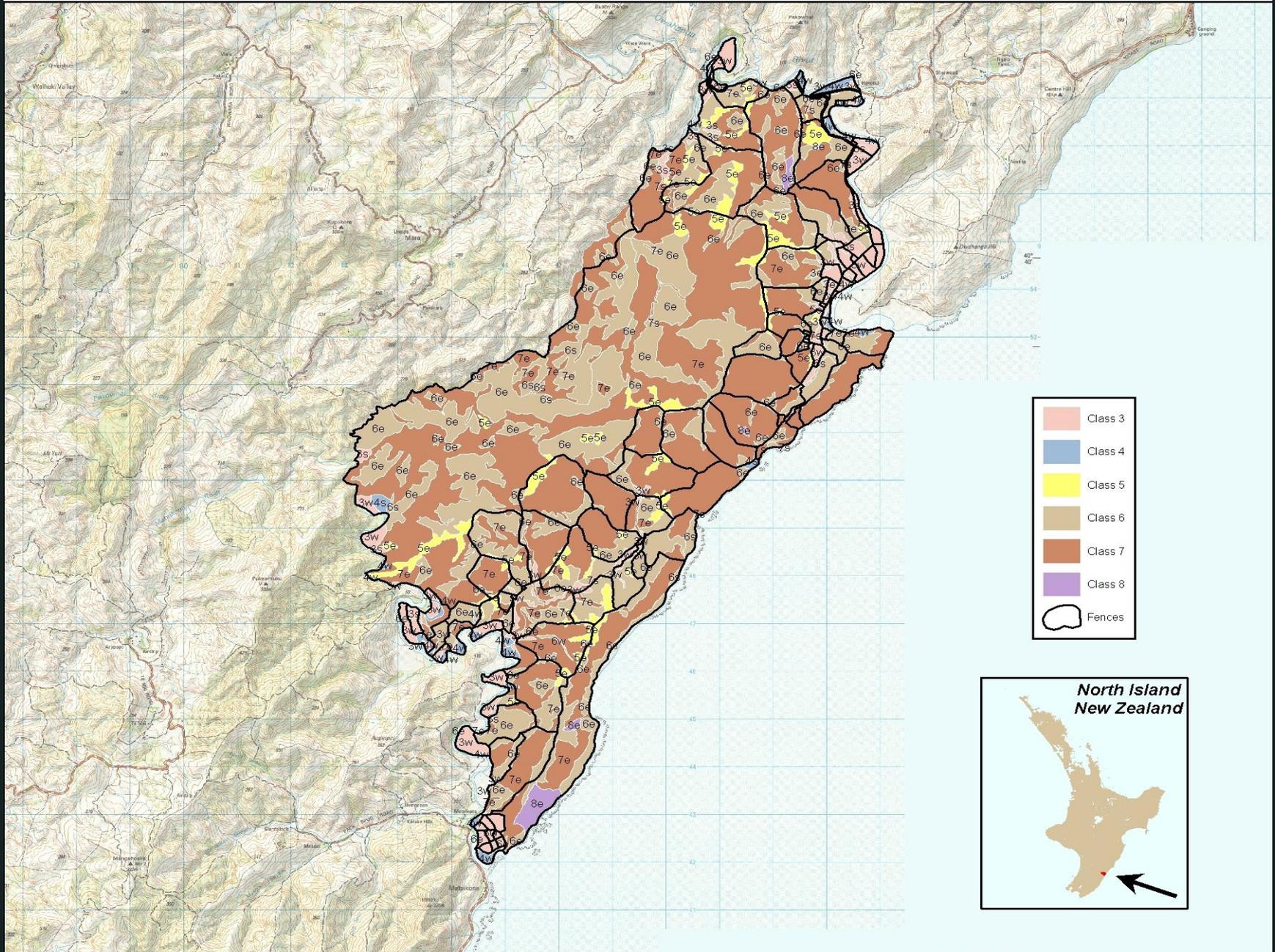
Soil versatility

Case Study - Aohanga

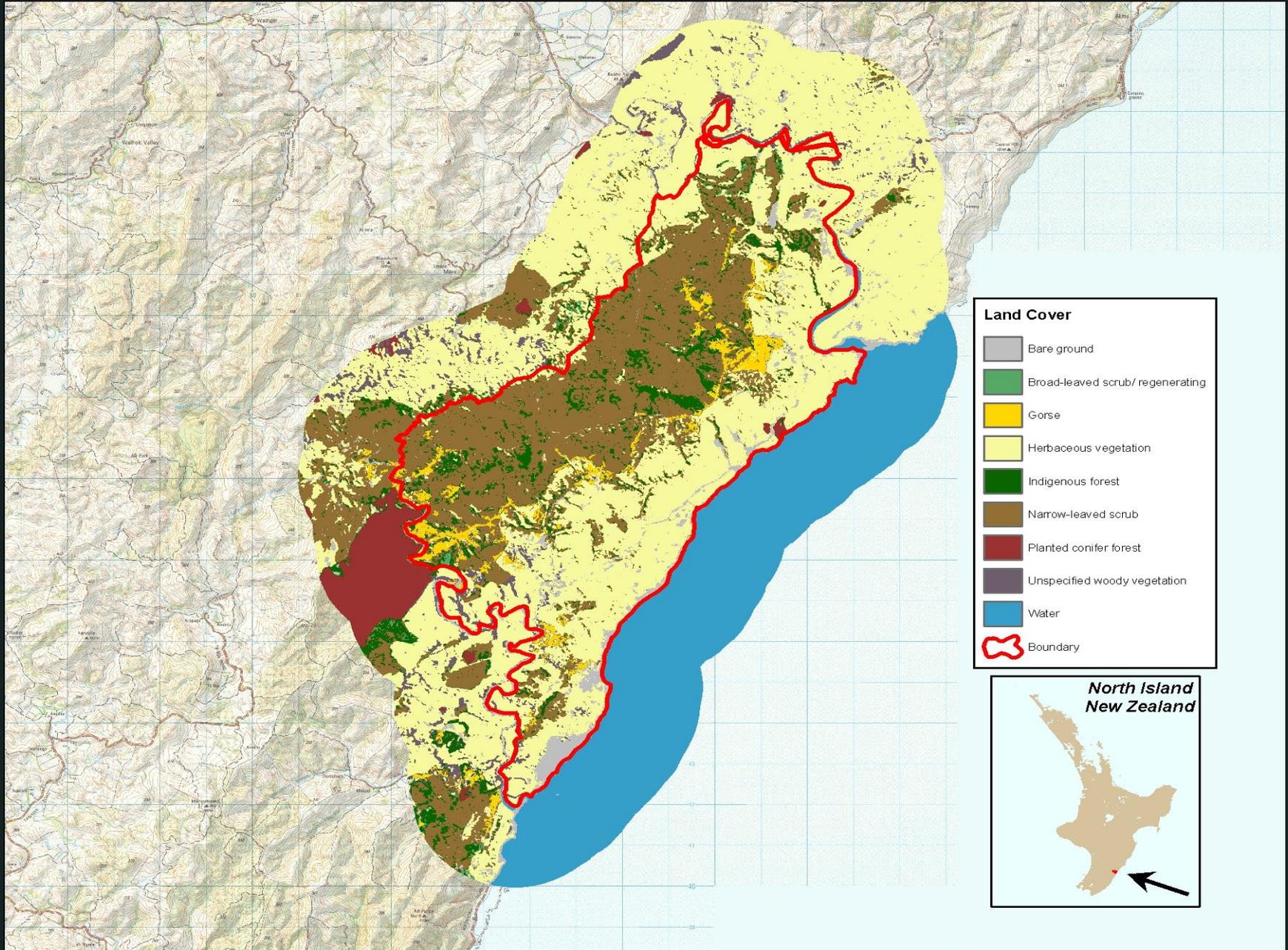




AOHANGA



AOHANGA

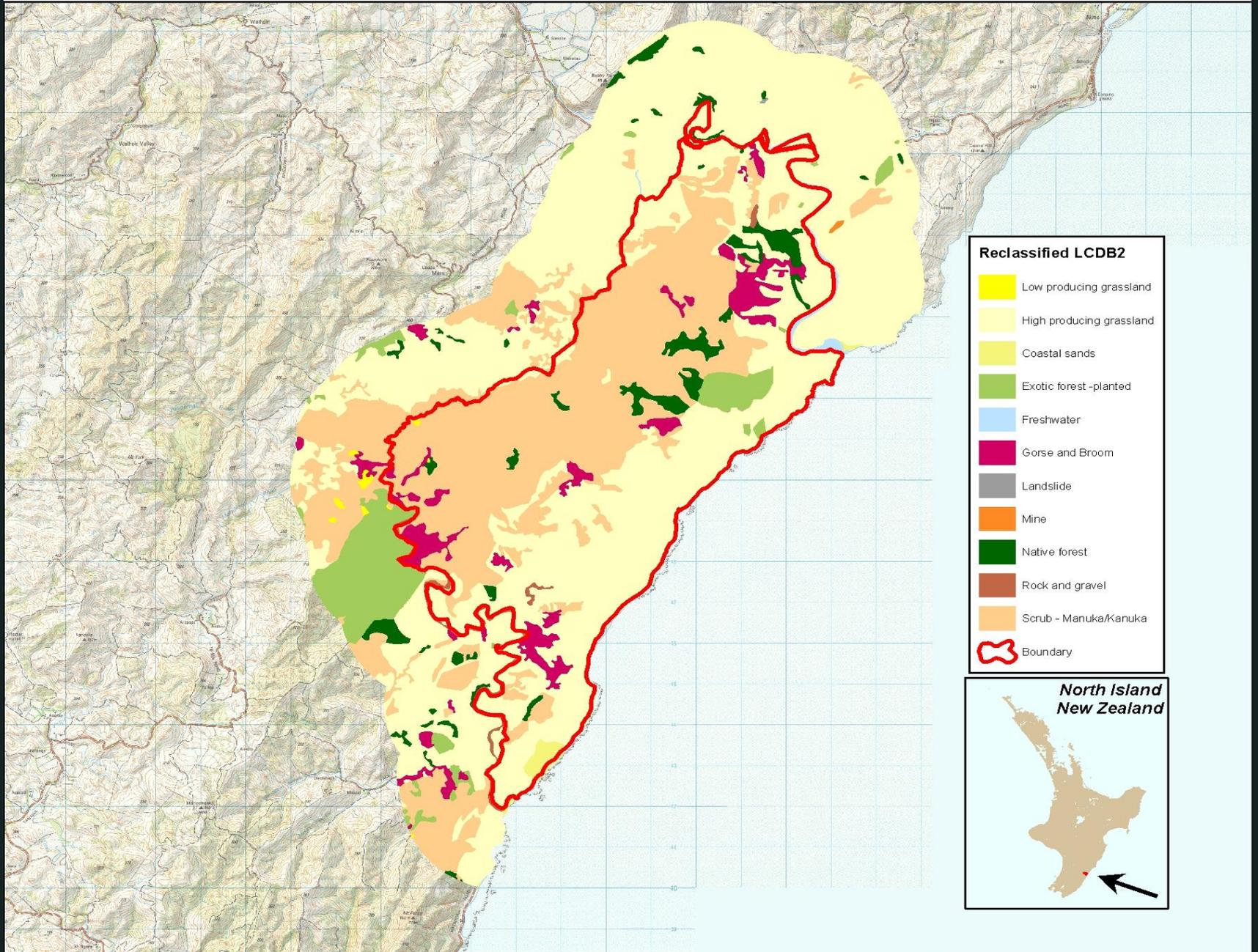


Land Cover

-  Bare ground
-  Broad-leaved scrub/ regenerating
-  Gorse
-  Herbaceous vegetation
-  Indigenous forest
-  Narrow-leaved scrub
-  Planted conifer forest
-  Unspecified woody vegetation
-  Water
-  Boundary



AOHANGA





Te Rēreahowhata Hokonui
 Te Kai Pukatea
 Rangī Haka Haka Kopiro
 Rakauhau
 Waingongoro
 Waingongoro Stream
 Te Oriti
 Makiri
 Owahanga Hill
 Tau Mata Whakapono
 Tupaki Awhete
 Cooking Area
 Waimaunu
 Te Motu
 Tauwiri
 Taumata
 Tiaki
 Kupe
 Whakarutia
 Te Waka
 Pah Kowai
 Arawata
 Taopo
 ParoParo
 Koronei
 Mataikona River
 Tara Matau
 Waiparua
 Puke Tawai
 Maihi
 Potaka
 Te One Roa
 Awatuangi
 Puketewai
 Otaumatarua
 Aupiripiri
 Omarua
 Pakihau
 Otane
 Karaka Hills
 Teikapure
 Te Koha Matai E Kona Kainga o Whatonga

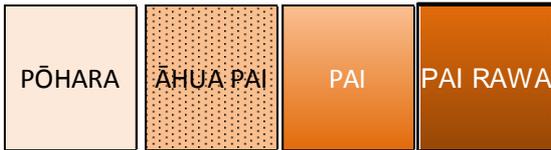


Imagery Dates: Jan 4, 2004 - Apr 22, 2007

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
 Image © 2009 DigitalGlobe
 © 2009 MapData Sciences PtyLtd, PSMA
 Image Horizons Regional Consortium
 lat -40.719366° lon 176.302500° elev 115 m

Eye alt 21.19 km

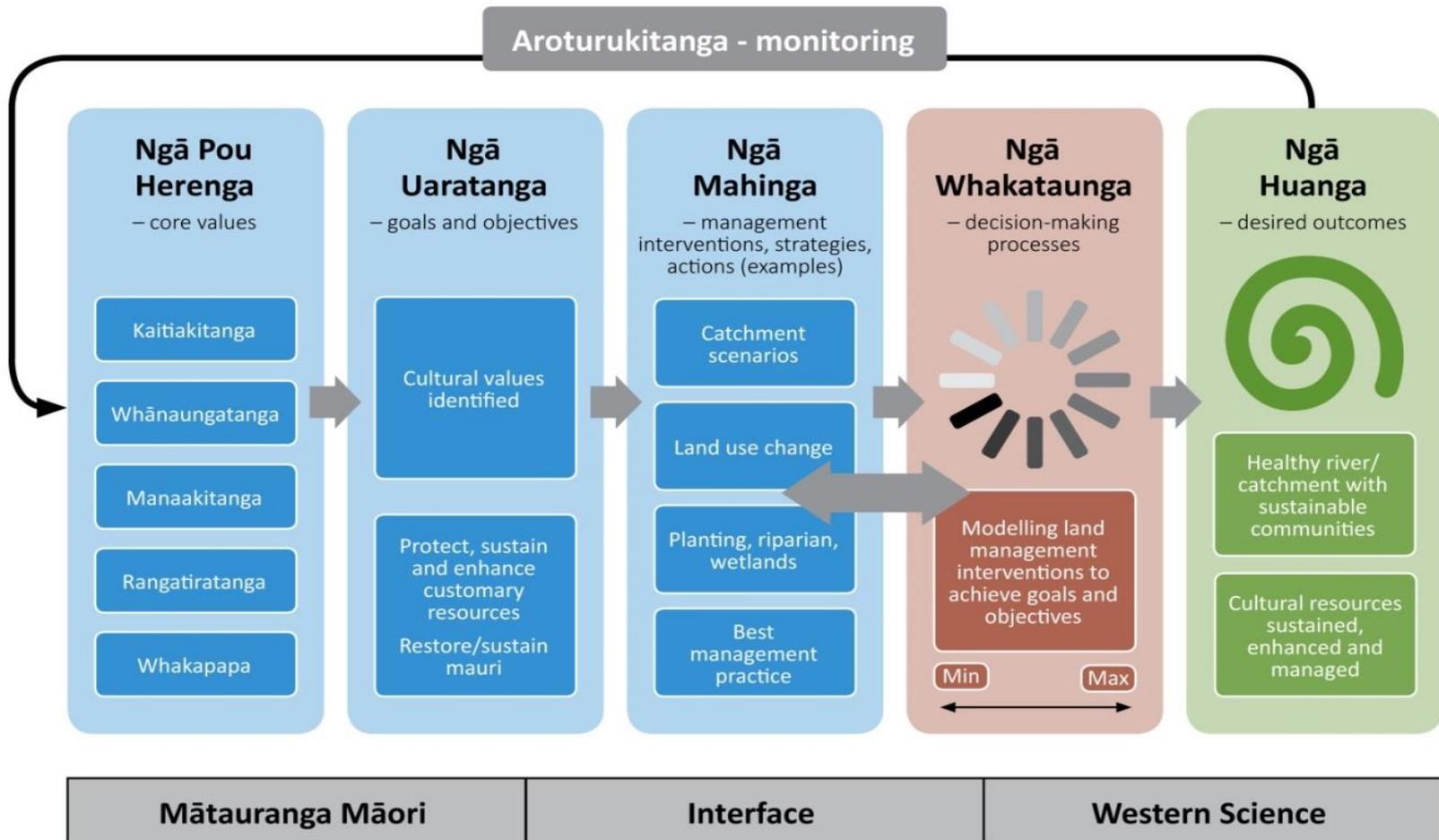
Criteria		Current Sheep and Beef	Expanded Sheep & Beef	Tree Planting	Expanded Sheep & Beef and Tree Planting
Kaitiakitanga	Mahinga Kai	PAI	PAI	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA
	Ngā Wai Tipuna	PAI	PAI	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA
	Wāhi Tapu/Taonga	PŌHARA	PŌHARA	PŌHARA	PŌHARA
	Ngā Otaota Māori	PAI	PAI	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA
Manaakitanga	Whanaungatanga	ĀHUA PAI	PAI	PAI	PAI
	Education	ĀHUA PAI	ĀHUA PAI	PAI	PAI
	Partnerships	ĀHUA PAI	PAI	PAI	PAI RAWA
Whakatipu Rawa	Intergenerational Investment	ĀHUA PAI	ĀHUA PAI	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA
	Whakapūmautanga	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA	PAI RAWA
	Labour FTEs	ĀHUA PAI	PAI	ĀHUA PAI	PAI RAWA



Kaupapa Māori modelling framework

Mātauranga Māori and science approaches can be used together to achieve iwi/hapū aspirational goals and outcomes/agreed outcomes

Mātauranga Māori and Modelling Interface



2 new science programmes

Short title: **Next generation S-map, smarter decisions**

(Digital soil map of New Zealand)

(MBIE funded Oct 2016)

Short title: **Soil health: oneone ora, tangata ora**

Descriptive title: Soil ecosystem health and resilience – a pathway to prosperity and wellbeing

(MBIE funded Oct 2016)

S-map MBIE Exec Summary

Focus on four main work streams:

- 1 & 2) Development of a spatial framework and a flexible technical infrastructure that supports the use of digital soil mapping techniques
- 3) Quantification and predictive modelling of soil hydrological attributes that control water flow through soils
- 4) Development of tools and outputs to support different decision-making needs that are more culturally responsive, interactive, and relevant at a range of scales.

Soil Health

Three Main Objectives:

1. Science: Soil Resilience (soil health over long term by testing pedogenic thresholds)
2. Māori perspectives/concepts and indicators of Soil Health
3. Develop an Integrated Soil Health Framework for policy and planning



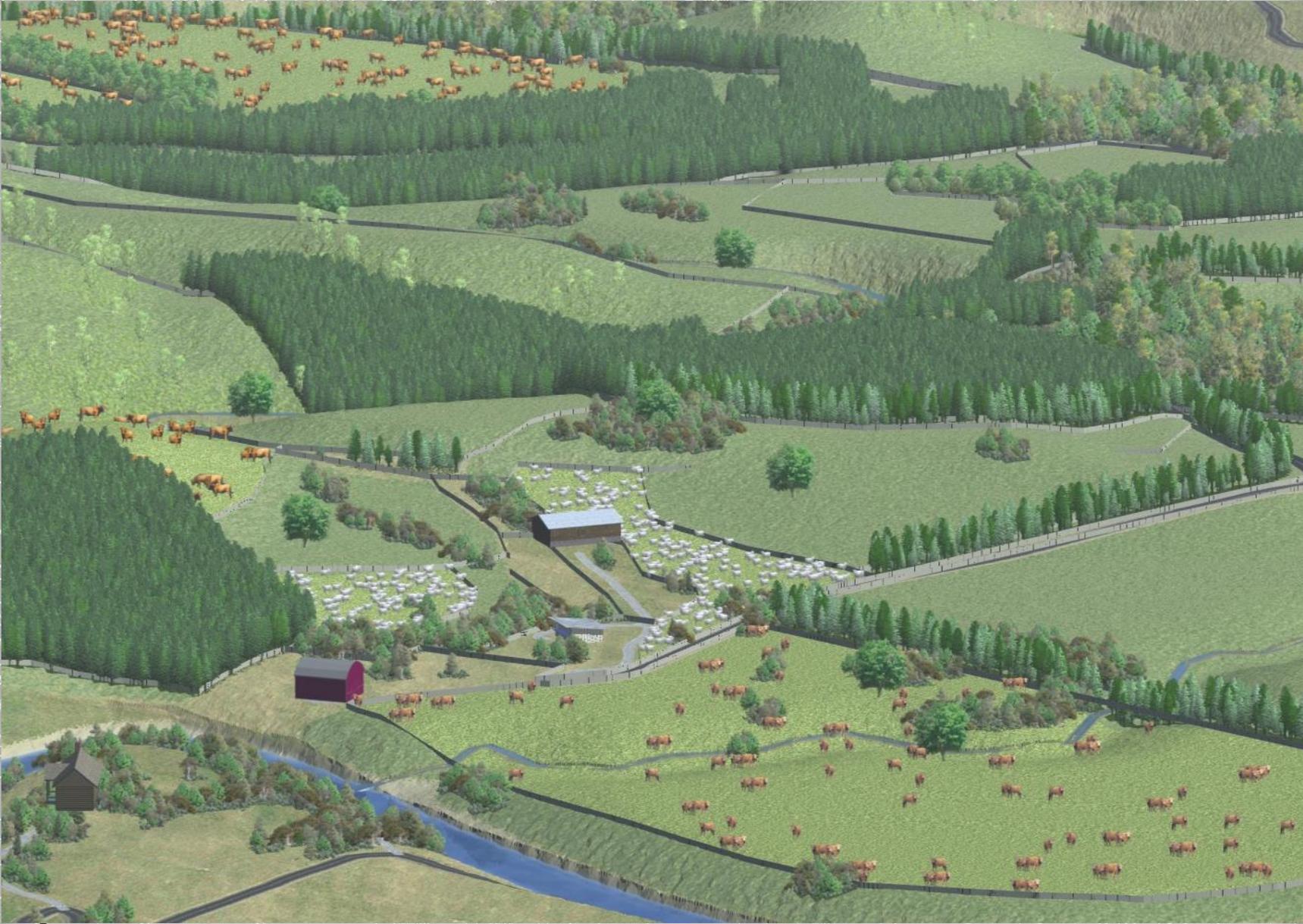
2. Ten year plan



Figure 3. 3D model of existing land use



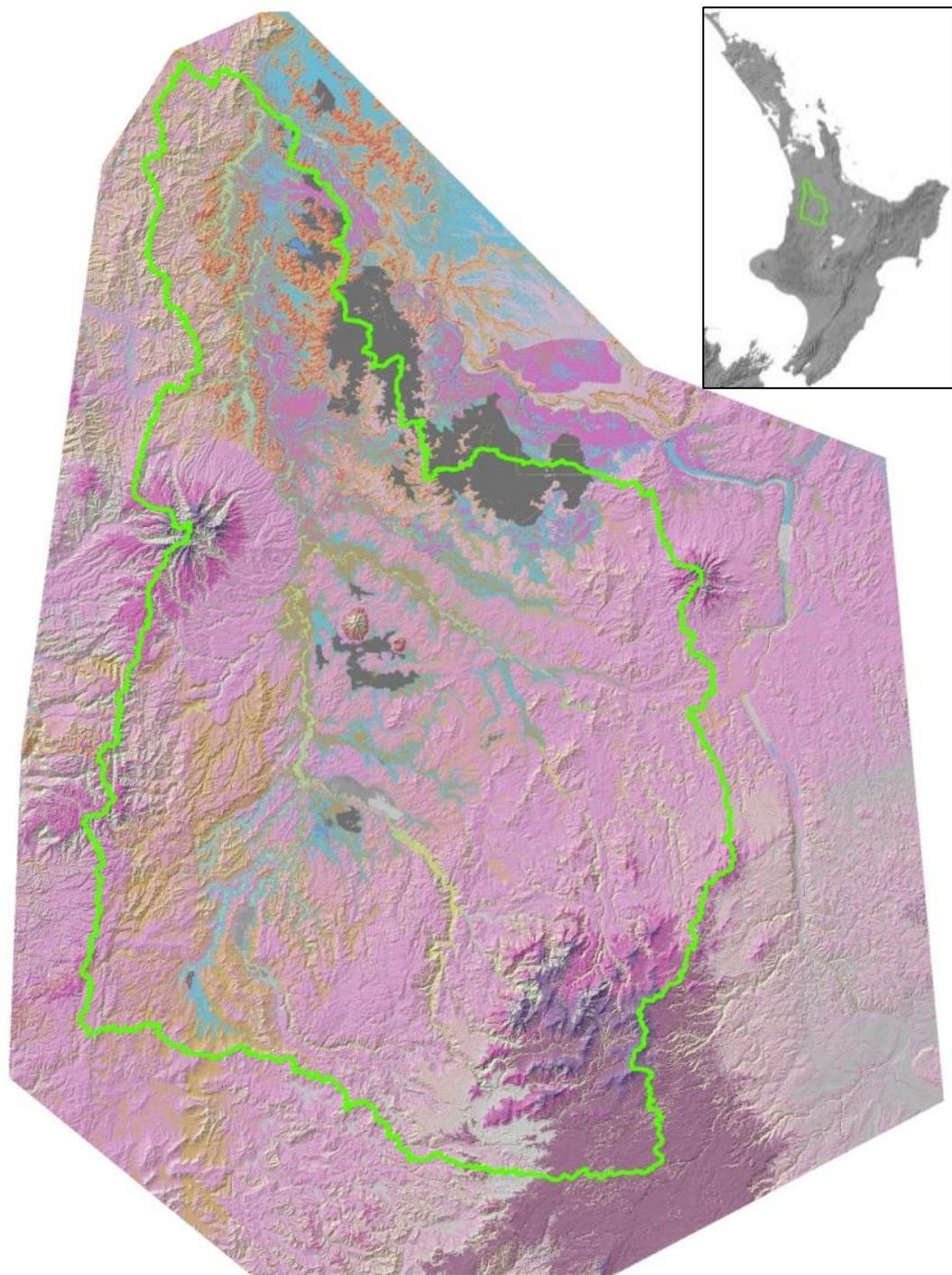
2m Visualized probability after a 50yr event (7%)

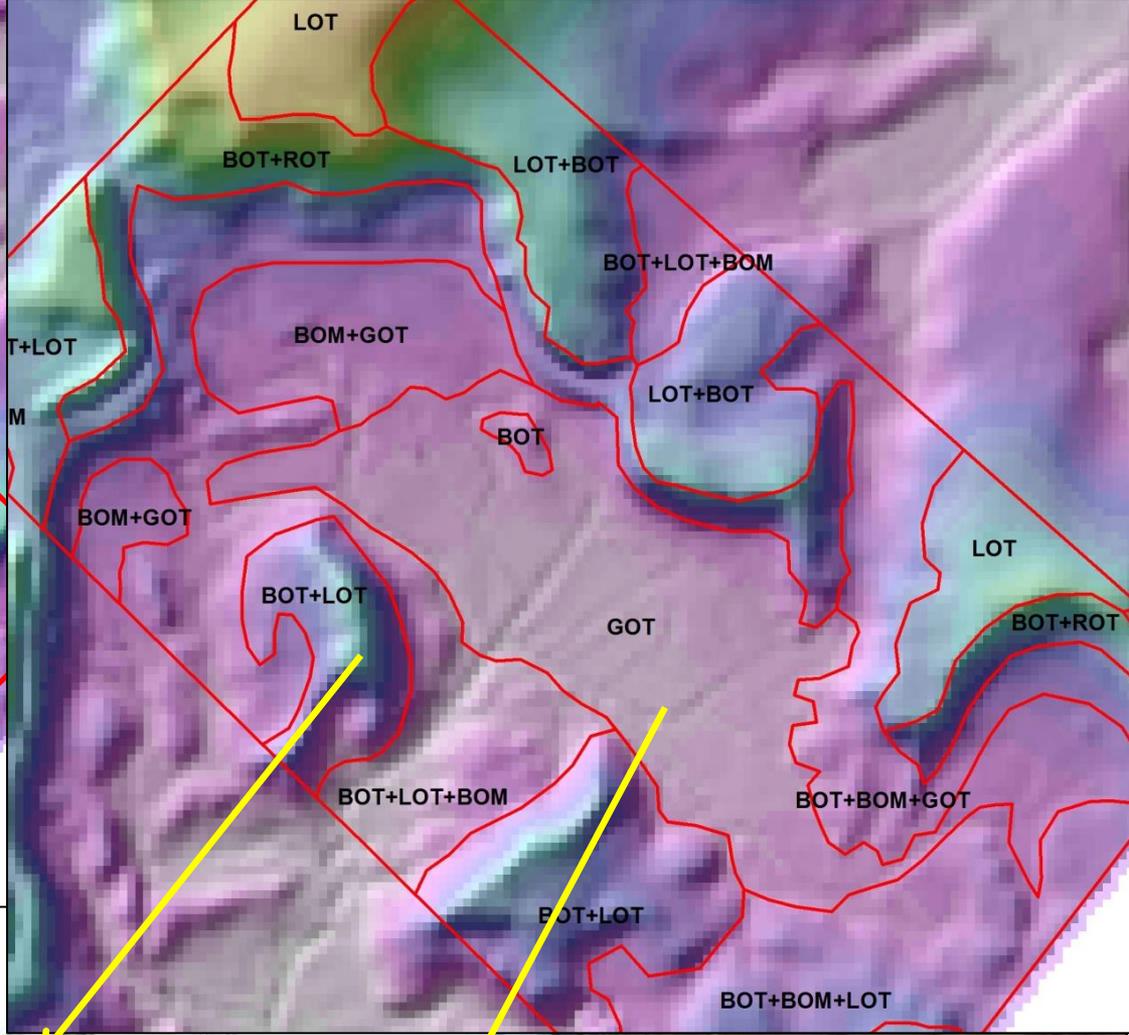
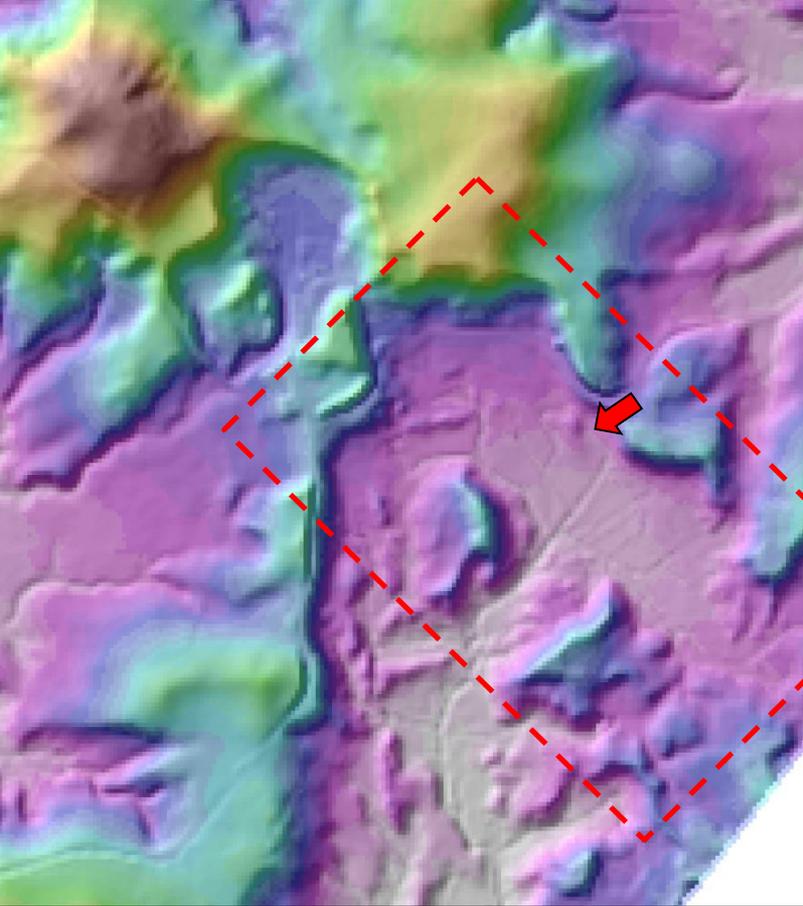


3dVR recommended landscape changes

Waipa DSM

- A digital soil map for the Waipa
- 1:50,000 scale
- Fit for purpose
- Stepping stone to farm scale
- Other uses?





S-map → Overseer → Regulation?

Soil N leaching kg/ha/y

Allophanic

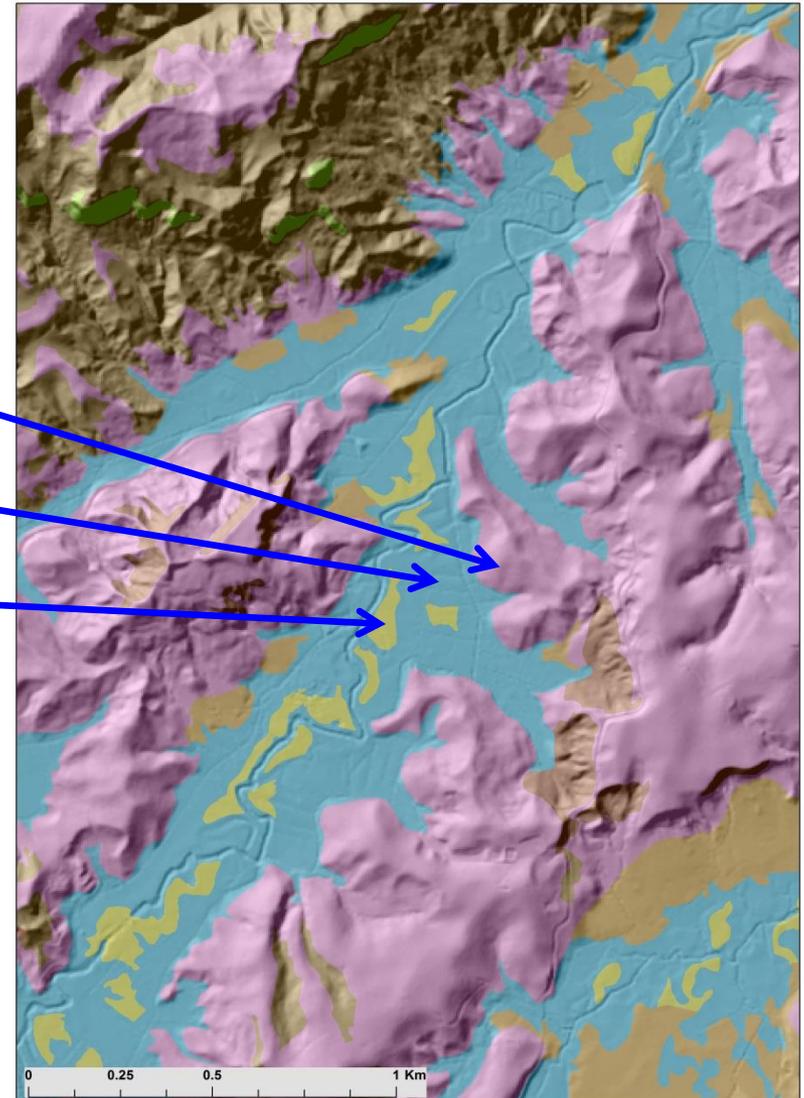
31

Gley

21

Recent

48



Critical to know:

- Which soils are present
- Proportion of each
- Where they are located

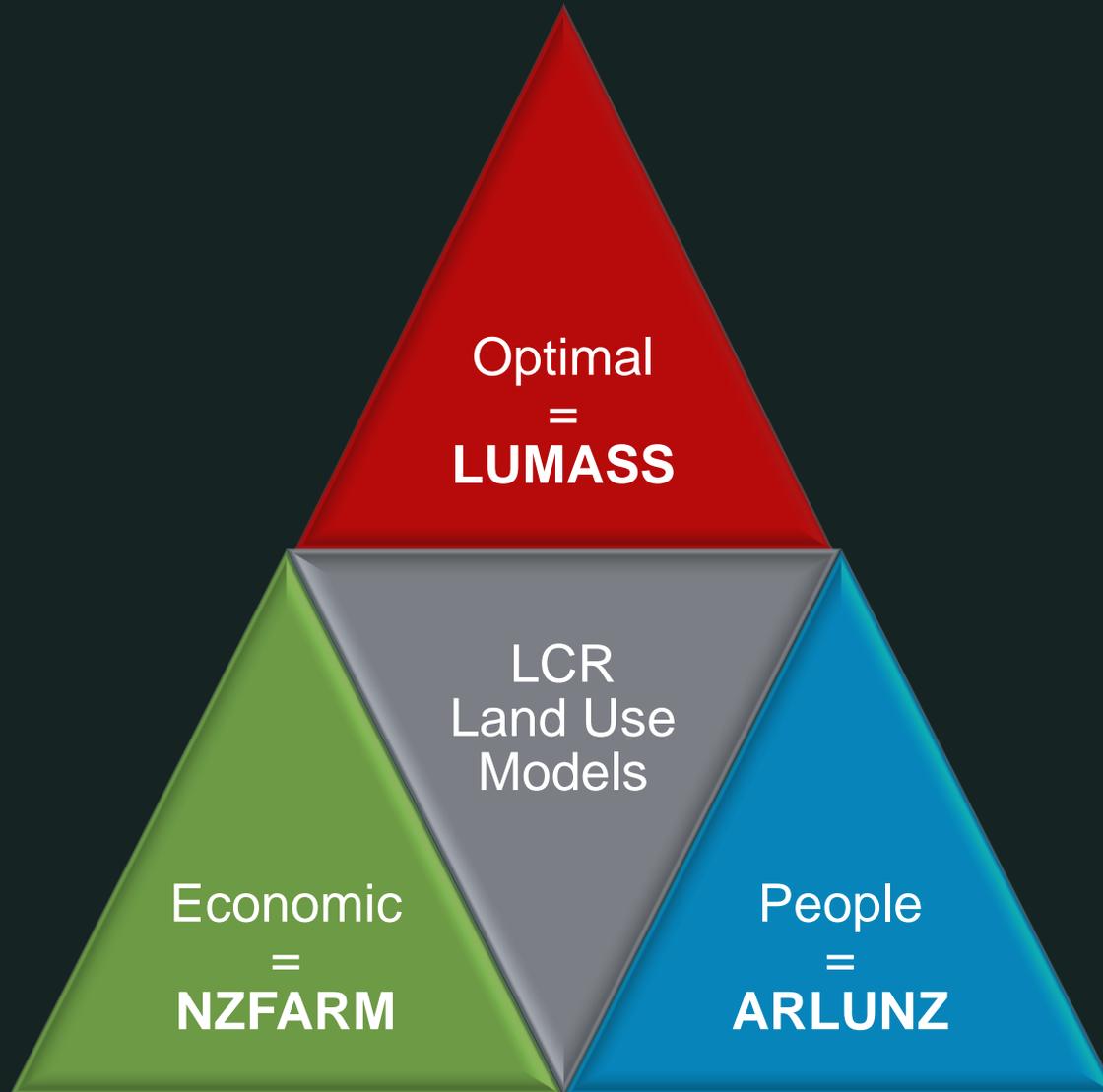
To inform land use and management

Māori decision tools

Integrated tools:

1. **LUMASS** - Indicate what is the optimal land use based on environmental/economic goals and constraints
 1. Good for catchments, rural scenarios and decisions
 2. Assessing the resource-use efficiency of land use
2. **NZFARM** - Consistently compare the economic & environmental impacts of policy scenarios & policy design
3. **ARLUNZ** - See how land use change is influenced by social processes and economics
 1. Social networks, succession plans, imitation, endorsement

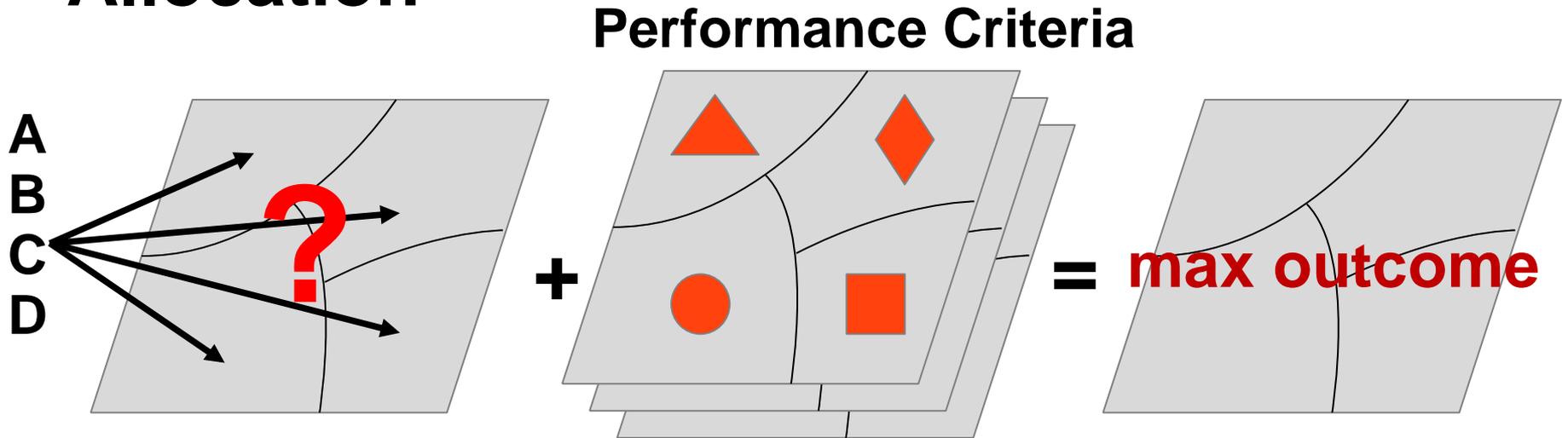
Integrated modelling approaches



Overview of models

Model	Scale	Specialisation	Land Uses	Modelling Unit
LUMASS	Catchment	Optimisation	All rural land uses (Productive/Non-Productive)	User defined
NZFARM	National & Catchment	Economic	All rural land uses (Productive/Non-Productive)	National = 5km Grids Catchment = Sub-catchment/LUC
ARLUNZ	Catchment	Behaviour Economic Social	All rural land uses (Productive/Non-Productive)	Farm/Cadastral

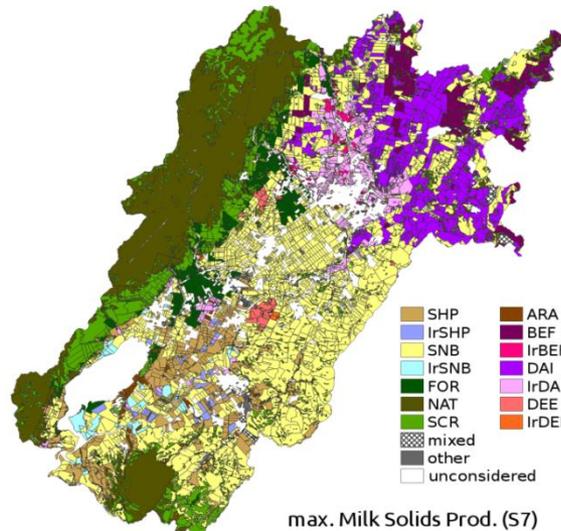
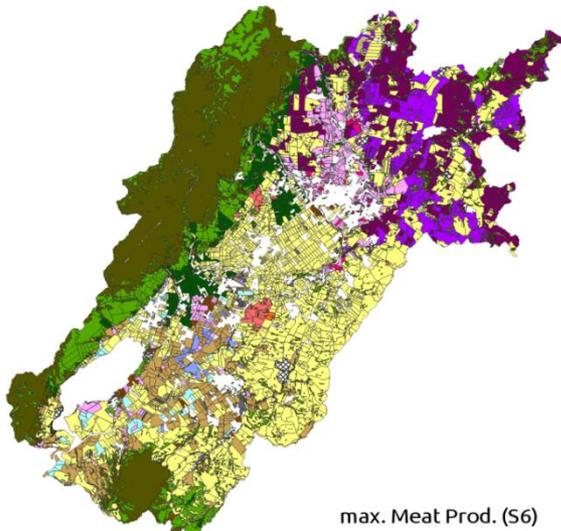
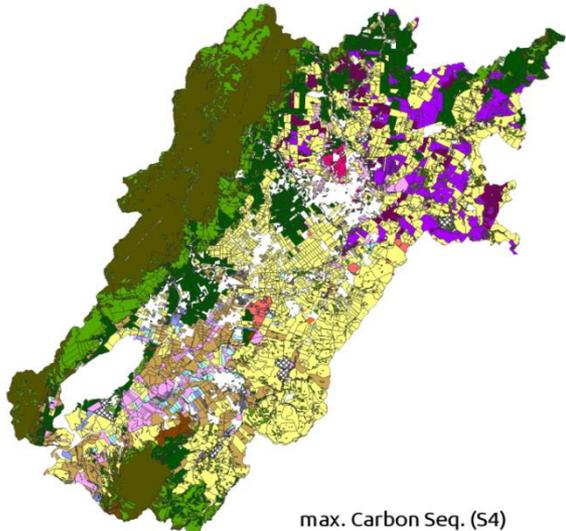
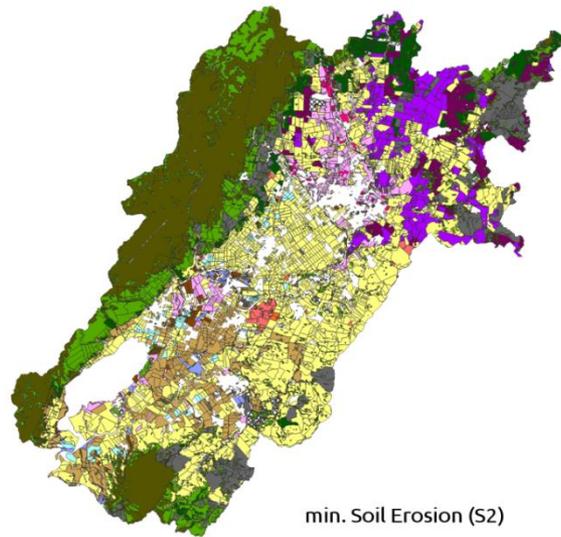
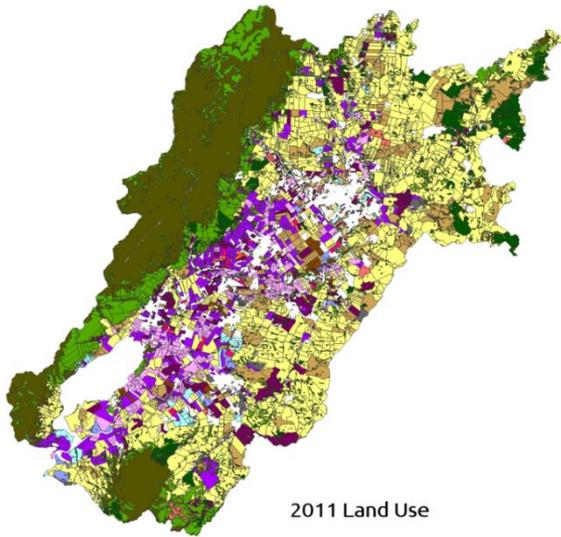
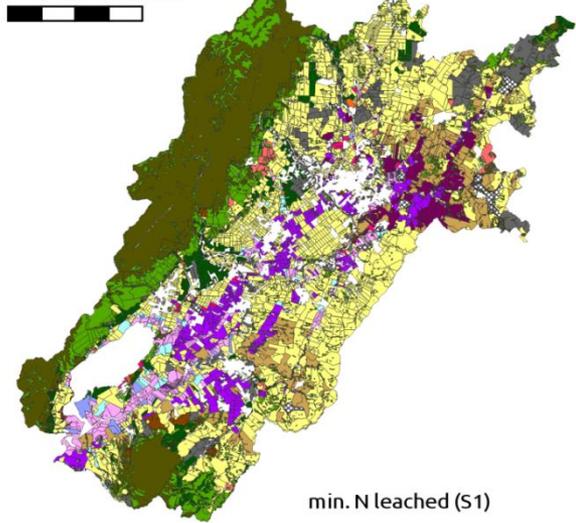
LUMASS – Optimal Spatial Resource Allocation



Resource	+	Performance	=	Outcome
Land-Use	+	Productivity	=	max Revenue
Land-Use	+	Env. Indicator	=	min Env. Impact
Water	+	Spec. Efficiency	=	max Efficiency
Habitat	+	Suitability	=	max Biodiversity

Exploring Limits: Land-use configurations maximising individual services

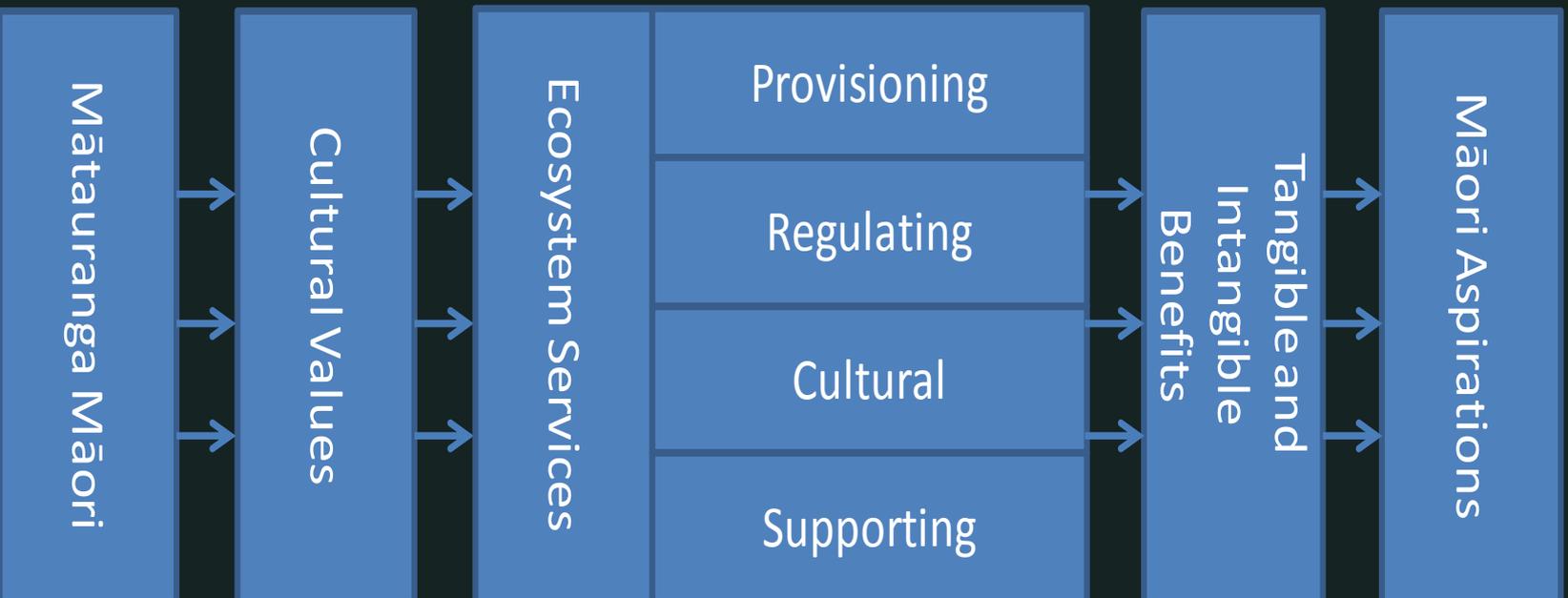
0 5 10 15 20 km



- SHP
- IrSHP
- SNB
- IrSNB
- FOR
- NAT
- SCR
- mixed
- other
- unconsidered
- ARA
- BEF
- IrBEF
- DAI
- IrDAI
- DEE
- IrDEE

An ecosystem services classification framework of provisioning, regulating, cultural and supporting services showing the 33 main service sub-categories for New Zealand (Dymond et al. 2012)

			Important services to assess in NZ	Natural ecosystems	Production ecosystems
Total value of ecosystem services	Direct use values	Provisioning services	Food: crops	Forest	Pasture
		Regulating services	Food: livestock	Shrubland	Cropland
	Indirect use values	Cultural services	Food: aquaculture	Grassland	Orchard
		Supporting services	Food: capture fisheries	Alpine ecosystem	Forest
	Passive values	Option values	Food: wild foods	Subalpine shrubland	
		Existence values	Fibre: timber and wood fibres	Wetland	
		Bequest values	Fibre: others	Estuary	
			Biomass fuel	Mangroves	
			Freshwater	Lake	
			Genetic resources	River	
			Minerals	Marine	
			Physical support for dwellings		
			Climate regulation (global)		
			Water regulation		
			Water purification and waste treatment		
			Erosion regulation		
			Pest regulation		
			Disease regulation		
			Pollination		
			Air quality regulation		
			Natural hazard regulation		
			Spiritual and aesthetic values		
			Recreation		
			Tourism		
			Sense of belonging		
			Soil formation and maintenance		
			Provision of natural habitat free of weeds and pests		



Unlocking the potential - Conclusions & recommendations

- More holistic kaupapa Māori approach needed to Māori land
- Meaningful information/knowledge aligned to aspirations and values (meet needs)
- Requires a collective and partnership approach (not single block) between land owners, Govt, iwi/hapū, councils, industry to develop capacity and scale
- Regional approaches e.g., iwi/hapū growth strategies, regional economic growth strategies, etc

Conclusions & recommendations

- Range of frameworks and models available e.g., integrated models, cultural values frameworks, ecosystem service frameworks, bio-economics, etc
- Diversified multi-functional landscapes/multiple use matched to land types, physical potential
- Move from data to knowledge (better understanding) about characteristics and properties of Māori land
- Catchment approaches are useful (e.g., within environmental limits, cultural impacts, regulations)
- Need to understand global markets, consumer values and needs, value added premium products

Māori Land Online — Ministry of Justice, New Zealand - Windows Internet Explorer

http://www.maorilandonline.govt.nz/gis/home.htm

maori land online

Home Owner Interest Search Block Search Map Search

Welcome to the Māori Land Online website

This website, originally launched in 2004, provides a snapshot of current ownership, trustee, memorial and block information for land that falls within the jurisdiction of the Māori Land Court under Te Ture Whenua Māori Act 1993 and other legislation – this is primarily Māori Customary and Māori Freehold Land, but also includes, General Land Owned by Māori, Crown Land Reserved for Māori and some treaty settlement reserves, mahaŋā kai and fishing rights areas.

The site has three main searches each of which is set out below:

Owner Interest Search

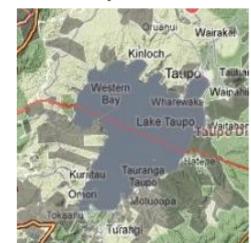
District : Tairāwhiti

23285	Anewa
23542	Hereheretau B4R2B
23991	Kopua A2
24054	Kopūtūea 1 & 2 (Aggregated) (Kog)
24437	Lot 2 Deposited Plan 2394 and Lot Estate
24116	Mahaŋa 1C1A2 and Others (Agor)
24485	Mangaŋoike 2C1
24481	Mangaŋuna 3 & 4

Block Search



Map Search



A search for interests held by owners and trustees in Māori Freehold Land or land that falls within the Māori Land Court's jurisdiction.

A search for Land Blocks, Trusts and locations of land held by owners – this also includes a search by Land Information New Zealand (LINZ) reference.

A visual map search of all Land Blocks in the Māori Land Court system in New Zealand and includes layers for Local and Regional Councils.

Looking for Help? [Try Here](#)
Want to provide Feedback? [Try Here](#)
Want to contact us? [Try Here](#)

If you have visited this website before you may have to refresh your web browsers cache to benefit from the latest additions. For help on clearing cache [click here](#)

Our pages now contain links to the Landcare Research Māori Land Visualisation Tool - which provides detailed soil and land usage information for Māori Land Blocks. You can view this through the block detail pages or by going directly to their site at <http://whenuaviz.landcareresearch.co.nz>.
Please note that we do not maintain the Landcare site - and take no responsibility for their information or the availability of their site.

Note: Although Māori Land Online is updated regularly, the Māori Land Court and the Ministry of Justice cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information on this site. To ensure accuracy the information should be checked against the records held by the Māori Land Court and Land Information New Zealand. Unlike titles registered and issued under the Land Transfer Act 1952, the accuracy of the Māori Land Court record is not accompanied by a state guarantee. Use of this site should be read in conjunction with the [disclaimer](#).

 [Māori Land Court](#) | [About this Site](#) | [Site Owner](#)
[Accessibility](#) | [Disclaimer](#) | [Privacy Statement](#) | [Copyright](#) | [Contact Us](#)
Māori Land Court data last updated: 03/03/2014
LINZ data last updated: 03/03/2014

New Zealand Government

Start Final LINZ 5 March 2014 ... Māori Land Online ... Internet 100% 1:19 p.m.

Ability to integrate different information

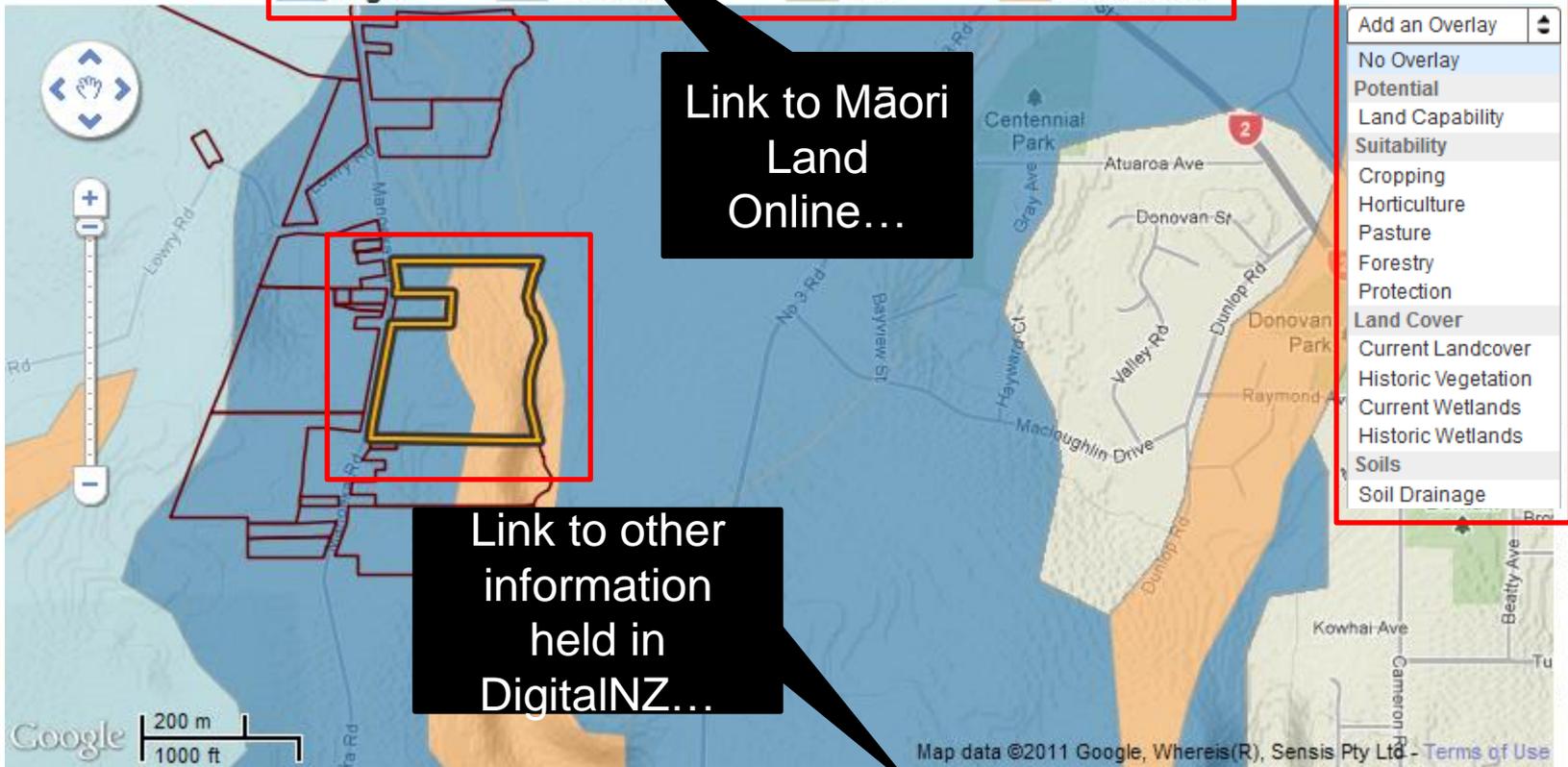
ing environmental information about Māori land

Te Puke 1A17B1

Te Puke 1A17B1 has an area of 0.1 hectares. There is 1 share. There is 1 owner.

[View the block details at Māori Land Online.](#)

High Moderate Low Unsuitable



Link to Māori Land Online...

Link to other information held in DigitalNZ...

Nearby places: [Putaruru](#) [Takarangi](#) [Ohui](#) [Mount Misery](#)

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



Landcare Research
Manaaki Whenua

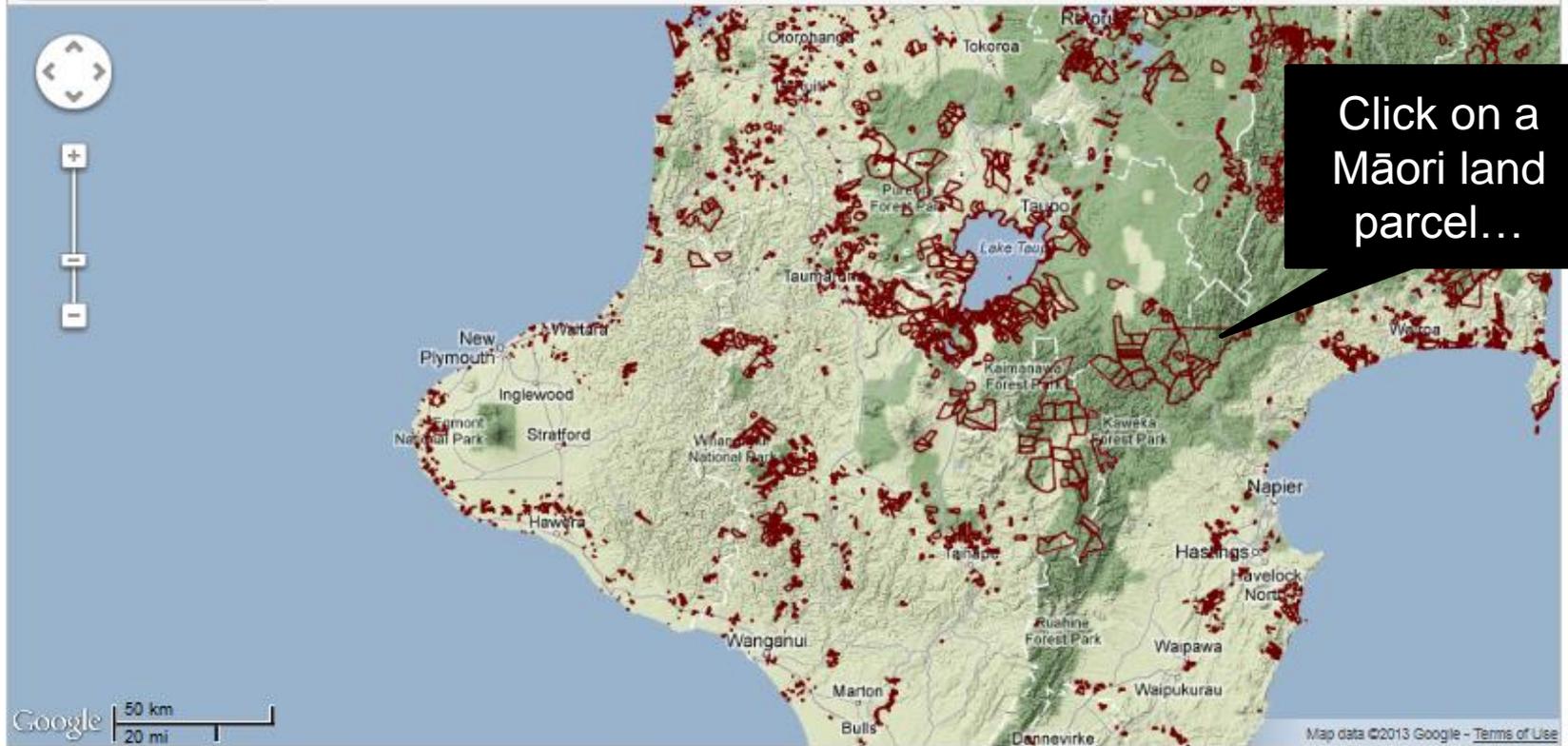
Select a land parcel...

Nau Mai Haere mai - Welcome

This website is primarily intended to help Māori land owners and managers to view and manage their Māori land blocks. To use this site either type the registered name of your land block or the location of your land block and click on the land block's boundary. We welcome your thoughts and comments on the design of this tool.

[Terrain](#) | [Map](#) | [Satellite](#)

Add an Overlay



Click on a Māori land parcel...

No overlay selected

You can select an overlay from the top left of the map

Search of a land parcel...

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



Te Puni Kōkiri
REALISING MĀORI POTENTIAL

Search Results

Parcels

[Tataraakina A \(\)](#)

[Tataraakina C \(\)](#)

Places

[Tataraakina \(Hastings District\)](#)

[About](#) [Terms of Use](#) [Feedback](#)

Or search
for a place
name ...

and click a land
parcel from the
results list

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



Landcare Research
Manaaki Whenua

Nau Mai Haere mai - Welcome

This website is primarily intended to help Māori land owners and managers to find out more about the physical characteristics, constraints and potential of their Māori land blocks. To use this site either type the registered name of your land block in the search box above or using the map, zoom to the location of your land block and click on the land block's boundary. We welcome your thoughts and comments.

Terrain | Map | Satellite

The map shows a topographic view of a region with several land blocks outlined in red. One block, 'Tataraakina C', is highlighted with a yellow border. A white information popup is centered over this block, containing the following text: 'Tataraakina C', '14851.8 hectares', '881 owners', '415813 shares', and two blue links: 'More details' and 'Make an enquiry'. The map includes a compass rose, a zoom control, and a scale bar. Labels on the map include 'Kaweka Forest Park' and 'Hawke's Bay'. At the bottom right, it says 'Map data ©2013 Google - Terms of Use Report a map error'.

Tataraakina C

14851.8 hectares
881 owners
415813 shares
[More details](#) [Make an enquiry](#)

Kaweka Forest Park

Hawke's Bay

Map data ©2013 Google - [Terms of Use](#) [Report a map error](#)

Initial information about a land parcel

Click on the 'More details' link for more information...

No overlay selected

You can select an overlay from the top left of the map



Parcel information
up front

Tataraakina C

[View the block details at Māori Land Online.](#)

Title Information

[Make an enquiry about this parcel](#)

Area: 14851.8 ha

Owners: 881

Shares: 415813

Mortgaged: No

Leased: Yes

Notes: The land is managed by a trust.

Land potential

Land cover

Climate

Soil properties

A view of Land Use
classes for the current
land parcel

Land Potential

What is the potential of this land?

Class	Area	Description
7	57% 8474.84 ha	Marginal for pastoral and forestry Non-arable land with severe limitations to use under perennial vegetation such as pasture or forest.
8	28% 4149.73 ha	Extreme limitations Land with very severe to extreme limitations or hazards that make it unsuitable for cropping, pasture or forestry.
6	13% 1962.54 ha	Not suited to cropping but good for pastoral and forestry Non-arable land with moderate limitations for use under perennial vegetation such as pasture or forest.
4	2% 264.69 ha	Significant limitations for cropping and horticulture Land with moderate limitations for arable use, but suitable for occasional cropping, pasture or forestry.

[Learn more about land use classes...](#)

What limitations are there?

14417.33 ha	Erosion erosion susceptibility, deposition or the effects of past erosion damage first limits production
434.48 ha	Soil Composition soil physical or chemical properties in the rooting zone such as shallowness, stoniness, low moisture holding capacity, low fertility (which is difficult to correct), salinity, or toxicity first limits production

Land Use limitations
for the current land
parcel

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



Tataraakina C

[View the block details at Māori Land Online.](#)

Title Information

[Make an enquiry about this parcel](#)

Area: 14851.8 ha **Owners:** 881 **Shares:** 415813
Mortgaged: No **Leased:** Yes **Notes:** The land is managed by a trust.

Land potential Land d... Soil properties [Enquire about this land use](#)

Land Potential

What is the land?

Class	Area	Description
7	57% 8474.84 ha	Marginal for pastoral and forestry Non-arable land with severe limitations to use under perennial vegetation such as pasture or forest.
8	28% 4149.73 ha	Extreme limitations Land with very severe to extreme limitations or hazards that make it unsuitable for cropping, pasture or forestry.
6	13% 1962.54 ha	Not suited for forestry Non-arable land with moderate limitations to use under perennial vegetation such as pasture or forest.
4	2% 264.69 ha	Significant limitations Land with moderate limitations to use under pasture or forestry.

Land Use class

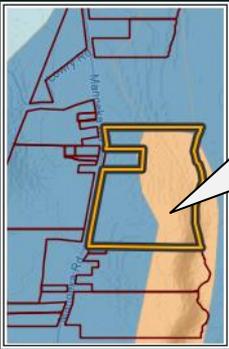
Land Use description

Proportion of land area that is Land Use class 8

[Learn more about land use classes...](#)

What limitations are there?

14417.33 ha	Erosion erosion susceptibility, deposition or the effects of past erosion damage first limits production
434.48 ha	Soil Composition soil physical or chemical properties in the rooting zone such as shallowness, stoniness, low moisture holding capacity, low fertility (which is difficult to correct), salinity, or toxicity first limits production



Te Puke No.1A No.4B

9.5 hectares
32 owners
22.9625 shares
Managed by a trust

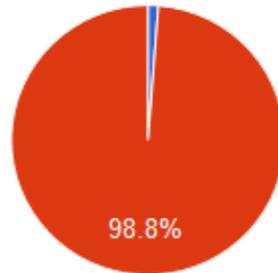
What is the drainage like on this land?

Current vs Historic Wetlands

No applicable features on this parcel.

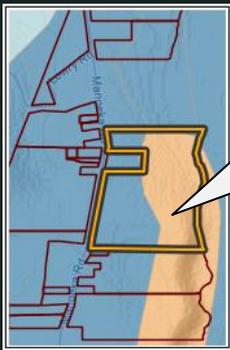
[Learn more...](#)

Soil Drainage



Moderately Well Drained [180.7 ha]
Well Drained [14699.7 ha]

[Learn more...](#)



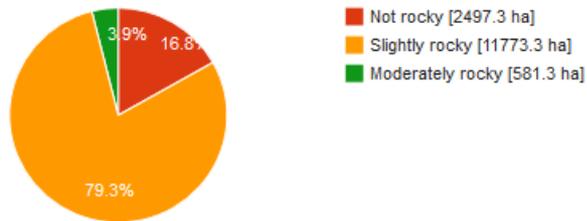
Te Puke No.1A No.4B

9.5 hectares
32 owners
22.9625 shares
Managed by a trust

What are the soil properties of this land?

Soil Physical Characteristics

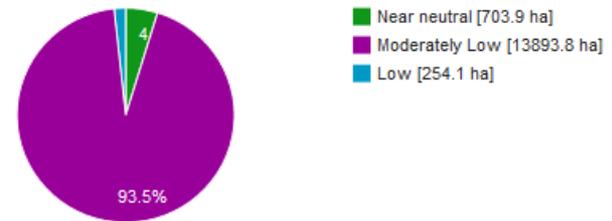
Rock outcrops and surface boulders



[Learn more...](#)

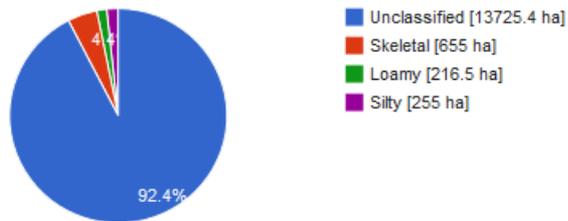
Soil Chemistry

Measure of acidity (pH)



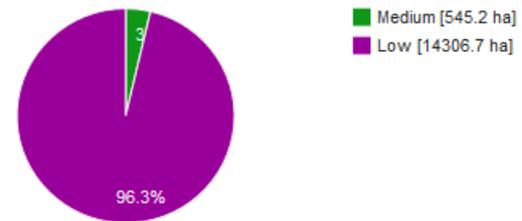
[Learn more...](#)

Particle Size



[Learn more...](#)

Cation exchange capacity



[Learn more...](#)

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



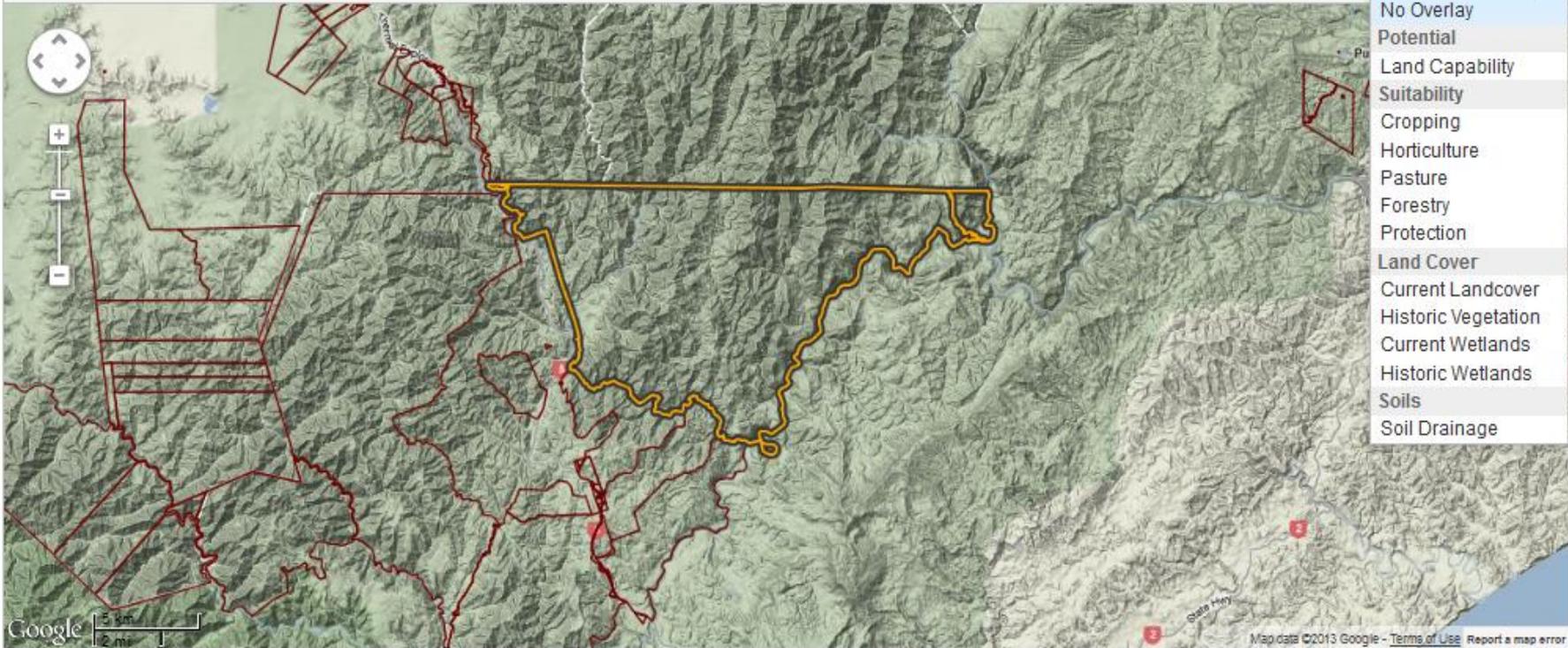
Landcare Research
Manaaki Whenua

Select an improved land use and land cover type

Tataraakina C

[View the block details at Māori Land Online.](#)

[Terrain](#) | [Map](#) | [Satellite](#)



No overlay selected

You can select an overlay from the top left of the map

Nearby places: [Paraweranui](#) [Tahuwera](#) [AWAHOHONU FOREST](#) [Hurumauku](#)

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



Te Puni Kōkiri
REALISING MĀORI POTENTIAL

View a map of the Land Use capability

Tataraakina C

[View the block details at Māori Land Online.](#)

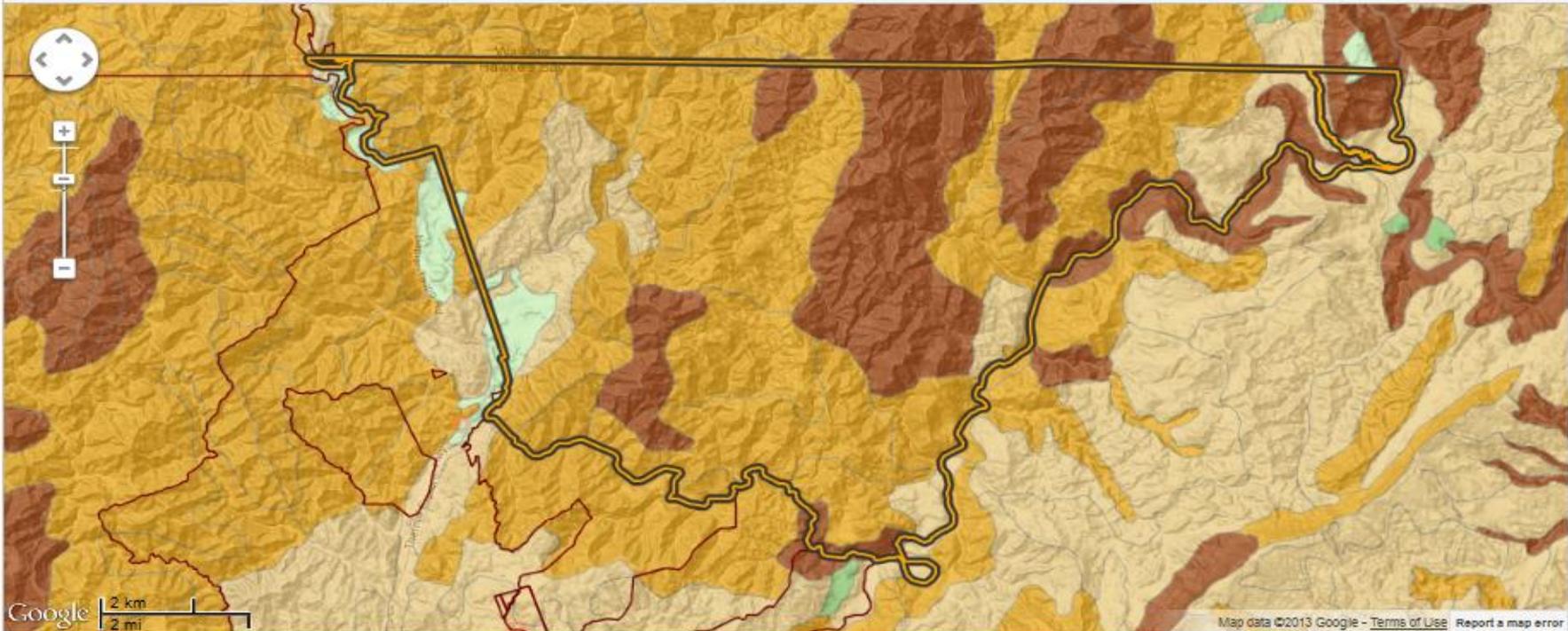
[Make an enquiry about this parcel](#)

Area: 415813

Notes: The land is managed by a trust.

[Terrain](#) | [Map](#) | [Satellite](#)

Land Capability



Land Capability

This layer shows the general capability and versatility of the land, and incorporates the degree of physical resource limitation to agriculture, by interpreting and colour coding each of the original eight land-type classes of Land Use Capability (LUC) within the New Zealand Land Resource Inventory (NZLRI).

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Unclassified | Best | Excellent | Crops, pasture, and forest |
| Occasional crops, pasture, and forest | Pasture and forest | Moderately limited | Severely limited |
| Extremely limited | | | |

Visualising Māori Land

A prototype tool for accessing and interpreting environmental information about Māori land

[Home](#) [About](#) [Give Feedback](#) [Help](#) [Make an enquiry](#)



Landcare Research
Manaaki Whenua

View a map of the land cover

Tataraakina C

[View the block details at Māori Land Online.](#)

[Make an enquiry about this parcel](#)

Share: 5813

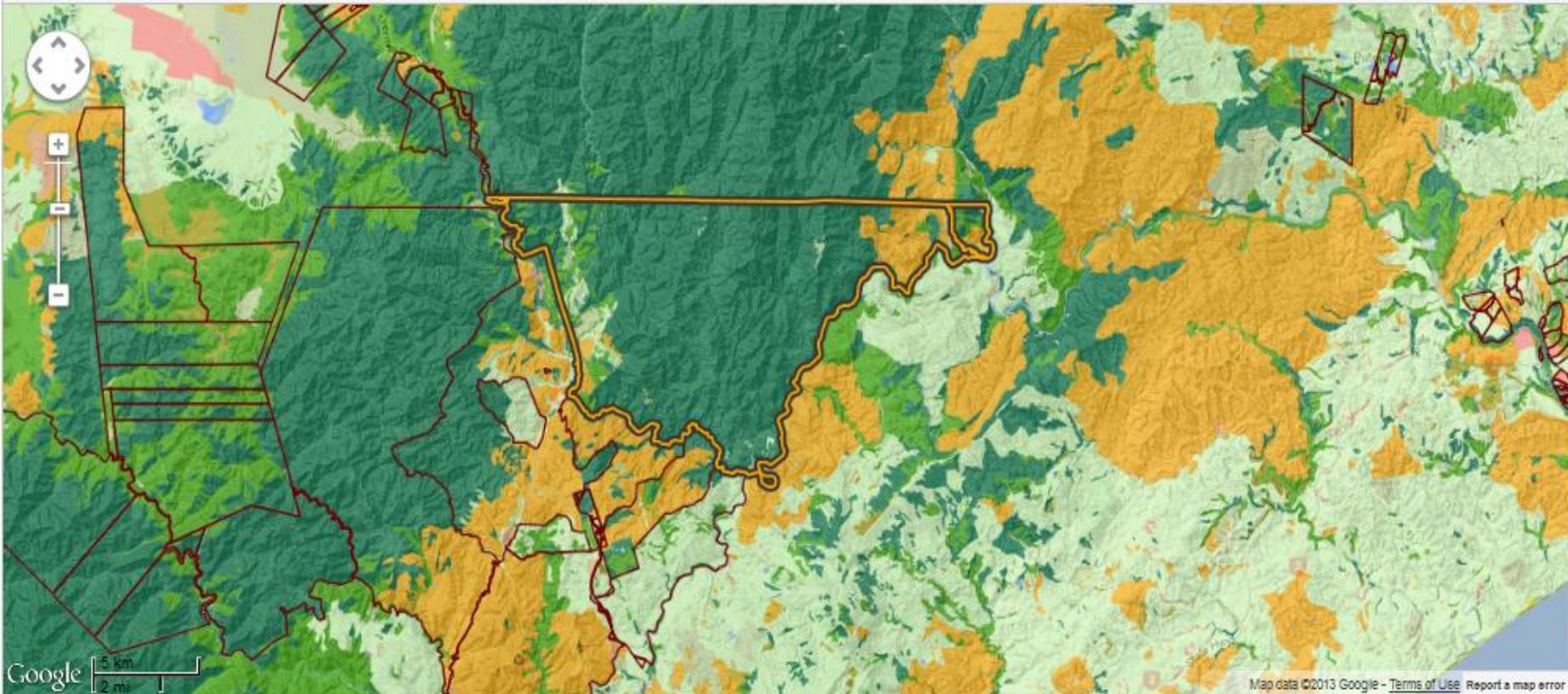
Mortgaged: No

Leased: Yes

Notes: The land is managed by a trust.

[Terrain](#) | [Map](#) | [Satellite](#)

Current Landcover



Map data ©2013 Google - [Terms of Use](#) [Report a map error](#)

Māori Land Use : Client Enquiry Form



Tēnā koe and welcome to the Māori Land Enquiry Service.

If you would like to make an enquiry about the service, please complete the details below and we'll be in touch.

Some details about you

Your Name

Your Email Address

Your Phone Number

Your Organisation

Your Land Block

Tataraakina C

Are you a trustee?

- No
 Yes

Preferred contact method

- By Phone
 By Email
 Either

Which is your enquiry about?

- This land's legal title This land's potential General enquiry

Your message



Send message



Landcare Research
Manaaki Whenua

Search

Information

[Make an enquiry about this parcel](#)

1.8 ha

Owners: 881

Shares: 415813

No

Leased: Yes

Notes: The land is managed by a trust.

Add an Overlay



Map data ©2013 Google - [Terms of Use](#) - [Report a map error](#)

Send a request for more information about the lands title or the lands potential