

Pathogens don't carry passports

Taxonomic aspects of the Psa story

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Landcare Research Link Seminar, Wellington, 28 May 2013

Taxonomy capability

- With Landcare Research for 11 years
 PhD 2006: rhizobia
 - Postdoc 2011: Colletotrichum
- Fungi & Bacteria team: 5 scientists, 5 technicians
- In Auckland

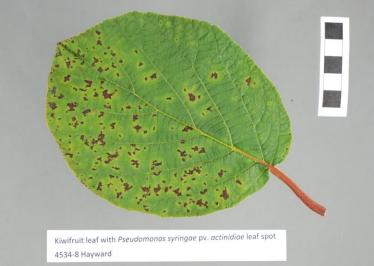
- Co-located with MPI PHEL

Outline

- Pathogens don't carry passports
 How do we know what they are?
- How taxonomy + collections + databases can help inform policy decisions
- With reference to the recent Psa kiwifruit disease
 - But relevant to many plant pathogens and fungi
 - PTA, Myrtle rust, Citrus canker, Xylella etc.

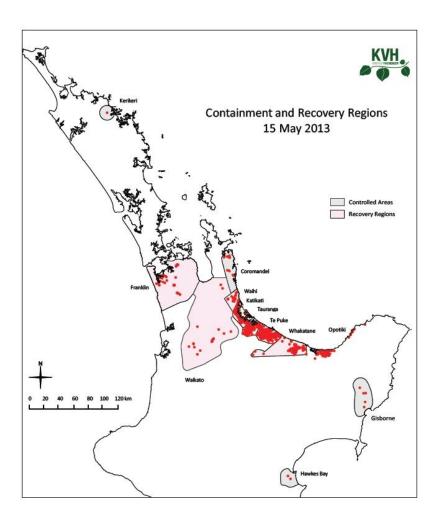
What is Psa?

- A bacterial disease of kiwifruit
 Leaf spots, canker, death
- Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae
 - Trinomial name?
 - bacterium





Severe kiwifruit disease



Psa-V Statistics
 – 22 May 2013

- 2102 orchards have Psa-V.
- 71% of New Zealand's kiwifruit hectares
- Not Nelson

Why Landcare Research?

- MPI
 - Initial incursion response
 - Regulations
- Plant and Food Research (PFR)
 - Industry links
 - Developed kiwifruit cultivars (Royalties)
 - Plant pathologists
- KVH

- Independent org. managing Psa

Why Landcare Research?

- History
- DSIR split into CRIs in 1992
- The PDD of DSIR was split between Crop & Food, Hort Research, AgResearch, and Landcare Research
- Landcare retained:
 - National collections (CHR, PDD, NZAC, ICMP)
 - Taxonomists

DSIR Bacteriology 1988

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Psa response

Genome sequence

- November 2010 from Te Puke
- MAF ID'd bacterium as Psa
- But which strain?
 - Asian
 - Italian
- Asked by MAF to do whole genome sequence
 - Sequenced in 3 days
 - Capability from in-house research tool (454)
 - Microsatellite discovery

Genome analysis

Gene	Japan 84, Italy	Italy 08/09	NZ 2010
	94		
avrPto1	-	-	
avrD1	+	+	
avrAE1	+	+	
hopA1	-	+	
hopB1	-	-	
hopC1	-	-	
hopD1	+	+	
hopF2	-	-	
hopG1	-	-	
hrpK1	+	+	
hopAF1	±	-	
hopAN1	+	+	
Coronatine	±	-	
Phaseolotoxin	+	-	

Genome analysis

Gene	Japan 84, Italy 94	Italy 08/09	NZ 2010		
avrPto1	-	-	-		
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hopG1	-	-	-		
hrpK1	+	+	+		
hopAF1	±	-	-		
hopAN1	+	+	+		
Coronatine	±	-	-		
Phaseolotoxin	+	-	-		

ICMP: International Collection of Microorganisms from plants

- National coll. of living bacteria and fungi
 - All of NZ, stakeholders
 Liquid N₂
- 18,800 cultures
- Important collection of plant pathogenic bacteria
 - "type strain" of Psa (Takikawa 1989)



New or Old disease in NZ?

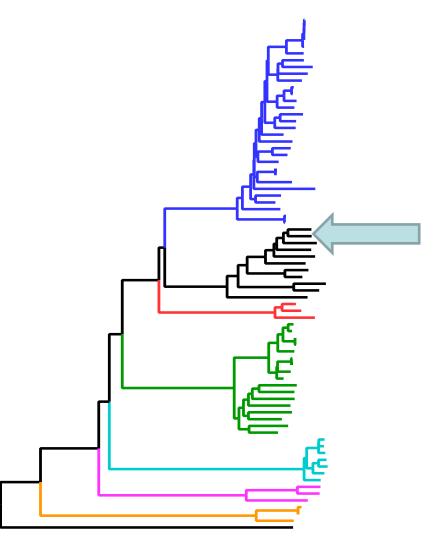
- Was Psa-V a recent introduction?
- Or been here for a long time
 changing conditions caused severe disease?
- Screened 40 years of ex- kiwifruit bacteria in the ICMP looking for Psa

– Found no matches from 143

Value of collections to NZ
 – Keep collecting NZ material

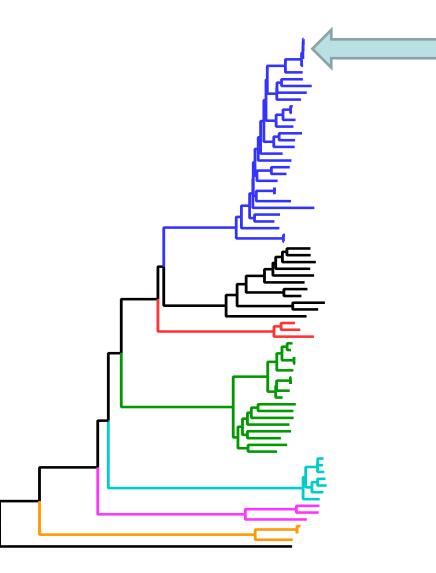
Pseudomonas syringae Taxonomy

- V. important group of plant pathogens
 - 11 species and 64 pathovars (26 in NZ)
 - Pathovar = Pathological variants
 - Inconsistent confusing taxonomy
 - -7 "Genomospecies"
- Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae
- Bacteriological Code & Pathovar Standards
 - Rules of nomenclature
 - pv. system developed in NZ



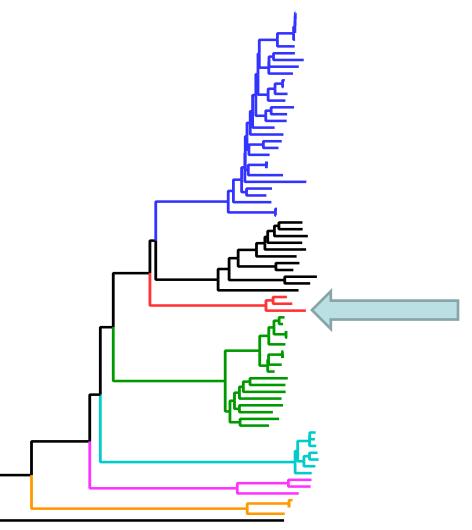


Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae - Lilac Bacterial blight



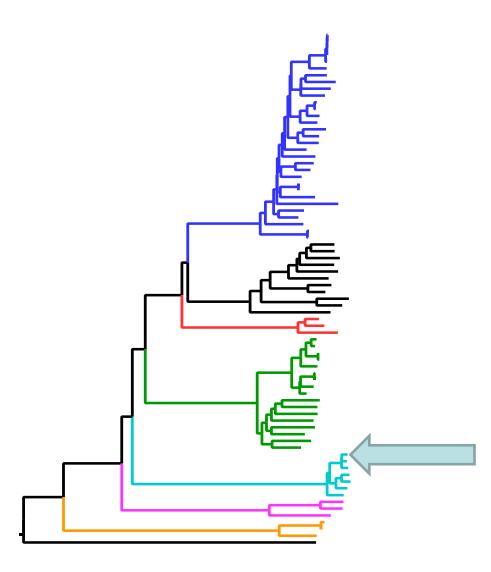


Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi - Olive knot disease



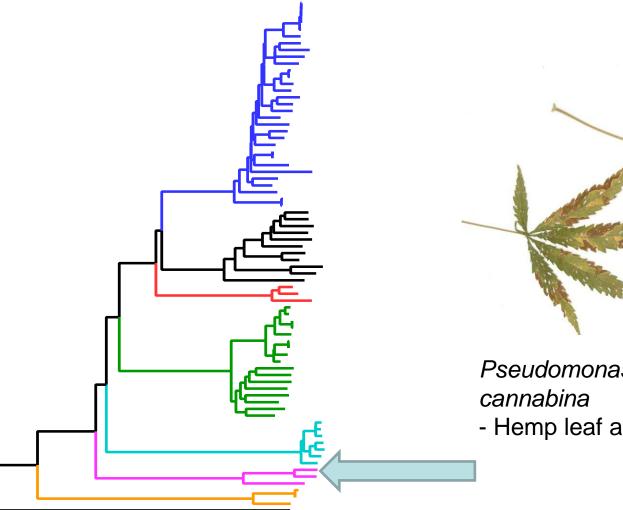


Pseudomonas syringae pv. helianthi - Sunflower leaf spot

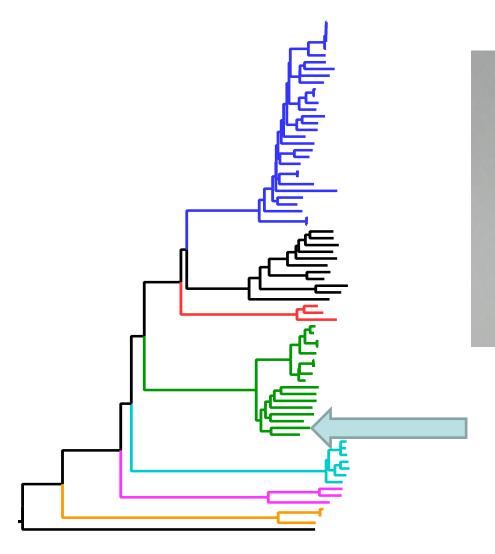


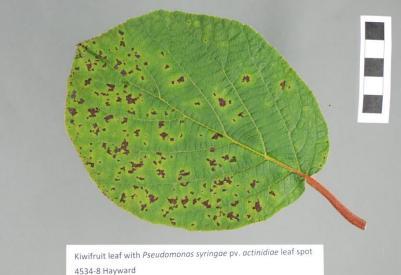


Pseudomonas syringae pv. coronafaciens - Oat halo blight



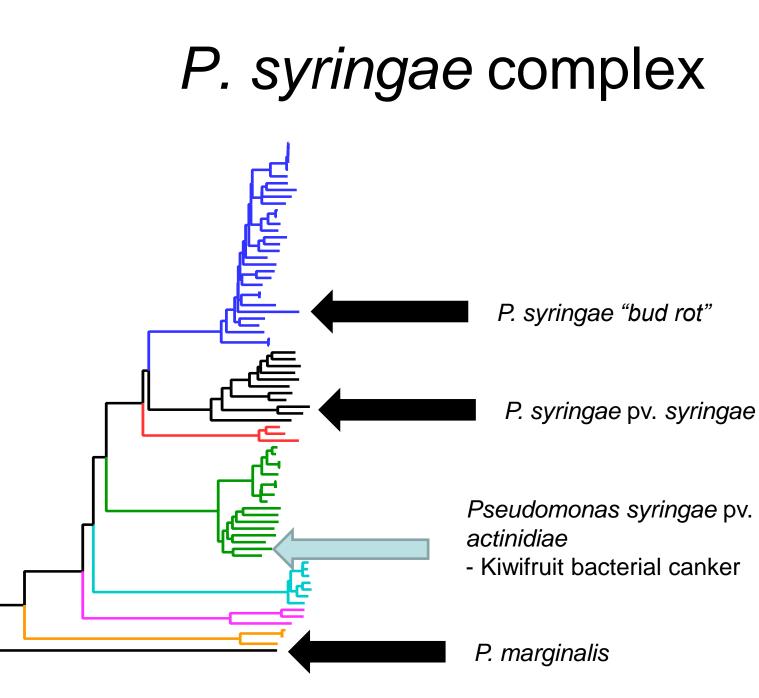
Pseudomonas cannabina pv. cannabina - Hemp leaf and stem rot





Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae

- Kiwifruit bacterial canker



Pseudomonas syringae Taxonomy Research

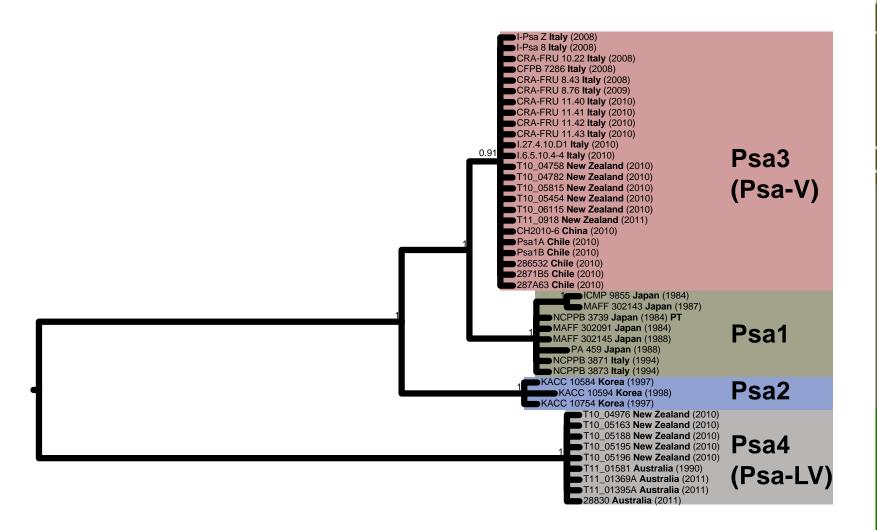
- Multigene sequencing
 - Novel markers derived from genome sequences
- Taxonomic revision: Will split into 7 species
 - -e.g. P. avellanae pv. actinidiae
 - Consistent species concept

Different Psa populations in NZ?

- The genome matched 'Italian'
- Diagnostic test of the time did not differentiate populations
 - Testing from around the country indicated Psa was widespread
 - Impacted policy & biosecurity decisions
- But subsequent sequencing revealed a novel Psa population in NZ
 - Psa-V: strong pathogen
 - Psa-LV: Leaf spots, plants survive, been here a while

Psa global populations

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Chapman et al. 2012 – doi:10.1094/PHYTO-03-12-0064-R

Regulation on species?

- Taxonomic hierarchy
 - Species (P. syringae)
 - Pathovars (pv. actinidiae)
 - Populations (Psa3)
- Which level to regulate at?
- Pathogenicity genes?
 - Psa3 (Psa-V) and Psa4 (Psa-LV) present in NZ
 - Psa1 and Psa2 absent but less virulent
 - Introduction may introduce new path genes

Regulation on species?

- Do pre-emptive work on emerging pathogens
 - If we knew what we know now back in 2010 different decisions could have been made
 - -e.g myrtle rust
 - Collb. With B3 / national sci challenges
- Taxonomist provide sensible species concepts
- Investigate population level differences

Diagnostics

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Psa diagnostic service

- CRIs have immediate capability
- Did 300+ Psa tests by isolation + seq.
 - Living bacteria gold standard
 - Into the ICMP
- Trained commercial labs
 Tech transfer
- Now occasional tests
- Did sequencing for MAF
 weekends



New diagnostic tests

- Helped validate new diagnostic tests
 - Faster, more specific
 - Directly from plant tissue
- Provided positive controls and 150+ DNA
 - genetically similar pathovars
 - other ex-kiwifruit bacteria
 - Based on P. syringae taxonomy research
- Validation very important

- False positives have economic consequences

New plant pathogen facility

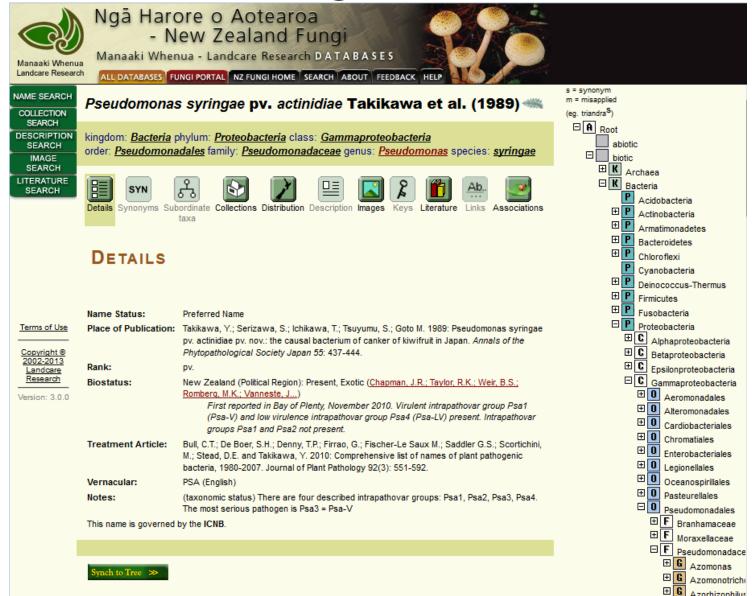
- "PC2+" containment
 - HEPA filter
 - Steam water waste
 - Shower out
- Unique capability
- Enabling new research
 - Testing pathogens and biocontol agents in NZ
- PFR using facility for Psa research



NZfungi database

- Database of Fungi and bacteria
 - Pansectorial, national database
 - Taxonomy (What is the current name?)
 - Biostatus (Is this organism here? Exotic or native?)
 - Associations (What plant is it found on?)
 - Collection specimen data
- Relevant for informing import and export policy and knowing what is in the environment
- <u>http://NZfungi2.LandcareResearch.co.nz/</u>
- Feeds through to NZOR
 - Jerry Cooper Link seminar 26th November 2013

NZfungi database



NZfungi database



SEARCH IMAGE SEARCH

LITERATURE SEARCH

Ngā Harore o Aotearoa - New Zealand Fungi Manaaki Whenua - Landcare Research DATABASES ALL DATABASES FUNGI PORTAL NZ FUNGI HOME SEARCH ABOUT FEEDBACK HELP Actinidia deliciosa (A.Chev.) C.F.Liang & A.R.Ferguson DESCRIPTION kingdom: HostList genus: Actinidia



ASSOCIATIONS

	Current Name	Cited Name	Association Type	Associated Name (current)	Associated Name (as cited)	Country	Source	Record
Terms of Use	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Neofusicoccum parvum	Fusicoccum parvum		Literature	Pennycook, S.R.; Samuels, G.J. 1985; Botryosphaeria and Fusicoccum species associated
Copyright @ 2002-2013 Landcare Research	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Gibberella avenacea	Fusarium avenaceum		Literature	Gadqil, P.D. (in association with Dick, M.A.; Hood, I.A.; Pennycook, S.R.) 2005: Fungi
Version: 3.0.0	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Monilinia fructicola	Monilinia fructicola		Literature	on trees a Boesewinkel, H.J. 1982: A list of 142 new plant disease recordings from New Zealand and short notes
	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Monilinia fructicola	Monilinia fructicola		Literature	Pennycook, S.R. 1989: Part II. Fungal plant diseases recorded in New Zealand.Plant
Г	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Armillaria novae-zelandiae	Armillaria novae-zelandiae		Literature	Pennycook, S.R. 1989: Part II. Fungal plant diseases recorded in New Zealand.Plant Disease
	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	<u>Armillaria novae-zelandiae</u>	Armillaria novae-zelandiae		Literature	Gadgil, P.D. (in association with Dick, M.A.; Hood, I.A.; Pennycook, S.R.) 2005: Fungi
	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Phytophthora	<u>Phytophthora</u>		Literature	Stewart, A.; McCarrison, A.M. 1991; Excised shoot assay to determine the pathogenicity of root-rotti
	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	Phytophthora	Phytophthora		Literature	Stewart, A.; McCarrison, A.M. 1991: The pathogenicity and relative virulence of seven <i>Phytophthor</i>
	Actinidia deliciosa	Actinidia deliciosa	is host of	<u>Phoma</u>	<u>Phoma</u>		Literature	Ford, I. 1971: Chinese gooseberry pest and disease control. New Zealand Journal of Agriculture

Armillaria novae-zealandiae





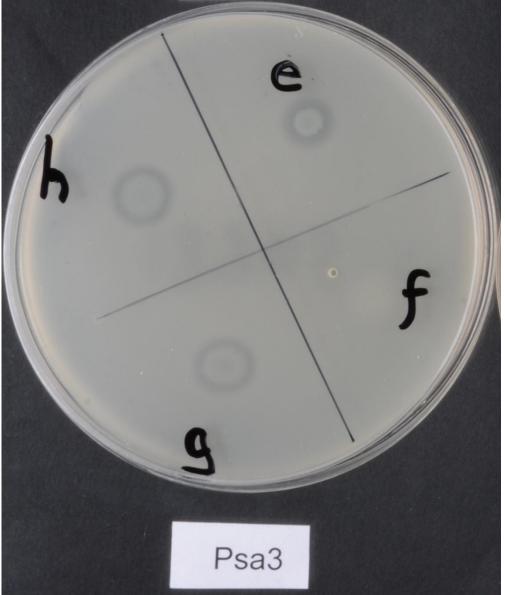
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Management of Psa?

- Psa can be controlled by antibiotics
 - improper use problem
 - Resistance problem
 - EU zero residue problem
 - Problems can be mitigated
- Need a novel biological solution:
 - KVH Investigating biologicals
 - Screened ICMP collection for anti-Psa bacteriocins
 - Found 10 promising candidates (from 200)

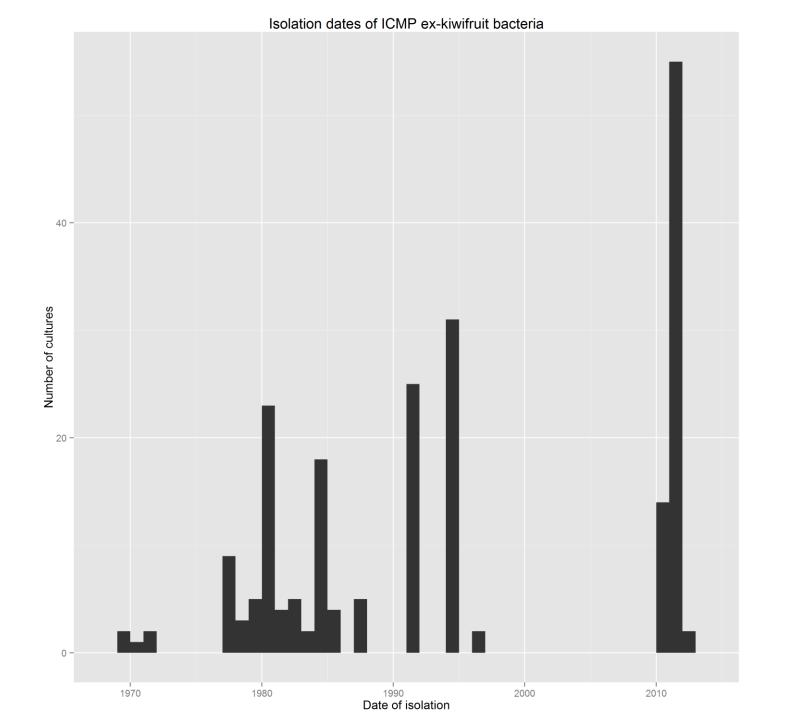
Management of Psa?

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Conclusions

- Pathogens don't carry passports
- Need taxonomic input to guide policy development
 - Identification & interpretation can be very complicated
 - Species / pathovars / populations / genes
 - Preparedness for emerging pathogens
 - Myrtle rust taxonomy uncertain
 - Taxonomy changing rapidly, need to stay up to date with what we have here
 - Need taxonomic input to guide policy development



Conclusions

- LCR can help with future issues
 - Collections
 - Databases
 - Staff capability

Acknowledgements

- LCR technical staff
 - Maureen Fletcher, Paula Wilkie, Duckchul Park
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