Mobilising Vegetation Plot Data: the National Vegetation Survey Databank



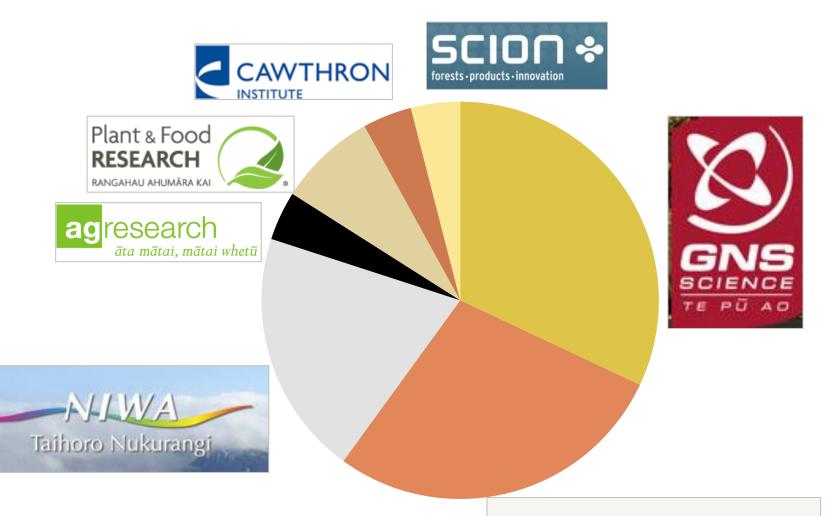
Susan Wiser April 2016

http://nvs.landcareresearch.co.nz





Nationally Significant Databases and Collections



http://natsigdc.landcareresearch.co.nz/natsigdc_list.html



LANDCARE RESEARCH MANAAKI WHENUA

- Real-time data
- Geospatial
- Living organisms
- Preserved specimens
- Observations

Welcome t	o GeoNet -	the official s	ource of ge	ological haz	ard inf	formation for New Ze	ealand.		
and the second	Quakes	s Info 3 ▼	Drums	Regions	•	New Zealand:	All	Felt	Map & Stats
Home / Qu	akes								
Felt Qua		nquakes that	may have	been felt in	the Ne	ew Zealand region.			
6	Intensity 🛾	light						13 mi	ns ago
Jr.	, NZST	Tue, Apr 1	2 2016, 11:	49:45 am					
M.	Depth	23 km							
	Magnitude	3.3							
6	Location	15 km nort	th-west of	Masterton					
1									

- Real-time data
- Geospatial
- Living organisms
- Preserved specimens
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- Geospatial
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http://natsigdc.landcareresearch.co.nz/natsigdc_list.html

- What is the NVS Databank?
- How are NVS data used?
- Lessons learned
- Open Data

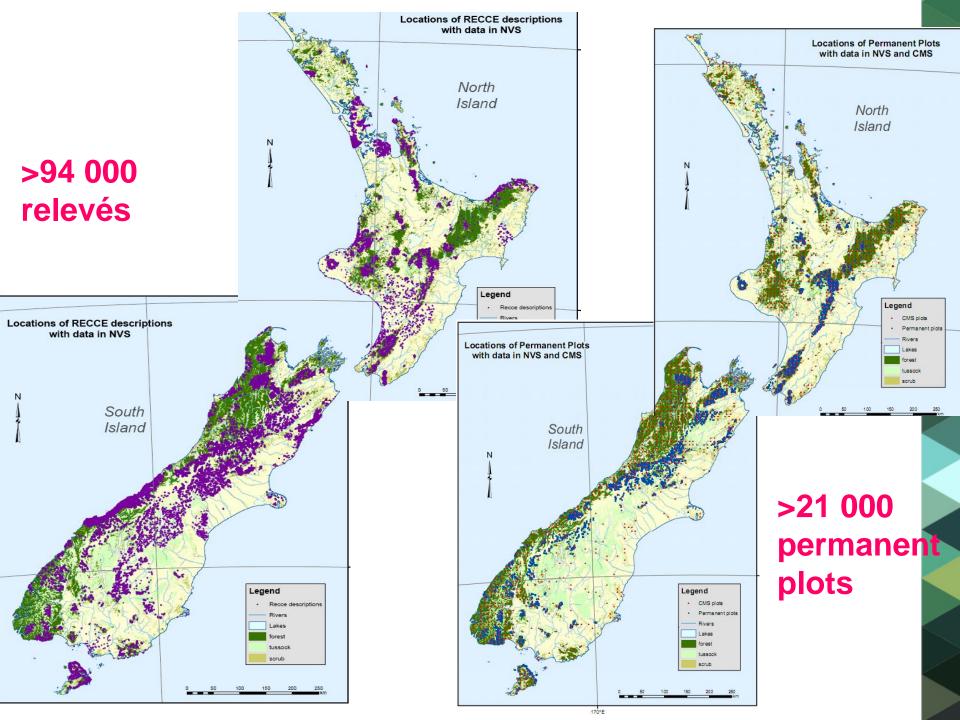


What types of data are in the NVS databank?

- Plot location and site conditions
- Total vascular plant composition
- Plant abundance (density, cover, frequency)
- Plant identity & size (diameter, height)
- Individuals may be permanently marked



Other data often associated: leaf chemistry coarse woody debris herbivory soils



NVS is both a physical archive



And an electronic one

MT FYFFE EXPRESS CORRECTED - Stem Diameter - Excl	osure 1
---	---------

File View Edit

🗄 📄 📧 🙋 🕢 Validate All 1 🐧 Edit Mode 🗔 New Note: Show Header | Species Defaults * Associate 🛹 Insert Stem species 🕞 Add Sub Plot

Remaining Sub Plots

🔺 Sub Plot	Tag	Verb. Code	NVS Code	(Stem species)	Assoc	Assoc Type	Living Sta	Diameter	Height	Notes	P
54	New							cm	m		ſ
1 A	A29	GRILIT	GRILIT	Griselinia littoralis			Not Found			\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 29\$	I.
2 B	A30	FUCEXC	FUCEXC	Fuchsia excorticata			Alive	9.0	00	\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 30\$	
3 B	A33	CARSER	CARSER	Carpodetus serratus			Alive	8.8	30	TOP DYING \$TAG CORRECTED FROM 33\$	
4 B	AB5566	COPLIN	COPLIN	Coprosma linariifolia			Unknown				
5 C	A31	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Alive	3.4	10	DOUBLE CHECKED, 2000 DBH WRONG \$TAG CORRECTED FROM 31\$	
6 C	A32	COPFOE	COPFOE	Coprosma foetidissima			Alive	5.6	50	\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 32\$	
7 D	A34	PODHAL	PODHAL	Podocarpus hallii			Alive	80.9	90	\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 34\$	
8 D	A35	PITTEN	PITTEN	Pittosporum tenuifolium			Alive	8.3	30	\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 35\$	
9 D	A37	CARSER	CARSER	Carpodetus serratus			Alive	7.3	10	DOUBLE CHECKED \$TAG CORRECTED FROM 37\$	
10 D	A38	COPLIN	COPLIN	Coprosma linariifolia	0	Bracketed	Alive	5.3	70	\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 38\$	
11 D	A39	COPLIN	COPLIN	Coprosma linariifolia	0	Bracketed	Alive	4.6	50	\$TAG CORRECTED FROM 39\$	
12 E	40	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Alive	8.0	00		
13 E	41	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Dead			DEAD & FALLEN	
14 F	42	PODHAL	PODHAL	Podocarpus hallii			Alive	5.9	90		
15 F	43	FUCEXC	FUCEXC	Fuchsia excorticata			Alive	50.0	00		
16 F	44	CARSER	CARSER	Carpodetus serratus			Alive	11.0	00		
17 F	AB5567	COPTAY	COPTAY	Coprosma tayloriae A.P.Dru			Alive	2.8	30		
18 G	45	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Not Found				
19 G	46	CARSER	CARSER	Carpodetus serratus			Alive	42.0	00		L
20 G	48	COPLIN	COPLIN	Coprosma linariifolia			Alive	5.5	50	\$REID FROM COPTAY\$	
21 H	51	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Unknown				
22 H	AB5568	COPTAY	COPTAY	Coprosma tayloriae A.P.Dru			Alive	2.9	90		
23 I	52	GRILIT	GRILIT	Griselinia littoralis			Alive	18.9	90	DOUBLE CHECKED TRUNK DAMAGED	
24 I	53	CARSER	CARSER	Carpodetus serratus			Alive	5.5	50		
25 I	54	PODHAL	PODHAL	Podocarpus hallii			Alive	8.3	30		
26 I	AB5569	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Alive	2.8	30	SNAPPED ABOVE TAG	
27 J	55	COPTAY	COPTAY	Coprosma tayloriae A.P.Dru	1	Bracketed	Alive	3.9	90		
28 J	56	COPTAY	COPTAY	Coprosma tayloriae A.P.Dru	1	Bracketed	Alive	6.6	50		
29 J	57	COPTAY	COPTAY	Coprosma tayloriae A.P.Dru	1	Bracketed	Alive	6.0	00		
30 J	58	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Alive	7.4	10		
31 J	AB5570	PODHAL	PODHAL	Podocarpus hallii			Alive	4.0			
32 J	AC5589	PSECOL	PSECOL	Pseudowintera colorata			Alive	3.3		TAG ACTUALLY AC5589 \$TAG CORRECTED FROM AC589\$	

_ 8 ×



New Zealand National Vegetation Survey Databank

http://nvs.landcareresearch.co.nz/

Search Data | View Cart (0) | Login | Sign Up



LEARN



What Is NVS? All you need to know about the New Zealand National Vegetation Survey Databank

DISCOVER



Search for Data Discover and download data through metadata, species, and maps

PARTICIPATE



Contribute Data Add your data to NVS or send us your dataset corrections and annotations

History of NVS up to last decade

1940-50s First national scale plot-based forest surveys

1960s Standardised methods for inventory and monitoring of native vegetation developed

Late Beginning of electronic data capture

LateProcess for centrally archiving electronic and1980shard copy data formalised

1998Nationally Significant database status accorded
by FRST

2001 NVS moved from outdated platform to relational database

Formal assessment of end-user needs

User needs analysis identified four types of end-users:



Researchers













NEW ZEALAND PLANT CONSERVATION NETWORK Rōpū hononga Koiora Taiao ki Aotearoa

Policy makers

Data networks

• What is the NVS Databank?

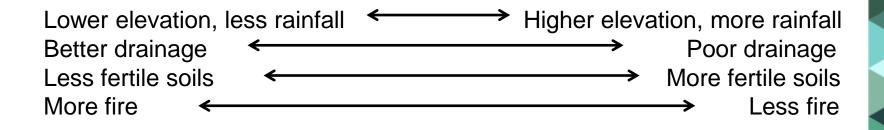
How are NVS data used?

- Lessons learned
- Open data



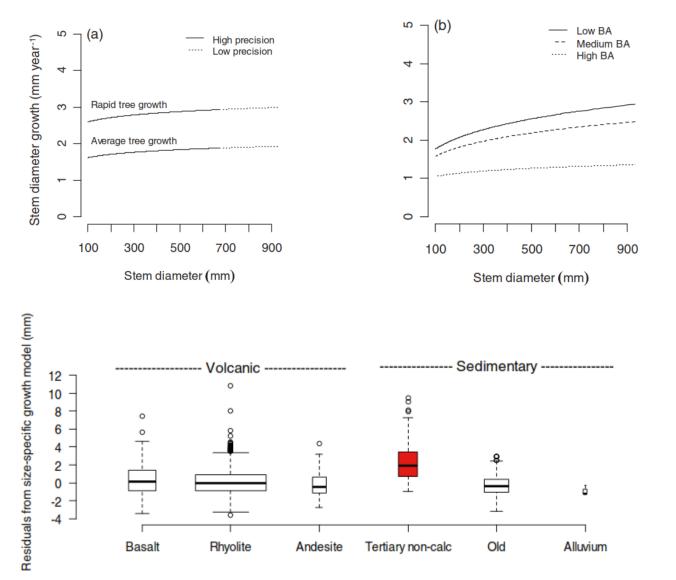
Regional Scale: describing naturally uncommon gumlands





Clarkson et al. 2011. Vegetation ecology of gumland heaths in northern New Zealand. *New Zealand Journal of Ecology*

Regional scale: tawa growth rates

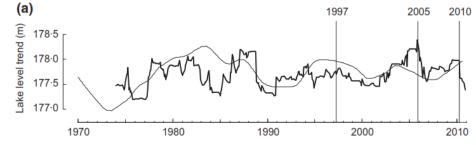


Soil parent type

Smale et al. 2014. Diameter growth rates of tawa (*Beilschmiedia tawa*) across the middle North Island, New Zealand–implications for sustainable forest management. *NZ J Forestry Science*

Regional scale: Lakes Manapouri and Te Anau shorelines

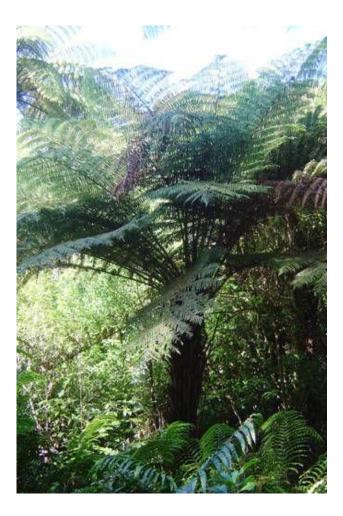


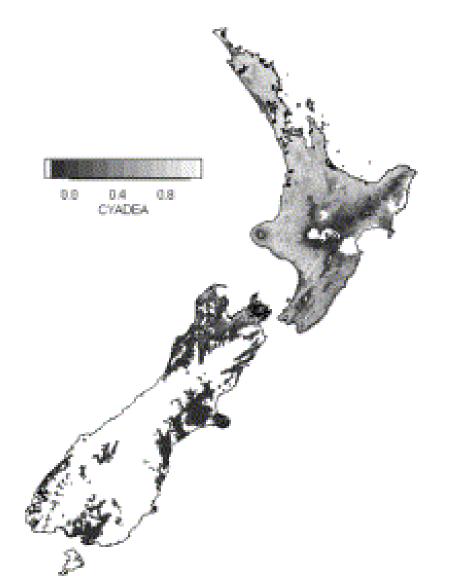






National Scale: Predicting climate change impacts

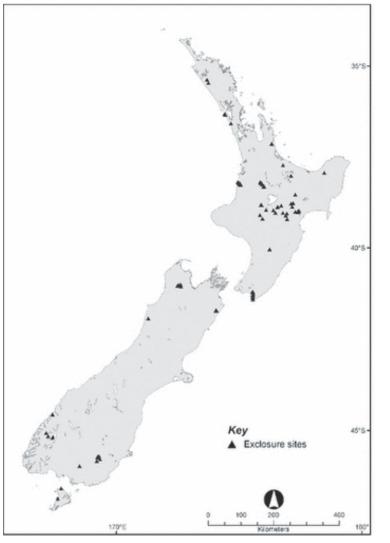




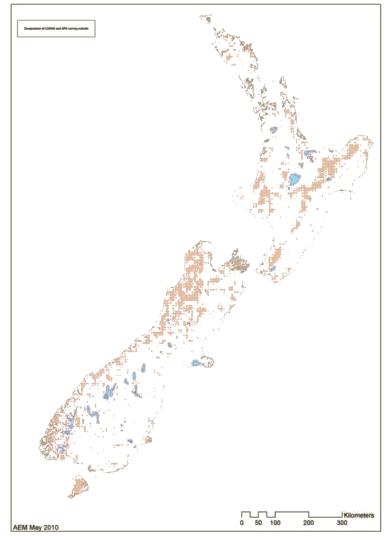
National scale: Impacts of exotic browsing mammals



National scale: Impacts of exotic browsing mammals

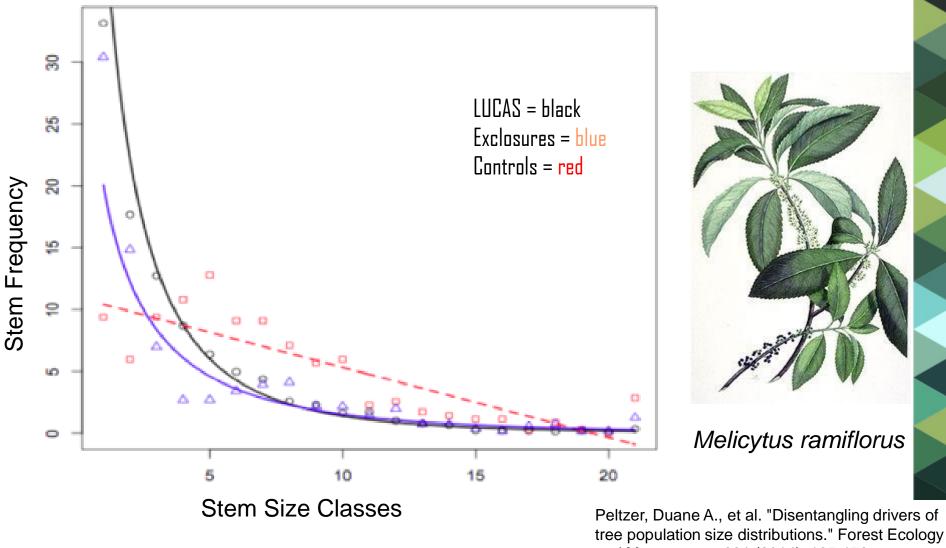


Long-term exclosure plots



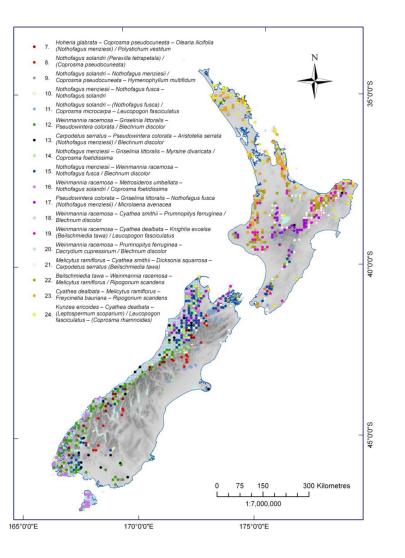
LUCAS Natural Forest Inventory

National scale: Impacts of exotic browsing mammals



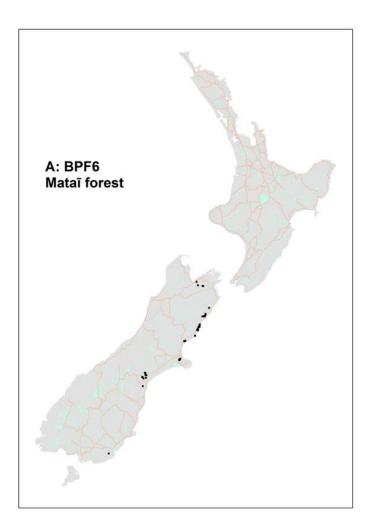
and Management 331 (2014): 165-179.

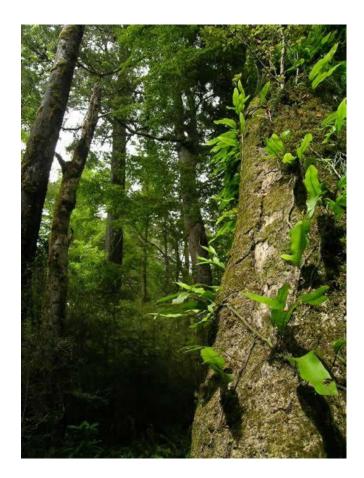
National scale: Vegetation classification



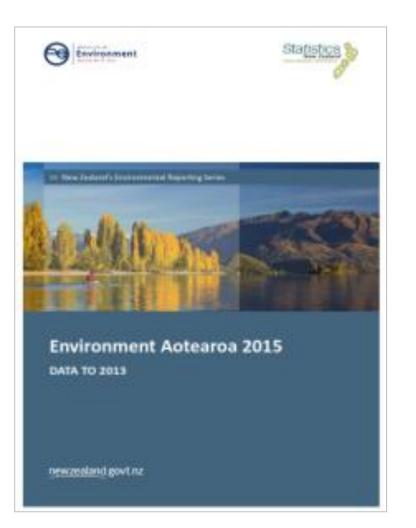
National scale: Vegetation classification

Rare types defined: lowland Mataī forest





National scale: State of Environment Reporting



Uses of NVS: Global scale



ARTICLE

doi:10.1038/nature14967

Mapping tree density at a global scale

T. W. Crowther¹, H. B. Glick¹, K. R. Covey¹, C. Bettigole¹, D. S. Maynard¹, S. M. Thomas², J. R. Smith¹, G. Hintler¹, M. C. Duguid¹, G. Amatulli³, M. -N. Tuanmu³, W. Jetz^{1,3,4}, C. Salas⁵, C. Stam⁶, D. Piotto⁷, R. Tavani⁸, S. Green^{9,10}, G. Bruce⁹, S. J. Williams¹¹, S. K. Wiser¹², M. O. Huber³, G. M. Hengeveld^{4*}, G.-J. Nabuurs¹⁴, E. Tikhonova¹⁵, P. Borchardt¹⁶, C.-F. Li¹⁷, L. W. Powrk¹⁸, M. Fischer^{10,20}, A. Hemp²¹, J. Homeier²², P. Cho²³, A. C. Vibrans²⁴, P. M. Umunay¹, S. L. Piao²⁵, C. W. Rowe¹, M. S. Ashton¹, P. R. Crane¹ & M. A. Bradford¹

The global extent and distribution of forest trees is central to our understanding of the terrestrial biosphere. We provide the first spatially continuous map of forest tree density at a global scale. This map reveals that the global number of trees is approximately 3.04 trillion, an order of magnitude higher than the previous estimate. Of these trees, approximately 1.30 trillion exist in tropical and subtropical forests, with 0.74 trillion in boreal regions and 0.66 trillion in temperate regions. Biome–level trends in tree density demonstrate the importance of climate and topography in controlling local tree densities at finer scales, as well as the overwhelming effect of humans across most of the world. Based on our projected tree densities, we estimate that over 15 billion trees are cut down each year, and the global number of trees has fallen by approximately 46% since the start of human civilization.

Forest ecosystems harbour a large proportion of global biodiversity, The current estimate of global tree number is approximately

- What is the NVS Databank?
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Lesson 1: Use standards



Geographic



Organism names



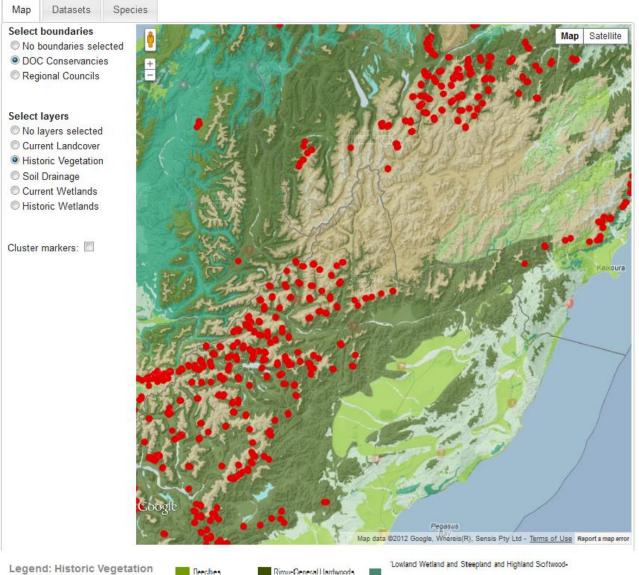


Geographic standards allow ready integration with spatial layers to show species distributions

Additional Filters Map Datasets Species Terrain Road Map Satellite No layers selected Group plots Filter	
Map Datasets Species Terrain Road Map Satellite No layers selected ♥ □ Group plots □ Filt	Clear Search
Terrain Road Map Satellite Group plots Filt	
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Google Map data d2014 GBRMPA	

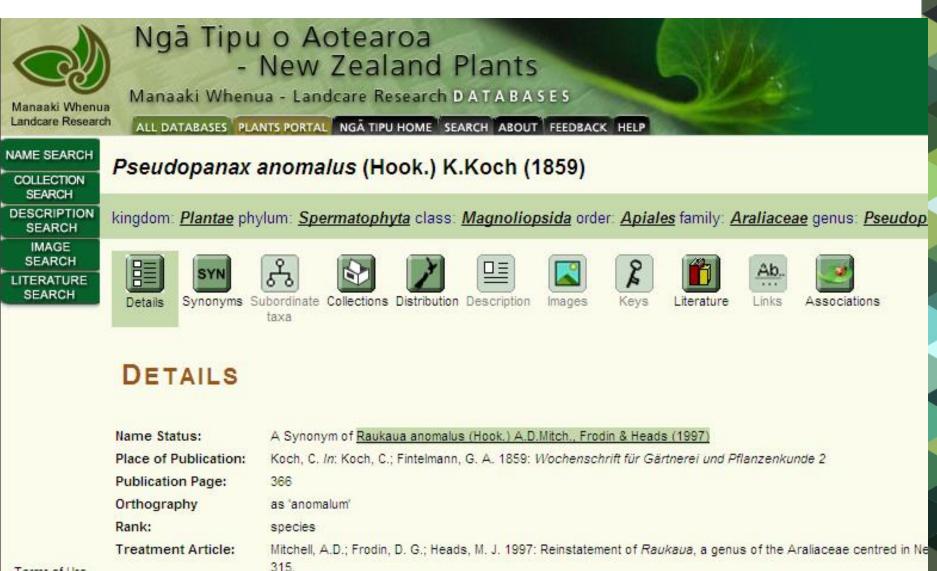
Plot
Number of plots: 1401

...and to retrieve covariates from spatial layers



Rimu-Ceneral Hardwoods

Ability to update taxonomic names

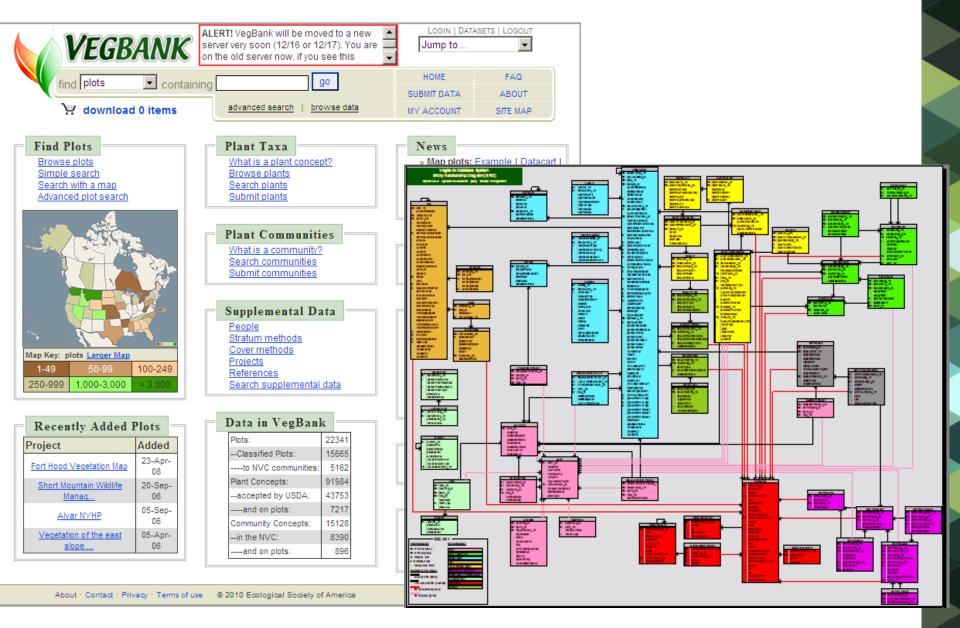


Terms of Use

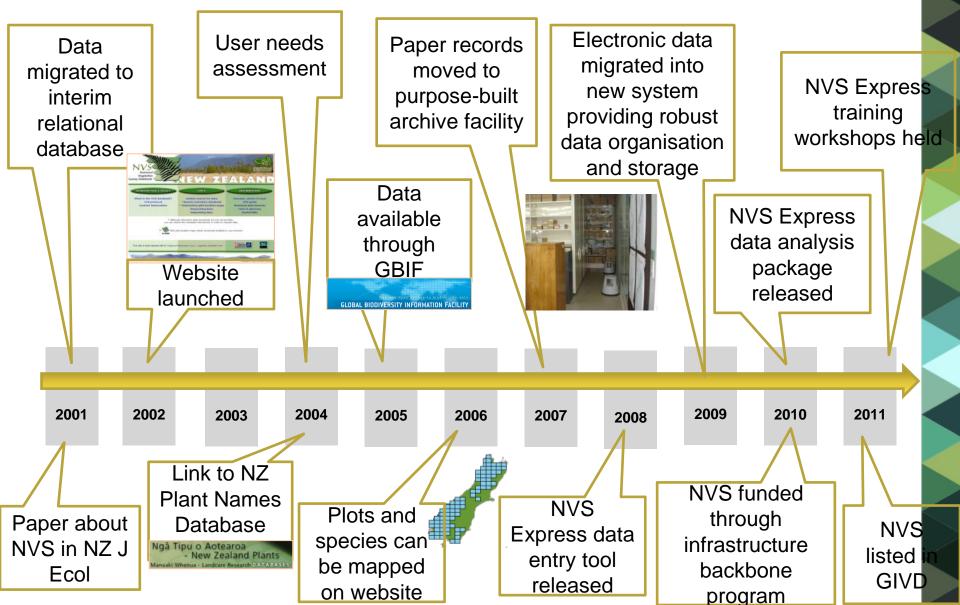
Use of NZ standard for taxonomic names allows integration with trait data



Lesson 2: Build on existing efforts



Lesson 3: Modular development with demonstrable achievements



Lesson 4: close collaboration between scientists and informatics specialists

Plant ecologists

Database management data entry









Database design, integration, programming, website







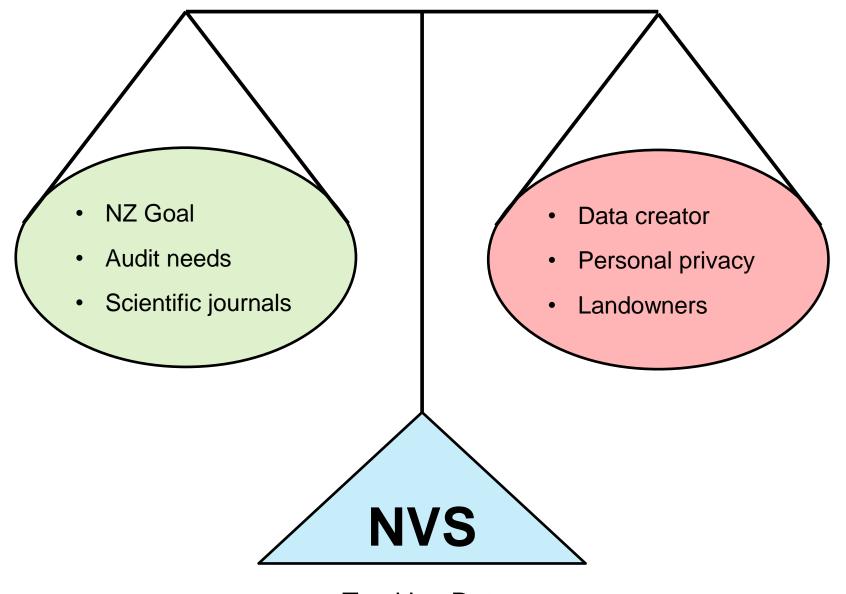
Lesson 5: Strong service ethic





- What is the NVS Databank?
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• Tracking Data use

Meeting audit requirements: the problem of a "living" database

Year	Tree tag	Taxon	DBH
2000	C8615	Melicytus ramiflorus	13.5
Year	Tree tag	Taxon	DBH

Meeting audit requirements: the problem of a "living" database

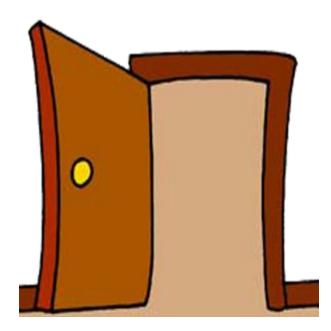
Year	Tree tag	Taxon	DBH
2000	C8615	Melicytus ramiflorus	13.5
Year	Tree tag	Taxon	DBH

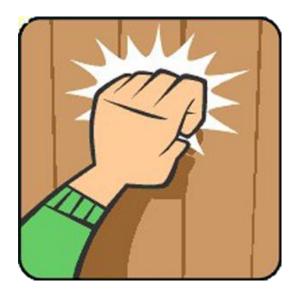
Data downloaded at different times will be different!

Our solution: archiving the data package

Library	Tools											Sus	an Wiser 🗸
Documents	Library											- 0u3	
Edit	Check Out	View Edit Properties Properti	Version History Occument Permissions Polete Document	E-mail a Link	Alert Me •	Download a Copy	Send To ↓ Manage Copies Go To Source	W orkflov	ws Publish	Unpublish Approve/Reject Cancel Approve	I Like	Tags & Notes	
	en & Check Out	riopenas riopena		Share &		copy			14/00	rkflows			
	NVS-302cb82c-2b1f-4	4eb1_2953_fb2f3b	Manage 6f68b9 4/12/2014 12:0		Каle		Copies nys service			r research as indica	~	nd Notes	
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	NVS-Arnst-20141202	-041314	2/12/2014 4:14		Anne-Ga Ausseil	elle	nvs servic		Mapping f Ruamahar	loral resources for nga	pollinators	in the up	per
	NVS-2f93d4a2-26b9-	400c-a173-e904e	fefbc1a 1/12/2014 9:51		Jane Meiforth		nvs servic	e I	Proposal f	for a PhD on Kauri	Dieback dis	ease	
	NVS-Ridden-2014112	6	26/11/2014 3:4		Johnatho Ridden	n	Elise Arnst		Mistletoe parties ad	distributions. Upda Ided.	ted query	with Ploto	bsID, date and
☑ 🚹	NVS-0909239b-7aa2- a703-323baea91970	-47de-	21/11/2014 10:	00 a.m.	Greg Nel	son	nvs servic	e I	Looking a	t abundance and d	istributions	of Chion	ochloa.

Meeting 'Open Data' requirements: Data sets may require permission from owners to access





Open

Conditional

50:50

Meeting 'Open Data' requirements: satisfying NVS need to report use

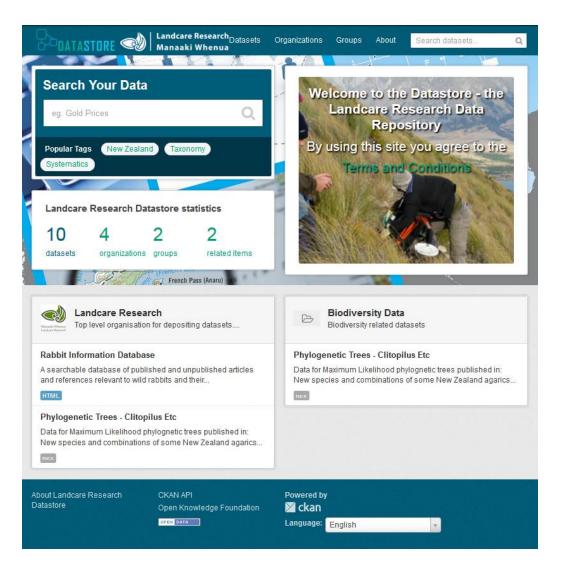


Evidence for arrested successional process catchment, Te Urewera Sarah J. Richardson [*] , Robert J. Holdaway and Fi Landeare Research, PO Bos 6900, Lincoln 7600, New Zahl	ona E. Carswell	
*Author for correspondence (Email: richardsons@landcarere Published online: 9 April 2014	search.co.nz)	
Global Change Biology (2001) 7, 389-40 Strategies to esti	mate national forest ca he 1990 New Zealand b	bon stocks from baseline
GRAEMEM.J.HALL and CHRISJ.GOULD *Landcare Research, PO Box 69 Correspondence Graeme Hall, 1	LETTER Rate of tree carbon accum	401223038/netwes2293 nulation increases
Abstract An estimate o partially sati	continuously with tree siz N. L. Stephensen ⁷ , A. J. Das ¹ , R. Condir ² , S. E. Ruso ⁷ , P. J. Bak N. Rüger ¹⁴ , E. Alvarce ⁹ , C. Blundo ¹⁰ , S. Buryavejchevin ¹ , G. J. F. Franklin ¹¹ , H. B. Grau ¹¹ , Z. Hab ²¹ , M. E. Harmon ⁷ , S. P. Hi L. R. Matta ¹² , R. J. Hab ¹¹ , ¹¹ , M. Graggattanama ¹² , SH. Su ¹ ,	e ⁴ N G Beckman ² t D & Coomes ³ F & Lines ⁶ W K Morris





Meeting 'Open Data' requirements: NVS solution



datastore.landcareresearch.co.nz

OO Journal of Ecology

Journal of Ecology 2015, 103, 374-385

doi: 10.1111/1365-2745.12366

Soil fertility induces coordinated responses of multiple independent functional traits

Melissa M. Jager¹, Sarah J. Richardson², Peter J. Bellingham², Michael J. Clearwater¹ and Daniel C. Laughlin¹*

¹Environmental Research Institute School of Science University of Waikato, Private Bag 3105, Hamilton 3240, New Zealand; and ²Landcare Research, PO Box 69040, Lincoln 7640, New Zealand

Summary

1. A central goal of functional ecology is to determine how independent functional tively filtered by environmental conditions to improve our understanding of the mechmunity assembly. Soil fertility clearly influences community composition, but it is plant functional traits are most strongly associated with gradients of increasing nutrier 2. We hypothesized that leaf economic traits and stem tissue density would be strowith soil fertility given their direct relationship to soil resource acquisition and use. hypothesized that functional traits that are commonly associated with competition for mum height, shade tolerance (seed mass) and resistance to disturbance (bark thick unrelated to soil fertility.

3. We measured 13 functional traits from 30 tree species occurring in 40 plots acros

Acknowledgements

This research was supported by a grant (UOW1201) from the Royal Society of New Zealand Marsden Fund, a University of Waikato Research Scholarship, and Core funding for Crown Research Institutes from New Zealand's Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment's Science and Innovation Group. We thank the Piki te Aroha Marae Trust and the Puket Forest Trust, Adrian Walker and the NZ Department of Conservation, Mike and Annette Richardson, Cate McInnis-Ng, Kris Kramer-Walter, Rowan Buxton, Chris Morse and Antonia Vincent for their help and support.

Data accessibility

All data used in this study, including plot-level species basal area, plot-level environmental variables and species' functional traits, are available online at Landcare Research Datastore (http://dx.doi.org/10.7931/V11593).

References

Baraloto, C., Paine, C.E.T., Patiño, S., Bonal, D., Hérault, B. & Chave, J. (2010) Functional trait variation and sampling strategies in species-rich plant

Landcare Research Manaaki Whenua

Dataset

Related

A / Organizations / National Vegetation Survey ... / Puketi Forest 2011 Trait ...

Groups



datastore 🥯

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Organization



National Vegetation Survey Databank (NVS)

The National Vegetation Survey Databank (NVS) is a physical archive and electronic databank containing records of over 94,000 vegetation survey plots - including data from over... read more

C Social

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Puketi Forest 2011 Trait variation along a toposequence

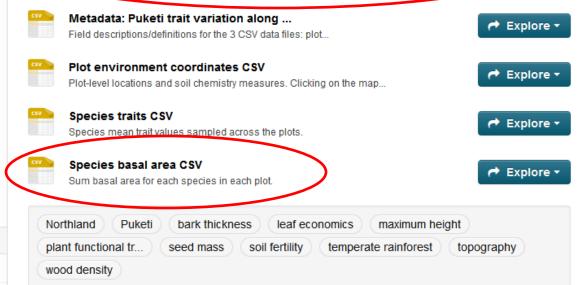
O Activity Stream

Trait variation along a toposequence - we sampled forest composition along a toposequence in permanent plots and matched composition to trait values and soil chemistry.

The data support an article in Journal of Ecology: Jager MM, Clearwater MJ, Richardson SJ, Bellingham PJ, Laughlin DC. 2014. Soil fertility induces coordinated responses of multiple independent functional traits. Journal of Ecology (doi:10.1111/1365-2745.12366).

These resources (data files) represent snapshots of data extracted from the National Vegetation Databank (NVS) for analysis supporting this manuscript. NVS is a living database, and data are subject to error correction and other amendments over time. The most current version of these data can be requested via the NVS website by searching for the datasets "Puketi 2011" and "Puketi Traitspace 2012".

Data and Resources





- Exciting science
- Evidence-base for reporting and management
- Integration with other national databases and collections
- Long-term ecosystem dynamics