Biological Control of Weeds Recovery Sheet

(Please refer to the back of this sheet for instructions)

Site name: **Organisation: Observer(s):**

Date: Time of day:

Current weather conditions

- 1) Sunny / Partly / Overcast / Rain
- 2) Strong wind / Light wind / Calm
- 3) Temperature (°C) < 10 / 10-15 / 15 -20/ 20 -25 / >25

Insect Information

- Number of insects found: Adult: 4)
- Time spent searching (mins): 5)
- Overall damage to foliage: None / Occasional / Patchy / Heavy / Severe 6)
- 7) Furthest distance insect or damage found from release point (m):

None Found / < 0 / 0-50 / 50-100 / 100-300 / 300-500 / Further?

Weed Information

- 8) Infestation: Major (as far as eye can see) / Moderate (>100m²) / Minor (<100m²)
- Percentage cover at densest accessible point: 9)
- 10) Photos taken: Yes / No 11) Photo compass bearing:
- 12) GPS for photopoint: 13) Photo file name:

Comments

14) Have any of the following happened to the site recently? Yes / No

Mowing / Spraying / Sheep Grazing / Flood / Drought / Fire / Other?

15) Please use the back of the sheet to record any further observations or comments about the

site, including any checks for non-target damage.

Japanese Honeysuckle





Manaaki Whenua Landcare Research

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OUT THIS SHEET

(Please note that it is important to complete these questions in order)

Where choices are given mark the correct answer by bolding or highlighting it or by deleting the other options.

- > Site Name please be consistent in the use of site names to prevent confusion.
- > **Organisation** the name of your organisation.
- > **Observer(s)** the names of people who helped with this recovery not onlookers.

Current Weather Conditions

1-3) Choose the words that best describe the weather conditions.

Insect information

- 4) 4) Look for adults, and characteristic adult feeding damage (darkish grooves) on the leaf veins, in November/December. You may see the adults flying about or resting on plants
- 5) Record how long you spent actively searching. Ideally spend 5 minutes checking the release point intensively and then look more widely around the site for another 10 minutes.
- 6) Record the amount of damage seen overall at the site: occasional (signs of damage present but not common), patchy (signs of damage are present but are variable throughout the site, some plants may have no damage, and others may have heavy damage but this would be rare), heavy (the majority of plants are showing signs of damage and at least some plants are beginning to show signs of severe defoliation/damage or stress), and severe (severe damage is obvious and widespread).
- 7) Record how far away you could find the beetle or a damaged plant.

Weed Information

- 8) Estimate and record the approximate size of the infestation using the categories provided.
- 9) Estimate the percentage cover of Japanese honeysuckle at the densest accessible point over an area of 5 x 5m, or if the site doesn't lend itself to a square use an equivalent sized shape.
- 10) Please indicate if you have taken photos.
- 11-13) If you have taken photos please record the photo compass bearing, the GPS point, the file name for the photo and attach hard copies to this form if you can.

Comments

14) Please indicate if any of these important events have happened to the site.

15) Tell us any other important information we should know about the site (e.g. whether you have been harvesting for release at new sites). If you are able to check for non-target damage the species of interest, if they occur nearby, are Himalayan honeysuckle (*Leycesteria formosa*), weigela (*Weigela* spp.), and ornament honeysuckles e.g. (*Lonicera* × *americana* ("American honeysuckle"), *L.* × *heckrottii* ("gold flame honeysuckle"), *L.periclymenum* ("Graham Thomas" honeysuckle. Please indicate if you look and don't find any non-target damage. If you think you have found some, please take photos and specimens to send to us to check. Use the top of this page if you need extra space.